

Converting Colors

CIELCh(7, 77.229, 8.731)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(7, 77.229, 8.731) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(18, 48.160, 34.213)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	610002
RGB	97, 0, 2
RGB Percent	38%, 0%, 1%
CMY	0.6198, 1.0000, 0.9932
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.98, 0.62
HSL	359°, 100%, 19%
HSV	359°, 100%, 38%
XYZ	4.9228, 2.5180, 0.2765
YIQ	29.2310, 57.1700, 21.1860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

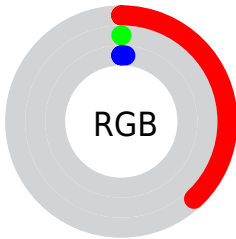
Format	Color
R_{YB}	97, 0, 2
Decimal	6356994
CIE _{Lab}	18.00, 39.83, 27.08
CIE _{LCh}	18, 48.160, 34.213
Yxy	2.5180, 0.6379, 0.3263
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284547074 (0xFF610002)
YUV	29.2310, -13.4249, 59.4334
Hunter-Lab	15.8683, 27.6059, 10.0746

Details

The CIELCh color **18, 48.160, 34.213** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660000**. A complement of this color would be **37, 24.995, 193.830**, and the grayscale version is **11, 0.003, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **38, 47.863, 34.387**, and **5, 22.460, 18.874** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **18, 47.966, 34.566**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **19, 44.485, 33.414**.

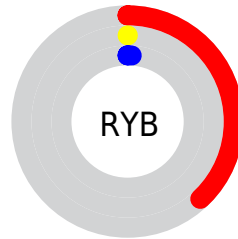
Distribution



Red (38%)

Green (0%)

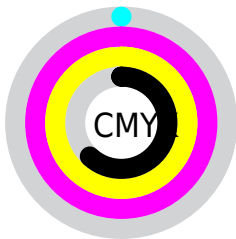
Blue (1%)



Red (38%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (1%)

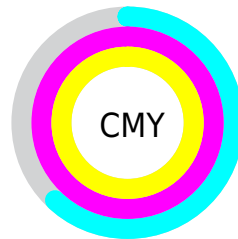


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (62%)



Cyan (62%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (99%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 18, 48.160, 34.213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 18, 48.160, 34.213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 18, 48.160, 34.213

 18, 48.160, 34.213

 100, 48.160,
34.213

 8, 48.160, 34.213

 0, 48.160, 34.213

 38, 48.160, 34.213

 48, 48.160, 34.213

 58, 48.160, 34.213

 68, 48.160, 34.213

 78, 48.160, 34.213

 88, 48.160, 34.213

 98, 48.160, 34.213

■ 18, 48.160, 34.213

■ 18, 48.160, 34.213

■ 18, 47.966, 34.566

■ 19, 44.485, 33.414

■ 20, 40.097, 30.875

■ 22, 34.804, 27.768

■ 24, 29.341, 25.203

■ 26, 23.883, 23.159

■ 29, 18.564, 21.552

■ 32, 13.479, 20.291

■ 35, 8.681, 19.290

■ 38, 4.189, 18.467

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



18, 48.160, 34.213



37, 24.995, 193.830

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



18, 48.160, 34.213



18, 48.160, 84.213



18, 48.160, 214.213



18, 48.160, 264.213

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



18, 47.966, 34.566



41, 16.655, 20.389



21, 56.998, 326.999



19, 11.563, 20.732



77, 0.009, 296.813



27, 0.004, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



18, 47.966, 34.566



25, 59.557, 37.469



25, 40.997, 59.686



18, 2.339, 18.379



22, 54.387, 36.405



50, 99.060, 39.466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18, 47.966, 34.566



25, 59.557, 37.469



21, 31.394, 277.355



18, 2.339, 18.379



22, 54.387, 36.405



50, 99.060, 39.466

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 18, 48.160, 34.213 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 18, 48.160, 34.213

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 48.160, 34.213.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 18, 48.160, 34.213.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

18, 47.929, 34.465

Protanopia

20, 23.200, 96.387

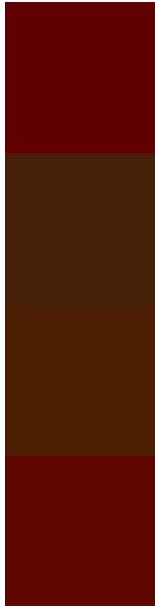
Deuteranopia

20, 28.519, 85.193



Tritanopia
19, 46.514, 37.921

Trichromacy



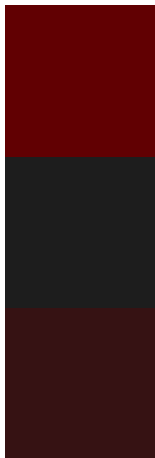
Original Color
18, 47.929, 34.465

Protanomaly
17, 27.410, 51.884

Deuteranomaly
17, 32.456, 51.691

Tritanomaly
18, 46.739, 36.585

Monochromacy



Original Color
18, 47.929, 34.465

Achromatopsia
11, 0.003, 296.813

Achromatomaly
11, 19.879, 24.040

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 18, 48.160, 34.213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(97, 0, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(97, 0, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(97, 0, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(97, 0, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 18, 48.160, 34.213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(97, 0, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(97, 0, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(97, 0, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(97, 0, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 0, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(97, 0, 2) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 18, 48.160, 34.213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(97, 0, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(97, 0,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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