

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 21.425, 48.172)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 21.425, 48.172) contains.

<b>CIELCh(80, 21.381, 48.519)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(80, 21.381, 48.519)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBBCA9
RGB	235, 188, 169
RGB Percent	92%, 74%, 66%
CMY	0.0772, 0.2616, 0.3361
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.28, 0.08
HSL	17°, 63%, 79%
HSV	17°, 28%, 92%
XYZ	59.5969, 56.6813, 45.4764
YIQ	199.8870, 34.1110, 4.0550

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

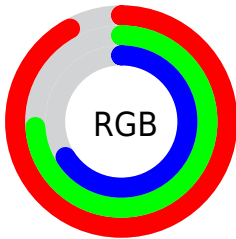
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	235, 196, 169
Decimal	15449257
CIE Lab	80.00, 14.16, 16.02
CIE LCh	80, 21.381, 48.519
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3684, 0.3504
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293639337 (0xFFEBCA9)
YUV	199.8870, -15.2273, 30.7941
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 9.5477, 16.8873

# Details

The CIELCh color **80, 21.381, 48.519** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **84, 17.984, 232.641**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 10.950, 87.796**, and **60, 21.236, 49.073** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76, 30.180, 48.164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 13.227, 48.984**.

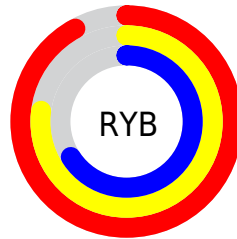
# Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (74%)

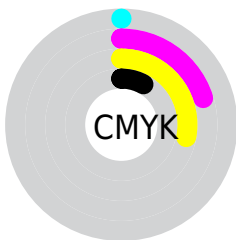
Blue (66%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (66%)

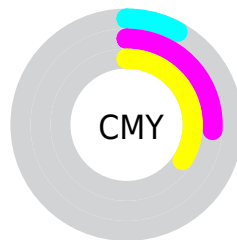


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (34%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80, 21.381, 48.519

 80, 21.381, 48.519

 100, 21.381,  
48.519

 70, 21.381, 48.519

 60, 21.381, 48.519

 50, 21.381, 48.519

 40, 21.381, 48.519

 30, 21.381, 48.519

 20, 21.381, 48.519

 10, 21.381, 48.519

 0, 21.381, 48.519

 80, 21.381, 48.519

 80, 21.381, 48.519

76, 30.180, 48.164

85, 13.227, 48.984

71, 39.645, 47.924

89, 5.678, 49.478

67, 49.738, 47.818

94, 1.324, 230.626

63, 60.315, 47.826

99, 6.747, 199.076

60, 71.004, 47.845

57, 80.953, 47.586

54, 88.691, 46.544

54, 90.053, 46.369

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 21.381, 48.519



84, 17.984, 232.641

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 21.381, 48.519



80, 21.381, 98.519



80, 21.381, 228.519



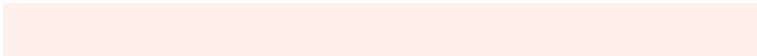
80, 21.381, 278.519

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 21.380, 48.527



96, 6.016, 49.479



77, 34.592, 335.608



50, 4.301, 49.408



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 21.380, 48.527



83, 28.333, 48.293



88, 27.361, 96.044



47, 4.015, 49.412



42, 73.540, 46.908



10, 23.712, 40.465



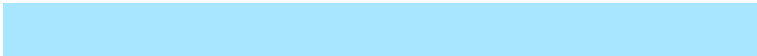


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 17.984, 232.641



88, 22.815, 233.465



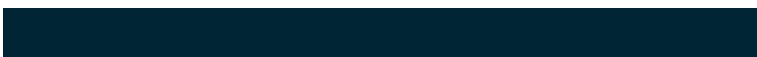
75, 28.150, 283.367



47, 3.810, 230.820



51, 37.149, 253.752



14, 15.076, 245.310



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

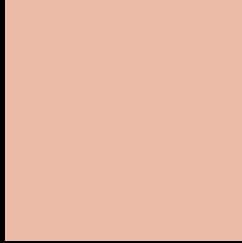
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

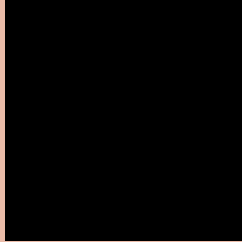
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 80, 21.381, 48.519**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 21.381, 48.519.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80, 21.381, 48.519

### Protanopia

80, 13.289, 92.114

### Deuteranopia

80, 18.851, 58.198



**Tritanopia**  
80, 21.938, 1.619



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 21.381, 48.519

**Protanomaly**  
80, 15.027, 70.472

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 19.849, 54.256

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 19.982, 18.023

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 21.381, 48.519

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
80, 7.407, 49.769

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 21.381, 48.519 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 188, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 188, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 188, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 188, 169) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 21.381, 48.519 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 188, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 188, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 188, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 188, 169); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 188, 169); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 188, 169) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 21.381, 48.519 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 188, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
188, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor