

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 16.090, 59.580)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 16.090, 59.580) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 16.174, 58.430)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E0C0AD
RGB	224, 192, 173
RGB Percent	88%, 75%, 68%
CMY	0.1208, 0.2463, 0.3209
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.23, 0.12
HSL	22°, 45%, 78%
HSV	22°, 23%, 88%
XYZ	57.2494, 56.6813, 47.5493
YIQ	199.4020, 25.1710, 0.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

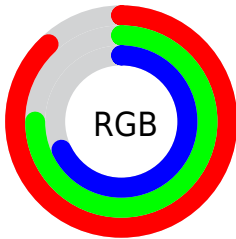
Format	Color
R _Y B	224, 203, 173
Decimal	14729389
CIE Lab	80.00, 8.47, 13.78
CIE LCh	80, 16.174, 58.430
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3545, 0.3510
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292919469 (0xFFE0C0AD)
YUV	199.4020, -13.0162, 21.5724
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 3.9820, 15.2548

Details

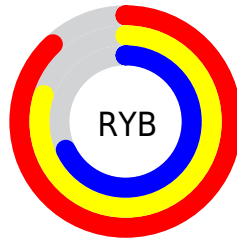
The CIELCh color $80, 16.174, 58.430$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81, 14.490, 243.304$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 10.471, 95.314$, and $60, 15.991, 59.203$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $76, 24.103, 57.592$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $84, 8.763, 59.315$.

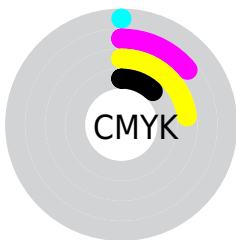
Distribution



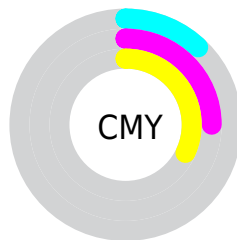
- Red (88%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (32%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 16.174, 58.430

 80, 16.174, 58.430

 100, 16.174,
58.430

 70, 16.174, 58.430

 60, 16.174, 58.430

 50, 16.174, 58.430

 40, 16.174, 58.430

 30, 16.174, 58.430

 20, 16.174, 58.430

 10, 16.174, 58.430

 0, 16.174, 58.430

 80, 16.174, 58.430

 80, 16.174, 58.430

76, 24.103, 57.592

84, 8.763, 59.315

72, 32.576, 56.795

88, 1.827, 60.025

69, 41.588, 56.059

92, 4.683, 241.350

65, 51.058, 55.370

96, 8.801, 221.472

62, 60.757, 54.667

98, 10.437,
198.810

59, 70.156, 53.780

56, 78.195, 52.341

54, 82.790, 50.916

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 16.174, 58.430



81, 14.490, 243.304

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 16.174, 58.430



80, 16.174, 108.430



80, 16.174, 238.430



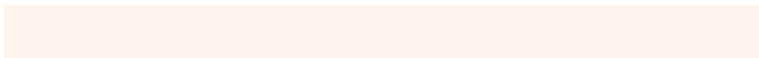
80, 16.174, 288.430

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 16.174, 58.440



97, 5.238, 59.793



76, 25.455, 338.850



51, 3.410, 59.745



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 16.174, 58.440



88, 21.634, 58.058



86, 23.131, 101.642



45, 3.861, 59.599



43, 68.697, 51.529



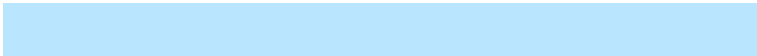
10, 20.218, 46.521

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81, 14.490, 243.304



89, 18.916, 243.994



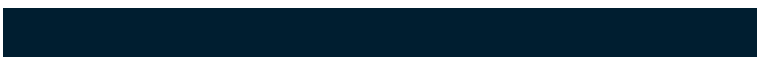
74, 23.994, 287.028



45, 3.705, 241.613



45, 42.132, 268.189



10, 15.500, 258.124

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

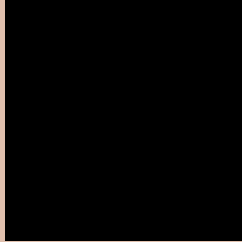
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 16.174, 58.430

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 16.174, 58.430.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


80, 16.174, 58.430

Protanopia

80, 12.159, 92.568

Deuteranopia

80, 17.158, 53.859



Tritanopia
80, 16.840, 352.660

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 16.174, 58.430

Protanomaly
80, 12.953, 78.601

Deuteranomaly
80, 16.823, 54.602

Tritanomaly
80, 14.058, 16.210

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 16.174, 58.430

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 5.824, 59.127

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 16.174, 58.430 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(224, 192, 173)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(224, 192, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(224, 192, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(224, 192, 173) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 16.174, 58.430 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(224, 192, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(224, 192, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(224, 192, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(224, 192, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 192, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(224, 192,  
173) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 16.174, 58.430 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(224, 192, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(224,  
192, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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