

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 0.413, 15.351)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 0.413, 15.351) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 0.368, 17.944)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C7C6C6
RGB	199, 198, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.2191, 0.2231, 0.2231
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	0°, 1%, 78%
HSV	0°, 1%, 78%
XYZ	54.0107, 56.6813, 61.5896
YIQ	198.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	199, 198, 198
Decimal	13092550
CIELab	80.00, 0.35, 0.11
CIELCh	80, 0.368, 17.944
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3135, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291282630 (0xFFC7C6C6)
YUV	198.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -3.6967, 4.1979

Details

The CIELCh color $80, 0.368, 17.944$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $80, 0.363, 201.177$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $60, 0.390, 18.332$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74, 7.940, 20.282$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 6.636, 199.312$.

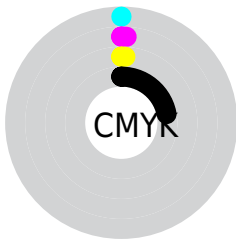
Distribution



- Red (78%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 0.368, 17.944

■ 80, 0.368, 17.944

100, 0.368, 17.944

■ 70, 0.368, 17.944

■ 60, 0.368, 17.944

■ 50, 0.368, 17.944

■ 40, 0.368, 17.944

■ 30, 0.368, 17.944

■ 20, 0.368, 17.944

■ 10, 0.368, 17.944

■ 0, 0.368, 17.944

■ 80, 0.368, 17.944

■ 80, 0.368, 17.944

74, 7.940, 20.282

86, 6.636, 199.312

69, 16.120, 21.130

91, 13.120,
198.882

64, 24.912, 22.200

96, 18.370,
198.290

59, 34.270, 23.591

54, 44.069, 25.406

50, 54.092, 27.752

46, 64.021, 30.693

44, 73.400, 34.127

42, 81.363, 37.524

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 0.368, 17.944



80, 0.363, 201.177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 0.368, 17.944



80, 0.368, 67.944



80, 0.368, 197.944



80, 0.368, 247.944

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 0.367, 18.221

100, 0.012, 296.813



80, 0.659, 324.080



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 0.367, 18.221



99, 0.891, 19.007



80, 0.314, 74.193



42, 0.413, 18.942



34, 74.598, 39.821



3, 15.851, 19.581

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 0.363, 201.177



100, 0.883, 200.384



80, 0.328, 256.595



42, 0.409, 200.449



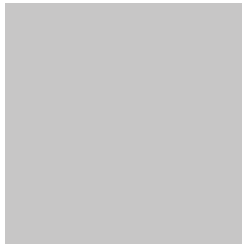
61, 35.716, 196.903



12, 12.935, 196.789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

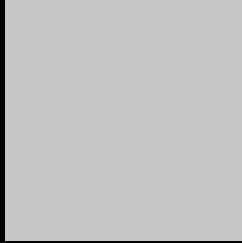
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

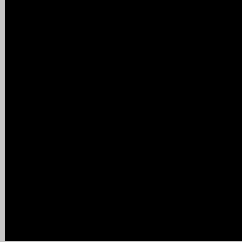
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

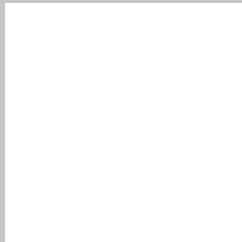
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 0.368, 17.944

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944.

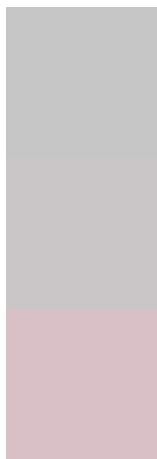


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 0.368, 17.944.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 0.368, 17.944

Protanopia

80, 1.922, 3.204

Deuteranopia

80, 10.017, 358.427



Tritanopia
80, 8.747, 302.697

Trichromacy



Original Color

80, 0.368, 17.944

Protanomaly

80, 1.572, 359.384

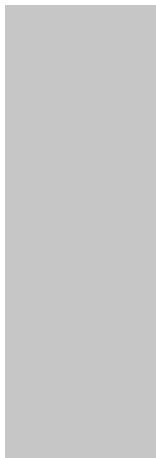
Deuteranomaly

80, 6.502, 355.738

Tritanomaly

80, 5.459, 302.070

Monochromacy



Original Color

80, 0.368, 17.944

Achromatopsia

80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly

80, 0.010, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 0.368, 17.944 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(199, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(199, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(199, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(199, 198, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 0.368, 17.944 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(199, 198, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(199, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(199, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(199, 198, 198); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 198, 198);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(199, 198,  
198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 0.368, 17.944 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(199, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(199,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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