

Converting Colors

CIELCh(79, 69.189, 320.417)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(79, 69.189, 320.417)
contains.

CIELCh(78, 58.990, 326.151)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(78, 58.990, 326.151)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEA0FF
RGB	254, 160, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 63%, 100%
CMY	0.0054, 0.3739, 0.0015
CMYK	0.00, 0.37, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	299°, 99%, 81%
HSV	299°, 37%, 100%
XYZ	71.2306, 53.2120, 100.8056
YIQ	198.9360, 25.5290, 49.4730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

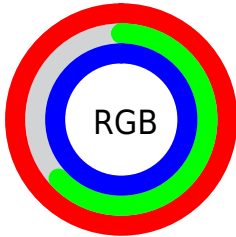
Format	Color
RYB	254, 160, 255
Decimal	16687359
CIELab	78.00, 48.99, -32.86
CIELCh	78, 58.990, 326.151
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3162, 0.2362
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294877439 (0xFFFEA0FF)
YUV	198.9360, 27.6396, 48.2911
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 46.6447, -30.8708

Details

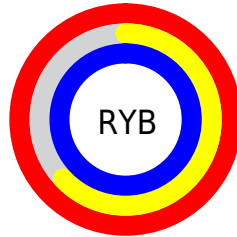
The CIELCh color **78, 58.990, 326.151** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99FF**. A complement of this color would be **92, 59.031, 141.399**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 24.429, 325.275**, and **58, 59.051, 326.224** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73, 73.675, 326.625**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 43.452, 325.635**.

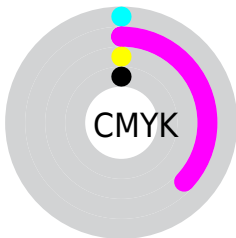
Distribution



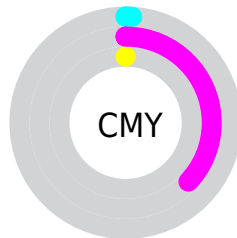
- Red (100%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 78, 58.990,
326.151


 78, 58.990,
326.151


 100, 58.990,
326.151


 68, 58.990,
326.151


 98, 58.990,
326.151

 58, 58.990,
326.151

 48, 58.990,
326.151

 38, 58.990,
326.151

 28, 58.990,
326.151

 18, 58.990,
326.151

 8, 58.990, 326.151

78, 58.990,
326.151

78, 58.990,
326.151

73, 73.675,
326.625

83, 43.452,
325.635

69, 86.942,
327.038

89, 27.530,
325.094

65, 98.152,
327.373

95, 11.561,
324.533

63, 106.732,
327.615

100, 0.209,
140.222

61, 112.332,
327.756

100, 0.180,
113.610

60, 115.033,
327.802

100, 0.180,
109.735

■ 60,115.488,
327.806

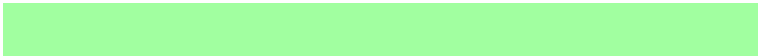
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 58.990, 326.151



92, 59.031, 141.399

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 58.990, 326.151



78, 58.990, 16.151



78, 58.990, 146.151



78, 58.990, 196.151

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 58.987, 326.151



93, 17.480, 324.744



70, 51.198, 294.524



49, 11.753, 324.820



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 58.987, 326.151



74, 70.485, 326.521



77, 42.966, 346.378



50, 9.027, 324.659



45, 93.123, 327.813



12, 42.839, 327.863

Inverse Universe

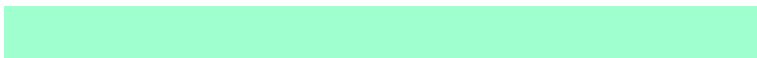
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 38.207, 22.167



71, 47.304, 23.484



93, 41.233, 159.127



49, 5.253, 19.087



40, 83.744, 39.581



10, 33.279, 26.755

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

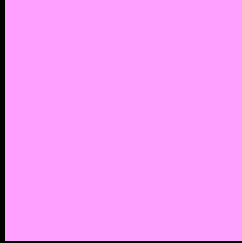
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

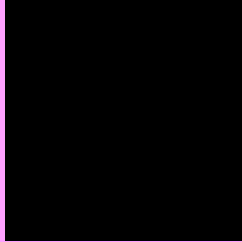
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 78, 58.990, 326.151

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151.

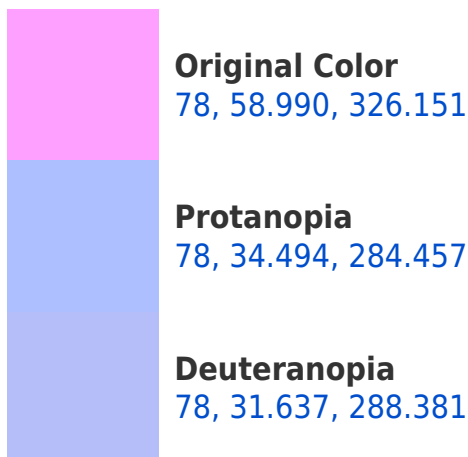


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 58.990, 326.151.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
78, 28.006, 7.757

Trichromacy



Original Color
78, 58.990, 326.151



Protanomaly
78, 41.107, 304.044



Deuteranomaly
78, 39.970, 307.224

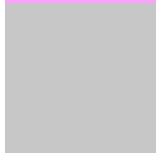


Tritanomaly
78, 36.553, 344.210

Monochromacy



Original Color
78, 58.990, 326.151



Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
79, 21.919, 325.281

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 58.990, 326.151 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 160, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 160, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 160, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 160, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 58.990, 326.151 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 160, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 160, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 160, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 160, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 160, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 160,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 58.990, 326.151 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 160, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
160, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor