

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 12.176, 216.093)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 12.176, 216.093)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(80, 12.155, 216.595)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AACCD3
RGB	170, 204, 211
RGB Percent	67%, 80%, 83%
CMY	0.3318, 0.1985, 0.1710
CMYK	0.19, 0.03, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	190°, 32%, 75%
HSV	190°, 19%, 83%
XYZ	50.1514, 56.6813, 70.1821
YIQ	194.6320, -22.5110, -5.0310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

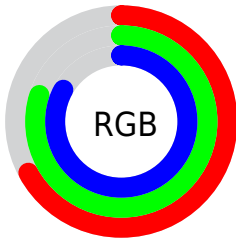
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	170, 189, 211
Decimal	11193555
CIELab	80.00, -9.76, -7.25
CIELCh	80, 12.155, 216.595
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2833, 0.3202
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289383635 (0xFFAACCD3)
YUV	194.6320, 8.0694, -21.6023
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -12.8469, -2.5689

# Details

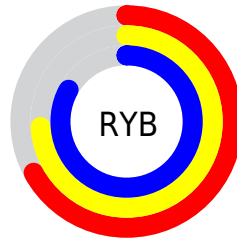
The CIELCh color **80, 12.155, 216.595** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **75, 13.840, 36.099**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98, 9.843, 198.851**, and **60, 12.270, 217.339** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 17.795, 217.009**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 6.061, 216.362**.

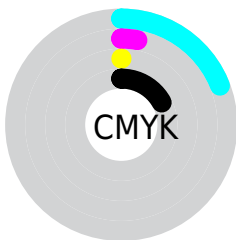
# Distribution



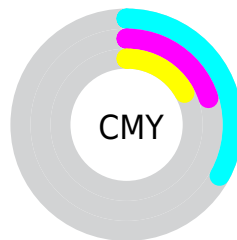
- Red (67%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (17%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80, 12.155,  
216.595


 80, 12.155,  
216.595


 100, 12.155,  
216.595


 70, 12.155,  
216.595


 60, 12.155,  
216.595

 50, 12.155,  
216.595

 40, 12.155,  
216.595

 30, 12.155,  
216.595

 20, 12.155,  
216.595

 10, 12.155,

216.595

0, 12.155, 216.595

80, 12.155,  
216.595

80, 12.155,  
216.595

78, 17.795,  
217.009

82, 6.061, 216.362

76, 22.878,  
217.648

85, 0.394, 34.670

87, 7.124, 35.999

74, 27.301,  
218.551

90, 14.059, 36.071

72, 30.976,  
219.781

91, 13.474, 45.044

92, 13.229, 54.619

70, 33.837,  
221.407

93, 13.366, 64.254

■ 69, 35.870,  
223.503

■ 94, 13.872, 73.414

■ 67, 37.121,  
226.139

■ 95, 14.706, 81.707

■ 66, 37.779,  
229.294

■ 66, 37.815,  
229.487

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 12.155, 216.595



75, 13.840, 36.099

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 12.155, 216.595



80, 12.155, 266.595



80, 12.155, 36.595



80, 12.155, 86.595

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 12.155, 216.587



98, 4.542, 216.352



81, 23.690, 148.071



52, 3.008, 216.349



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



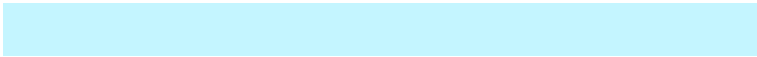


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 12.155, 216.587



94, 16.570, 216.726



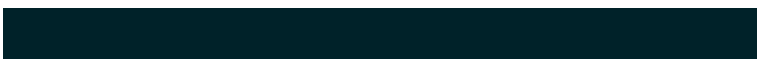
75, 15.377, 273.881



43, 3.626, 216.362



53, 31.903, 228.897



11, 12.251, 221.797



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 23.695, 330.705



86, 32.730, 330.953



80, 15.440, 88.663



41, 6.836, 330.067



38, 74.177, 336.356

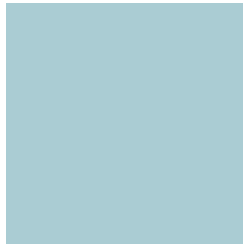


5, 27.273, 334.297



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

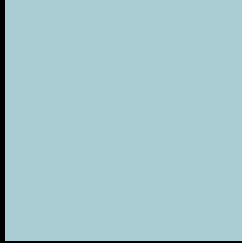
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

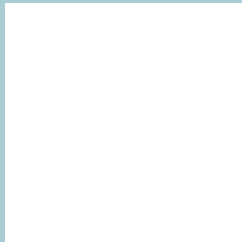
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 12.155, 216.595

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 12.155, 216.595.

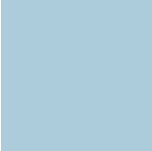
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

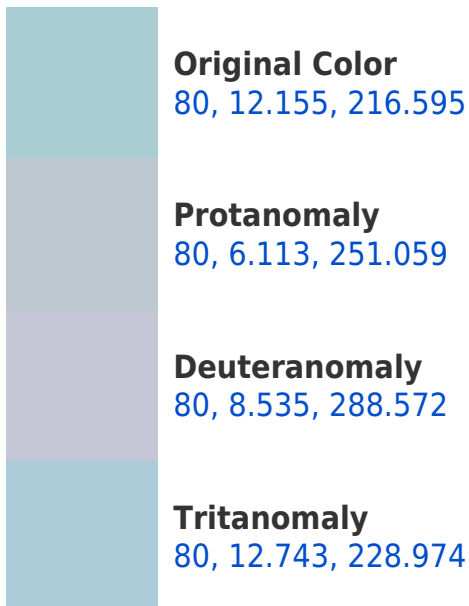






**Tritanopia**  
80, 13.302, 238.878

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 12.155, 216.595 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 204, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 204, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 204, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 204, 211) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 12.155, 216.595 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 204, 211) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 204, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 204, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 204, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 204, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 204,  
211) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 12.155, 216.595 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 204, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
204, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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