

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 15.218, 89.017)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 15.218, 89.017) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 15.190, 89.380)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D2C5AA
RGB	210, 197, 170
RGB Percent	82%, 77%, 67%
CMY	0.1756, 0.2265, 0.3325
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.19, 0.18
HSL	41°, 31%, 75%
HSV	41°, 19%, 82%
XYZ	53.9381, 56.6813, 46.2371
YIQ	197.8090, 16.4150, -5.6410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

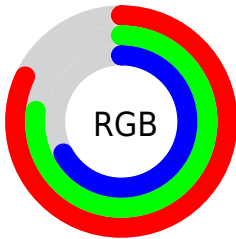
Format	Color
RYB	189, 210, 170
Decimal	13813162
CIELab	80.00, 0.16, 15.19
CIElCh	80, 15.190, 89.380
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3439, 0.3614
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292003242 (0xFFD2C5AA)
YUV	197.8090, -13.7098, 10.6915
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -3.8689, 16.2882

Details

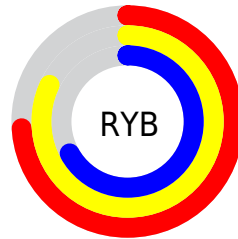
The CIELCh color **80, 15.190, 89.380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **74, 15.159, 274.475**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 14.685, 107.640**, and **60, 14.938, 88.875** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 23.399, 88.078**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 7.132, 90.646**.

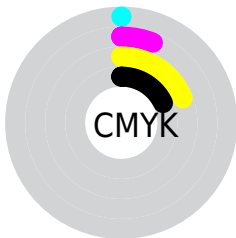
Distribution



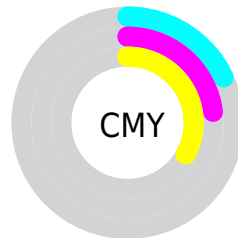
- Red (82%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (74%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (67%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (33%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 15.190, 89.380

 80, 15.190, 89.380

 100, 15.190,
89.380

 70, 15.190, 89.380

 60, 15.190, 89.380

 50, 15.190, 89.380

 40, 15.190, 89.380

 30, 15.190, 89.380

 20, 15.190, 89.380

 10, 15.190, 89.380

 0, 15.190, 89.380

 80, 15.190, 89.380

 80, 15.190, 89.380

78, 23.399, 88.078

82, 7.132, 90.646

76, 31.720, 86.725

85, 0.767, 272.228

74, 40.074, 85.330

87, 8.507, 273.119

72, 48.301, 83.884

89, 16.094,
274.235

70, 56.104, 82.359

91, 13.950,
260.884

68, 62.970, 80.687

66, 68.143, 78.742

93, 12.541,
242.889

64, 71.116, 76.401

94, 12.544,
222.963

64, 71.378, 76.173

96, 13.930,
205.215

97, 14.926,
198.512

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 15.190, 89.380



74, 15.159, 274.475

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 15.190, 89.380



80, 15.190, 139.380



80, 15.190, 269.380



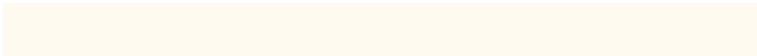
80, 15.190, 319.380

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 15.191, 89.389



98, 5.521, 90.998



74, 16.775, 355.574



52, 3.665, 90.921



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 15.191, 89.389



94, 21.564, 88.840



83, 21.132, 115.330



43, 4.463, 90.600



52, 60.510, 76.647



11, 16.898, 79.560

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



74, 15.159, 274.475



86, 21.503, 275.178



71, 22.031, 298.259



41, 4.466, 273.045



28, 72.088, 296.811



4, 19.866, 283.508

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

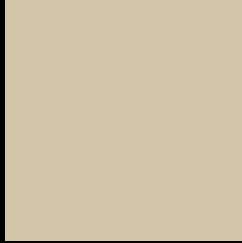
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

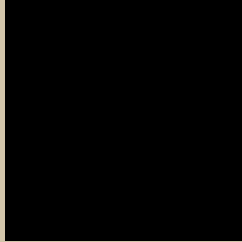
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

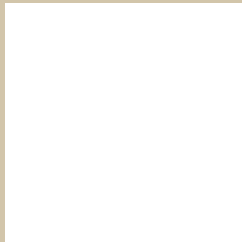
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 15.190, 89.380

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380.

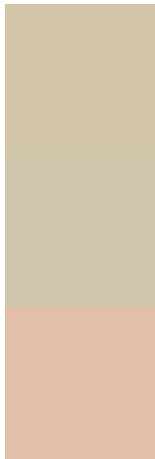


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 15.190, 89.380.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 15.190, 89.380

Protanopia

80, 14.822, 93.679

Deuteranopia

80, 17.827, 56.510



Tritanopia
80, 11.633, 337.024

Trichromacy



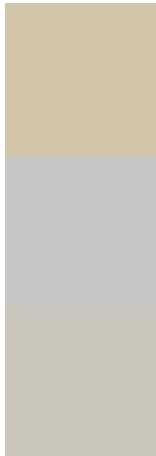
Original Color
80, 15.190, 89.380

Protanomaly
80, 14.929, 92.229

Deuteranomaly
80, 16.107, 66.091

Tritanomaly
80, 7.104, 19.889

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 15.190, 89.380

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 5.501, 93.880

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 15.190, 89.380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(210, 197, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(210, 197, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(210, 197, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(210, 197, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 15.190, 89.380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(210, 197, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(210, 197, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(210, 197, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(210, 197, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 197, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(210, 197,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 15.190, 89.380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(210, 197, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(210,  
197, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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