

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 11.258, 236.477)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 11.258, 236.477)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 11.108, 234.146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B0CBD7
RGB	176, 203, 215
RGB Percent	69%, 80%, 84%
CMY	0.3108, 0.2049, 0.1579
CMYK	0.18, 0.06, 0.00, 0.16
HSL	198°, 33%, 77%
HSV	198°, 18%, 84%
XYZ	51.3724, 56.6813, 72.3450
YIQ	196.2950, -19.9440, -1.9920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

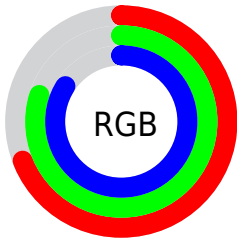
Format	Color
RYB	176, 192, 215
Decimal	11586519
CIELab	80.00, -6.51, -9.00
CIELCh	80, 11.108, 234.146
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2848, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289776599 (0xFFB0CBD7)
YUV	196.2950, 9.2216, -17.7987
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -9.9520, -4.2723

Details

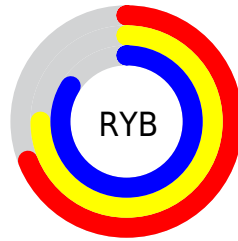
The CIELCh color **80, 11.108, 234.146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **78, 12.297, 51.259**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 7.855, 198.993**, and **60, 11.004, 233.253** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 16.786, 235.336**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 5.101, 233.233**.

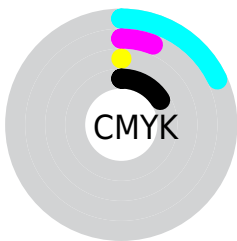
Distribution



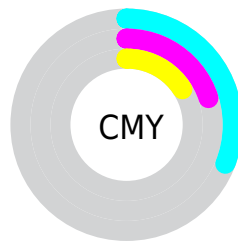
- Red (69%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (84%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (16%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 11.108,
234.146


 80, 11.108,
234.146


 100, 11.108,
234.146


 70, 11.108,
234.146


 60, 11.108,
234.146

 50, 11.108,
234.146

 40, 11.108,
234.146

 30, 11.108,
234.146

 20, 11.108,
234.146

 10, 11.108,

234.146

0, 11.108, 234.146

80, 11.108,
234.146

80, 11.108,
234.146

77, 16.786,
235.336

83, 5.101, 233.233

74, 22.061,
236.866

87, 1.167, 51.918

90, 7.634, 51.703

71, 26.864,
238.800

93, 12.157, 57.360

68, 31.137,
241.225

94, 12.939, 75.784

96, 14.856, 90.677

66, 34.855,
244.232

98, 17.523,
101.522

■ 63, 38.041,
247.897

■ 99, 20.349,
108.637

■ 61, 40.790,
252.248

■ 59, 43.288,
257.177

■ 58, 43.761,
258.081

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 11.108, 234.146



78, 12.297, 51.259

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 11.108, 234.146



80, 11.108, 284.146



80, 11.108, 54.146



80, 11.108, 104.146

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 11.108, 234.137



98, 3.617, 233.041



83, 20.348, 152.947



52, 2.464, 233.077



0, 0.000, 0.000



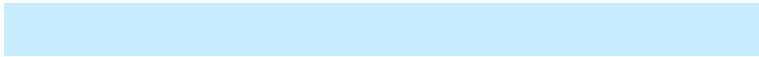
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 11.108, 234.137



92, 15.318, 234.588



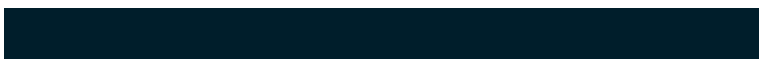
75, 16.998, 282.740



43, 3.532, 233.329



47, 36.614, 257.201



10, 13.292, 246.258

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 20.395, 335.860



86, 28.452, 336.170



83, 16.662, 98.309



42, 6.325, 335.209



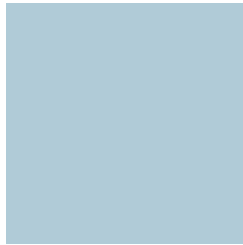
38, 68.125, 345.319



6, 26.326, 341.532

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

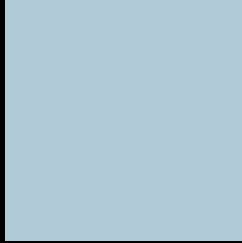
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

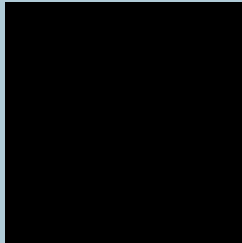
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

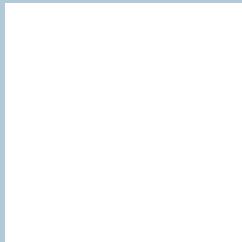
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 11.108, 234.146

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146.

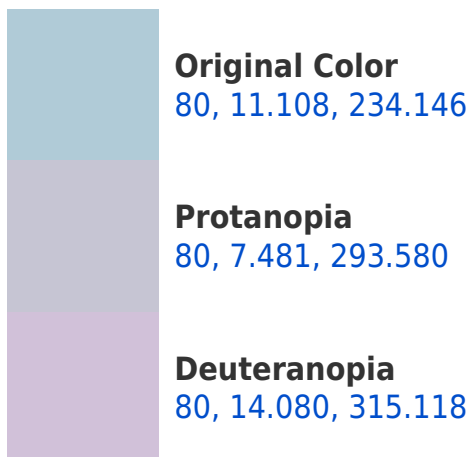


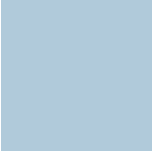
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 11.108, 234.146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 12.115, 243.877

Trichromacy



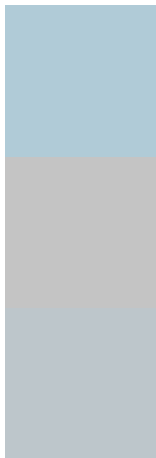
Original Color
80, 11.108, 234.146

Protanomaly
80, 7.557, 266.018

Deuteranomaly
80, 10.131, 291.086

Tritanomaly
80, 11.775, 241.875

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 11.108, 234.146

Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
79, 4.149, 239.415

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 11.108, 234.146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 203, 215)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 203, 215)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 203, 215) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 203, 215) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 11.108, 234.146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 203, 215) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 203, 215) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 203, 215)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 203, 215); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 203, 215); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 203, 215) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 11.108, 234.146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 203, 215) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
203, 215) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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