

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 17.722, 139.940)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 17.722, 139.940)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 17.419, 139.815)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5CDB1
RGB	181, 205, 177
RGB Percent	71%, 80%, 69%
CMY	0.2901, 0.1959, 0.3058
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.14, 0.20
HSL	111°, 22%, 75%
HSV	111°, 14%, 80%
XYZ	48.8415, 56.6813, 49.9779
YIQ	194.6320, -5.3160, -13.7960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

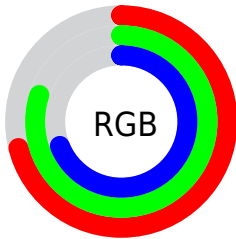
Format	Color
RYB	177, 205, 201
Decimal	11914673
CIELab	80.00, -13.31, 11.24
CIElCh	80, 17.419, 139.815
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3141, 0.3645
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290104753 (0xFFB5CDB1)
YUV	194.6320, -8.6926, -11.9553
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -15.9525, 13.3423

Details

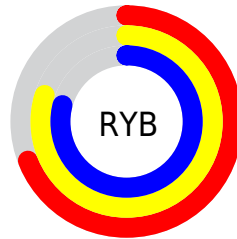
The CIELCh color $80, 17.419, 139.815$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCC99`. A complement of this color would be $75, 17.510, 321.113$, and the grayscale version is $79, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98, 12.942, 138.964$, and $60, 17.772, 139.446$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78, 30.257, 139.214$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $82, 4.633, 140.371$.

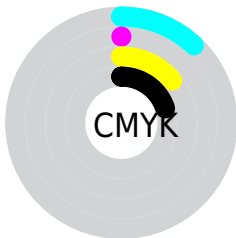
Distribution



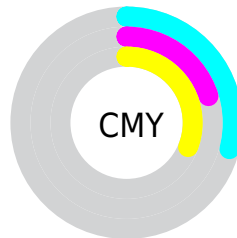
- Red (71%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (31%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 17.419,
139.815


 80, 17.419,
139.815


 100, 17.419,
139.815


 70, 17.419,
139.815


 60, 17.419,
139.815

 50, 17.419,
139.815

 40, 17.419,
139.815

 30, 17.419,
139.815

 20, 17.419,
139.815

 10, 17.419,

139.815

■ 0, 17.419, 139.815

■ 80, 17.419,
139.815

■ 80, 17.419,
139.815

■ 78, 30.257,
139.214

■ 82, 4.633, 140.371

■ 77, 42.976,
138.538

■ 84, 7.991, 320.739

■ 76, 55.355,
137.796

■ 86, 20.370,
321.138

■ 75, 67.097,
137.017

■ 88, 30.675,
323.439

■ 74, 77.811,
136.260

■ 88, 31.331,
325.515

■ 73, 87.007,
135.623

■ 73, 94.138,
135.233

■ 72, 98.768,
135.204

■ 72, 100.617,
135.286

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 17.419, 139.815



75, 17.510, 321.113

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 17.419, 139.815



80, 17.419, 189.815



80, 17.419, 319.815



80, 17.419, 9.815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 17.421, 139.816



99, 6.050, 140.347



81, 12.686, 101.751



53, 4.303, 140.303



0, 0.000, 0.000



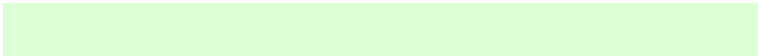
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 17.421, 139.816



97, 24.385, 139.670



80, 14.184, 155.378



42, 7.189, 140.052



59, 85.774, 135.175



12, 27.501, 140.062

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75, 17.510, 321.113



90, 24.524, 321.234



75, 14.301, 337.347



40, 7.219, 320.908



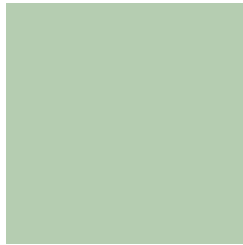
35, 84.651, 322.802



4, 27.577, 321.846

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

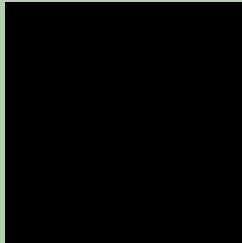
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

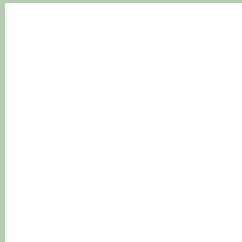
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 17.419, 139.815

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815.

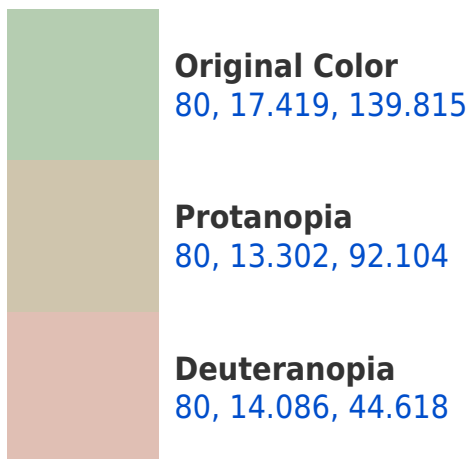


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 17.419, 139.815.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 9.091, 261.006

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 17.419, 139.815

Protanomaly
80, 13.796, 112.109

Deuteranomaly
80, 10.123, 82.340

Tritanomaly
80, 6.124, 194.033

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 17.419, 139.815

Achromatopsia
79, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
79, 6.764, 139.132

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 17.419, 139.815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 205, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 205, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 205, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 205, 177) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 17.419, 139.815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 205, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 205, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 205, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 205, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 205, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 205,  
177) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 17.419, 139.815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 205, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
205, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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