

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 20.502, 210.128)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 20.502, 210.128)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 20.496, 210.125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	93D1D9
RGB	147, 209, 217
RGB Percent	58%, 82%, 85%
CMY	0.4243, 0.1812, 0.1498
CMYK	0.32, 0.04, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	187°, 48%, 71%
HSV	187°, 32%, 85%
XYZ	47.2421, 56.6813, 73.9530
YIQ	191.3740, -39.5200, -10.6560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

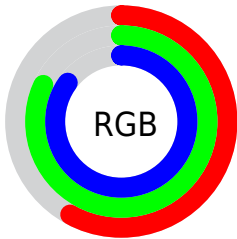
Format	Color
RYB	147, 180, 217
Decimal	9687513
CIELab	80.00, -17.73, -10.29
CIElCh	80, 20.496, 210.125
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2656, 0.3187
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287877593 (0xFF93D1D9)
YUV	191.3740, 12.6336, -38.9160
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -19.7446, -5.5386

Details

The CIELCh color **80, 20.496, 210.125** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 25.864, 31.250**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 17.181, 198.366**, and **60, 20.413, 210.612** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 25.653, 210.419**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 14.692, 209.990**.

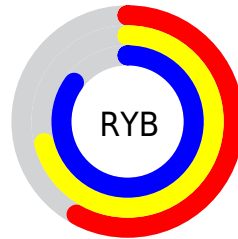
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (82%)

Blue (85%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (85%)

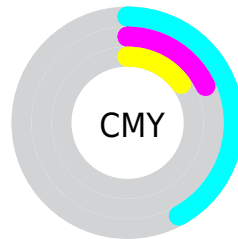


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (4%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (42%)


Magenta (18%)


Yellow (15%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 20.496,
210.125


 80, 20.496,
210.125


 100, 20.496,
210.125


 70, 20.496,
210.125

 60, 20.496,
210.125

 50, 20.496,
210.125

 40, 20.496,
210.125

 30, 20.496,
210.125

 20, 20.496,
210.125

 10, 20.496,

210.125

0, 20.496, 210.125

80, 20.496,
210.125

80, 20.496,
210.125

78, 25.653,
210.419

82, 14.692,
209.990

77, 30.053,
210.916

84, 8.355, 210.006

75, 33.604,
211.655

86, 1.595, 210.393

88, 5.491, 30.082

74, 36.244,
212.682

91, 12.744, 30.423

73, 37.967,
214.042

91, 12.156, 36.994

92, 11.745, 44.123

■ 72, 38.832,
215.779

■ 93, 11.530, 51.636

■ 71, 39.076,
217.344

■ 93, 11.522, 59.285

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 20.496, 210.125



70, 25.864, 31.250

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 20.496, 210.125



80, 20.496, 260.125



80, 20.496, 30.125



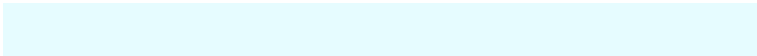
80, 20.496, 80.125

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 20.496, 210.121



97, 7.805, 210.033



81, 42.162, 144.888



52, 5.304, 210.014



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 20.496, 210.121



91, 27.374, 210.312



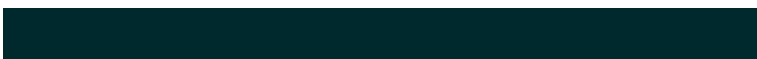
71, 24.318, 270.656



45, 3.927, 210.043



58, 33.114, 216.987



14, 13.487, 213.023

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 41.779, 329.615



77, 57.220, 330.039



78, 25.229, 81.174



43, 7.397, 328.233



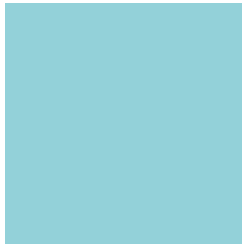
40, 79.166, 333.347



7, 31.898, 332.303

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

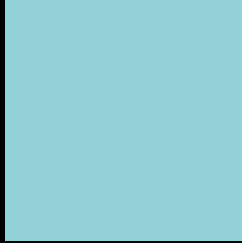
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

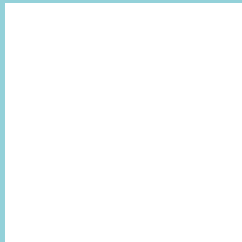
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 20.496, 210.125

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125.

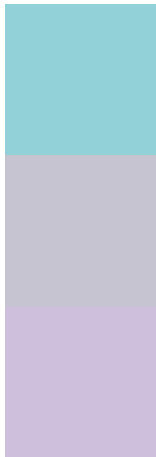


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 20.496, 210.125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

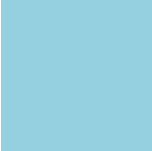
Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 20.496, 210.125

Protanopia
80, 6.988, 296.679

Deuteranopia
80, 15.820, 309.640



Tritanopia
80, 20.490, 222.960

Trichromacy



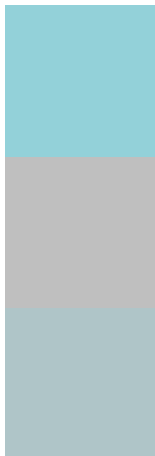
Original Color
80, 20.496, 210.125

Protanomaly
80, 9.503, 237.234

Deuteranomaly
79, 12.080, 267.698

Tritanomaly
80, 20.345, 218.190

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 20.496, 210.125

Achromatopsia
77, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
78, 7.922, 210.633

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 20.496, 210.125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 209, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 209, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 209, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 209, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 20.496, 210.125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 209, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 209, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 209, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 209, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 209, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 209,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 20.496, 210.125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 209, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
209, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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