

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 17.040, 110.163)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 17.040, 110.163)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 17.448, 109.870)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 17.448, 109.870)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C8C9A8
RGB	200, 201, 168
RGB Percent	78%, 79%, 66%
CMY	0.2169, 0.2130, 0.3424
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.16, 0.21
HSL	62°, 23%, 72%
HSV	62°, 16%, 79%
XYZ	51.5906, 56.6813, 45.1204
YIQ	196.9390, 9.9970, -10.4750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

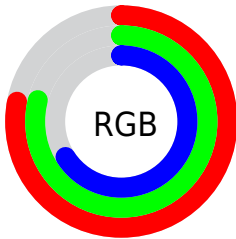
Format	Color
R_{YB}	168, 201, 169
Decimal	13158824
CIE _{Lab}	80.00, -5.93, 16.41
CIE _{LCh}	80, 17.448, 109.870
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3363, 0.3695
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291348904 (0xFFC8C9A8)
YUV	196.9390, -14.2669, 2.6845
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -9.4346, 17.1677

Details

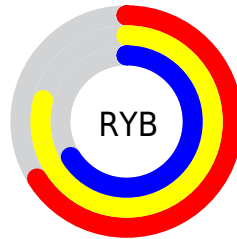
The CIELCh color $80, 17.448, 109.870$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be $70, 18.116, 293.074$, and the grayscale version is $79, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 16.187, 108.954$, and $60, 17.340, 109.569$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80, 27.936, 108.957$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81, 6.848, 110.788$.

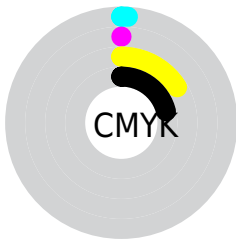
Distribution



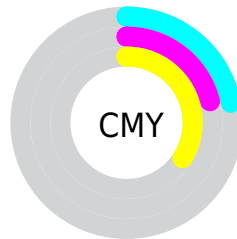
- Red (78%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (21%)





- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (34%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 17.448,
109.870


 80, 17.448,
109.870


 100, 17.448,
109.870


 70, 17.448,
109.870


 60, 17.448,
109.870

 50, 17.448,
109.870

 40, 17.448,
109.870

 30, 17.448,
109.870

 20, 17.448,
109.870

 10, 17.448,

109.870

■ 0, 17.448, 109.870

■ 80, 17.448,
109.870

■ 80, 17.448,
109.870

■ 80, 27.936,
108.957

■ 81, 6.848, 110.788

■ 79, 38.204,
108.053

■ 81, 3.804, 291.711

■ 79, 48.098,
107.189

■ 82, 14.462,
292.576

■ 79, 57.377,
106.394

■ 82, 25.095,
293.418

■ 78, 65.690,
105.708

■ 83, 28.809,
293.961

■ 83, 28.817,
294.356

■ 78, 72.573,
105.179

■ 83, 28.826,
294.752

■ 78, 77.530,
104.853

■ 83, 28.837,
295.148

■ 78, 80.283,
104.755

■ 83, 28.848,
295.544

■ 78, 80.981,
104.749

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 17.448, 109.870



70, 18.116, 293.074

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 17.448, 109.870



80, 17.448, 159.870



80, 17.448, 289.870



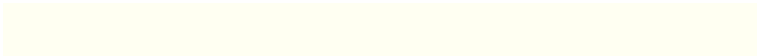
80, 17.448, 339.870

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 17.450, 109.875



100, 6.456, 110.910



72, 12.640, 21.819



53, 4.405, 110.847



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 17.450, 109.875



99, 25.746, 109.522



79, 18.715, 128.923



42, 5.985, 110.522



65, 69.454, 104.721



13, 20.303, 107.807

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 18.116, 293.074



84, 26.979, 293.539



71, 19.122, 310.386



38, 6.117, 292.293



19, 95.664, 306.392



1, 21.522, 292.551

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

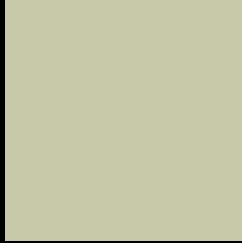
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

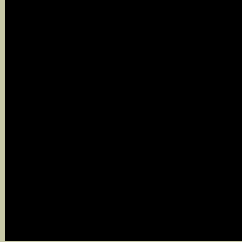
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

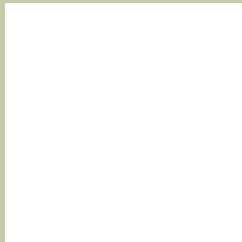
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 17.448, 109.870

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 17.448, 109.870.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 17.448, 109.870

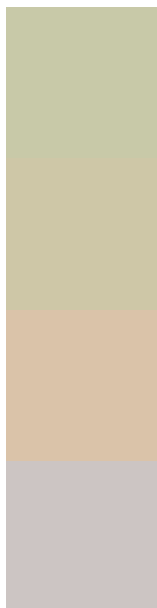
Protanopia
80, 17.488, 94.354

Deuteranopia
80, 18.499, 57.008



Tritanopia
80, 8.972, 317.058

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 17.448, 109.870

Protanomaly
80, 17.150, 99.467

Deuteranomaly
80, 16.537, 75.793

Tritanomaly
80, 2.790, 41.754

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 17.448, 109.870

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 6.370, 109.591

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 17.448, 109.870 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(200, 201, 168)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(200, 201, 168)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(200, 201, 168) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(200, 201, 168) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 17.448, 109.870 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(200, 201, 168) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(200, 201, 168) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(200, 201, 168)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(200, 201, 168); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 201, 168);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(200, 201,  
168) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 17.448, 109.870 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(200, 201, 168) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(200,  
201, 168) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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