

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 107.418, 136.444)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 107.418, 136.444)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 107.638, 136.418)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1AE619
RGB	26, 230, 25
RGB Percent	10%, 90%, 10%
CMY	0.8986, 0.0994, 0.9005
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.89, 0.10
HSL	120°, 80%, 50%
HSV	120°, 89%, 90%
XYZ	28.7974, 56.6813, 10.3624
YIQ	145.6340, -55.7790, -107.0030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

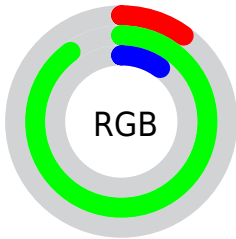
Format	Color
R_{YB}	25, 230, 229
Decimal	1762841
CIE Lab	80.00, -77.97, 74.20
CIE LCh	80, 107.638, 136.418
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3005, 0.5914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279952921 (0xFF1AE619)
YUV	145.6340, -59.4726, -104.9190
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -63.4756, 44.5403

Details

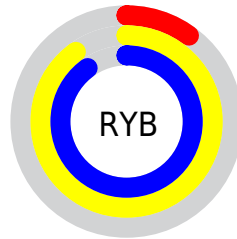
The CIELCh color **80, 107.638, 136.418** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33FF33**. The color can be described as dark washed green. A complement of this color would be **55, 104.300, 328.066**, and the grayscale version is **61, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90, 91.552, 136.249**, and **62, 89.550, 136.016** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 110.421, 136.040**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 102.017, 137.145**.

Distribution



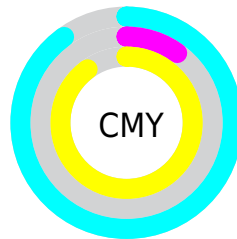
- Red (10%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Black (10%)





- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 107.638,
136.418


 80, 107.638,
136.418


 100, 107.638,
136.418


 70, 107.638,
136.418


 60, 107.638,
136.418

 50, 107.638,
136.418

 40, 107.638,
136.418

 30, 107.638,
136.418

 20, 107.638,
136.418

 10, 107.638,

136.418

■ 0, 107.638,
136.418

■ 80, 107.638,
136.418

■ 80, 107.638,
136.418

■ 80, 110.421,
136.040

■ 80, 102.017,
137.145

■ 80, 110.646,
136.008

■ 81, 93.568,
138.146

■ 82, 82.820,
139.271

■ 83, 70.372,
140.395

■ 84, 56.766,
141.439

■ 85, 42.454,
142.369

■ 87, 27.795,
143.177

■ 89, 13.068,
143.875

■ 91, 1.524, 324.247

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 107.638, 136.418



55, 104.300, 328.066

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 107.638, 136.418



80, 107.638, 186.418



80, 107.638, 316.418



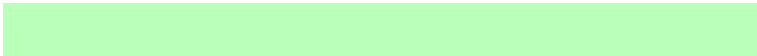
80, 107.638, 6.418

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 107.637, 136.419



94, 43.116, 142.523



88, 85.938, 102.079



50, 29.024, 142.225



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 107.637, 136.419



88, 119.768, 136.009



81, 78.602, 150.460



47, 8.287, 143.842



63, 91.637, 136.006



17, 36.740, 138.791

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 104.300, 328.066



60, 115.578, 328.137



51, 77.077, 356.861



45, 8.300, 324.877



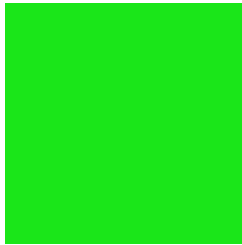
42, 88.436, 328.139



8, 37.111, 328.153

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

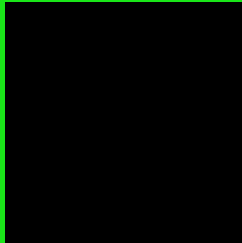
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 107.638, 136.418

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418.

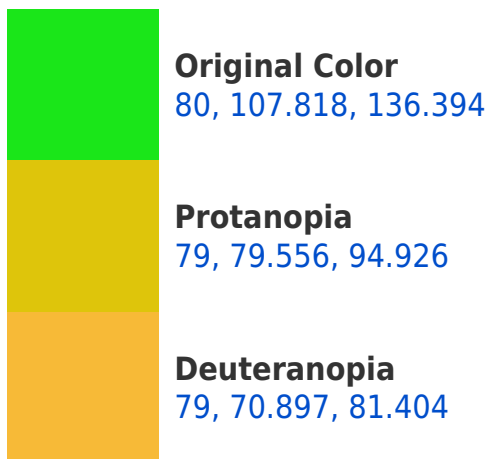



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 107.638, 136.418.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

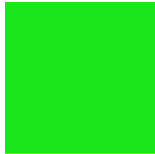
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 33.364, 213.220

Trichromacy



Original Color

80, 107.818, 136.394



Protanomaly

77, 85.922, 119.281



Deuteranomaly

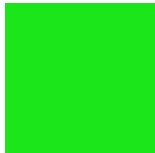
76, 75.637, 114.841



Tritanomaly

79, 57.414, 159.310

Monochromacy



Original Color

80, 107.818, 136.394



Achromatopsia

60, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly

66, 49.700, 140.911

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 107.638, 136.418 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 230, 25)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 230, 25)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 230, 25) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 230, 25) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 107.638, 136.418 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 230, 25) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 230, 25) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(26, 230, 25)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 230, 25); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 230, 25);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 230,  
25) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 107.638, 136.418 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 230, 25) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 230,  
25) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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