

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 2.819, 330.566)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 2.819, 330.566) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 2.829, 330.571)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAC5C9
RGB	202, 197, 201
RGB Percent	79%, 77%, 79%
CMY	0.2080, 0.2276, 0.2119
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	312°, 4%, 78%
HSV	312°, 2%, 79%
XYZ	54.8420, 56.6813, 63.2843
YIQ	198.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

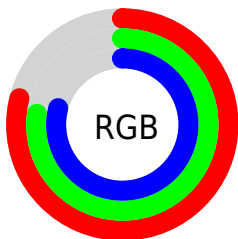
Format	Color
RYB	202, 197, 201
Decimal	13288905
CIELab	80.00, 2.46, -1.39
CIElCh	80, 2.829, 330.571
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3137, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291478985 (0xFFCAC5C9)
YUV	198.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -1.7258, 2.8633

Details

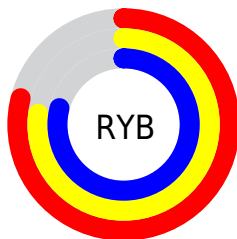
The CIELCh color $80, 2.829, 330.571$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81, 2.809, 150.491$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.630, 323.973$, and $60, 2.997, 330.649$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 14.336, 331.288$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 8.476, 150.124$.

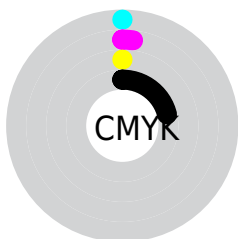
Distribution



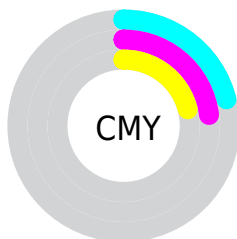
- Red (79%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 2.829, 330.571

■ 80, 2.829, 330.571

100, 2.829,
330.571

■ 70, 2.829, 330.571

■ 60, 2.829, 330.571

■ 50, 2.829, 330.571

■ 40, 2.829, 330.571

■ 30, 2.829, 330.571

■ 20, 2.829, 330.571

■ 10, 2.829, 330.571

■ 0, 2.829, 330.571

■ 80, 2.829, 330.571

■ 80, 2.829, 330.571

75, 14.336,
331.288

85, 8.476, 150.124

70, 25.926,
331.946

91, 19.499,
149.533

65, 37.400,
332.622

96, 28.666,
149.382

60, 48.468,
333.318

96, 27.087,
152.157

56, 58.738,
334.037

96, 25.568,
155.252

53, 67.726,
334.788

96, 24.121,
158.712

50, 74.912,
335.585

96, 22.762,
162.584

48, 79.852,
336.453

96, 21.507,
166.911

46, 82.331,

96, 20.379,
171.731

337.429

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 2.829, 330.571



81, 2.809, 150.491

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 2.829, 330.571



80, 2.829, 20.571



80, 2.829, 150.571



80, 2.829, 200.571

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 2.827, 330.575



99, 1.385, 330.329



80, 2.700, 298.156



53, 0.787, 330.312



0, 0.000, 0.000



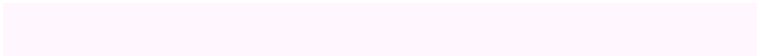
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 2.827, 330.575



98, 4.143, 330.631



80, 2.012, 355.947



42, 2.615, 330.692



37, 71.761, 338.067



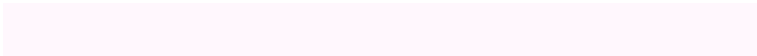
5, 24.655, 335.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 2.827, 330.575



98, 4.143, 330.631



81, 1.989, 175.978



42, 2.615, 330.692



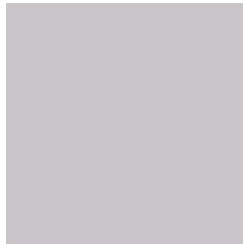
37, 71.761, 338.067



5, 24.655, 335.385

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

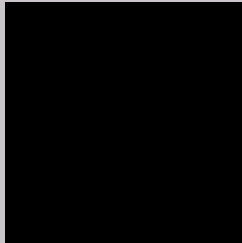
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

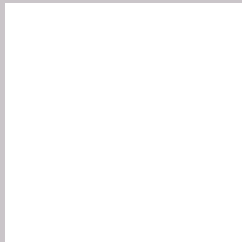
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 2.829, 330.571

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571.

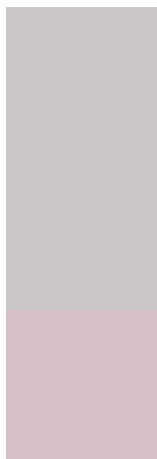


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 2.829, 330.571.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


80, 2.829, 330.571

Protanopia

80, 2.605, 324.451

Deuteranopia

80, 10.356, 349.364



Tritanopia
80, 9.046, 309.391

Trichromacy



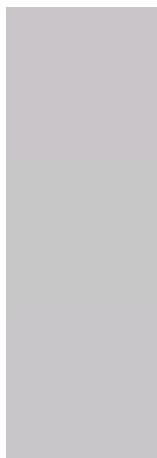
Original Color
80, 2.829, 330.571

Protanomaly
80, 2.605, 324.451

Deuteranomaly
80, 7.592, 345.896

Tritanomaly
80, 6.421, 313.877

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 2.829, 330.571

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 1.307, 324.299

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 2.829, 330.571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 197, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 197, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 197, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 197, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 2.829, 330.571 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 197, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 197, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 197, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 197, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 197, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 197,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 2.829, 330.571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 197, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
197, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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