

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 0.605, 37.595)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 0.605, 37.595) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 0.734, 18.717)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8C6C6
RGB	200, 198, 198
RGB Percent	78%, 78%, 78%
CMY	0.2161, 0.2239, 0.2239
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.01, 0.22
HSL	0°, 2%, 78%
HSV	0°, 1%, 78%
XYZ	54.1459, 56.6813, 61.4532
YIQ	198.5980, 1.1920, 0.4240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

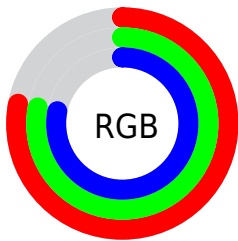
Format	Color
RYB	200, 198, 198
Decimal	13158086
CIELab	80.00, 0.70, 0.24
CIElCh	80, 0.734, 18.717
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3143, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291348166 (0xFFC8C6C6)
YUV	198.5980, -0.2948, 1.2296
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -3.3763, 4.3053

Details

The CIELCh color $80, 0.734, 18.717$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $80, 0.726, 200.254$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $60, 0.779, 18.926$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74, 8.372, 20.188$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 6.332, 199.194$.

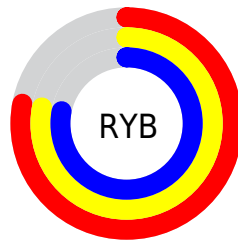
Distribution



Red (78%)

Green (78%)

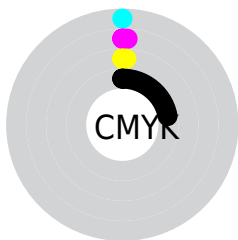
Blue (78%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (78%)

Blue (78%)

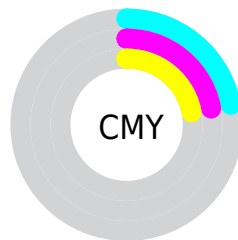


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (22%)

Magenta (22%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 0.734, 18.717

■ 80, 0.734, 18.717

100, 0.734, 18.717

■ 70, 0.734, 18.717

■ 60, 0.734, 18.717

■ 50, 0.734, 18.717

■ 40, 0.734, 18.717

■ 30, 0.734, 18.717

■ 20, 0.734, 18.717

■ 10, 0.734, 18.717

■ 0, 0.734, 18.717

■ 80, 0.734, 18.717

■ 80, 0.734, 18.717

74, 8.372, 20.188

86, 6.332, 199.194

69, 16.623, 21.051

91, 12.872,
198.751

64, 25.486, 22.142

96, 18.131,
198.306

59, 34.911, 23.560

54, 44.766, 25.411

50, 54.828, 27.802

46, 64.769, 30.792

44, 74.120, 34.265

42, 81.978, 37.655

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 0.734, 18.717



80, 0.726, 200.254

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 0.734, 18.717



80, 0.734, 68.717



80, 0.734, 198.717



80, 0.734, 248.717

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 0.733, 18.858

100, 0.012, 296.813



80, 1.306, 324.299



53, 0.007, 296.813



0, 0.000, 0.000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 0.733, 18.858



99, 0.893, 18.869



80, 0.634, 74.721



42, 0.414, 18.804



34, 74.621, 39.799



3, 15.867, 19.494

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 0.726, 200.254



100, 0.885, 200.242



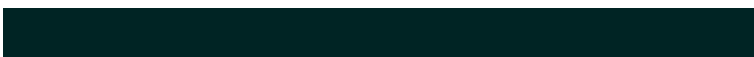
80, 0.647, 256.106



42, 0.410, 200.308



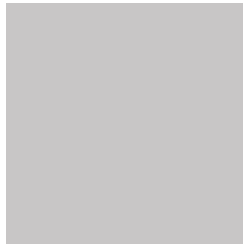
61, 35.800, 196.648



12, 12.959, 196.590

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

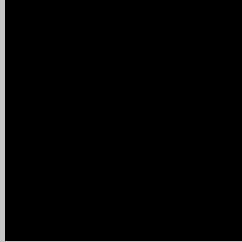
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

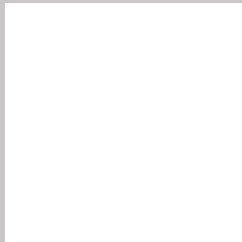
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 0.734, 18.717

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717.

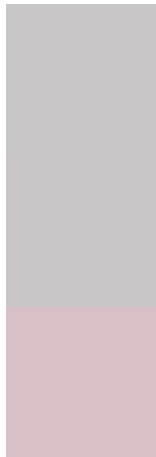


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 0.734, 18.717.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


80, 0.734, 18.717

Protanopia

80, 1.922, 3.204

Deuteranopia

80, 10.017, 358.427



Tritanopia
80, 8.315, 305.845

Trichromacy



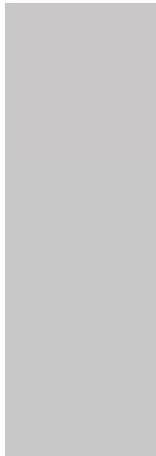
Original Color
80, 0.734, 18.717

Protanomaly
80, 1.572, 359.384

Deuteranomaly
80, 6.843, 357.056

Tritanomaly
80, 5.034, 307.286

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 0.734, 18.717

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 0.010, 296.813

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 0.734, 18.717 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 198, 198)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 198, 198)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 198, 198) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 198, 198) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 0.734, 18.717 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 198, 198) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 198, 198) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 198, 198)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 198, 198); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 198, 198); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 198, 198) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 0.734, 18.717 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 198, 198) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
198, 198) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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