

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 21.861, 325.270)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 21.861, 325.270)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 21.861, 325.270)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DEBCDE
RGB	222, 188, 222
RGB Percent	87%, 74%, 87%
CMY	0.1300, 0.2633, 0.1300
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	300°, 34%, 80%
HSV	300°, 15%, 87%
XYZ	61.2004, 56.6813, 76.7225
YIQ	202.0420, 9.3500, 17.7820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

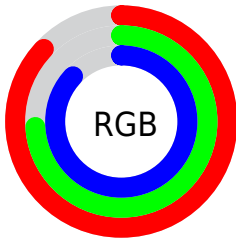
Format	Color
R_{YB}	222, 188, 222
Decimal	14597342
CIE _{Lab}	80.00, 17.97, -12.45
CIE _{LCh}	80, 21.861, 325.270
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3145, 0.2913
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292787422 (0xFFDEBCDE)
YUV	202.0420, 9.8393, 17.5032
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 13.3495, -7.7196

Details

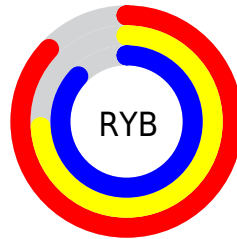
The CIELCh color $80, 21.861, 325.270$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFCCFF . A complement of this color would be $85, 21.837, 143.504$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $97, 6.851, 324.635$, and $60, 21.718, 325.462$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 36.165, 325.819$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 7.553, 324.697$.

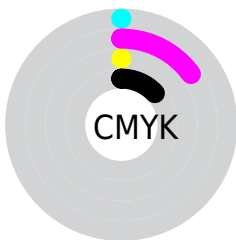
Distribution



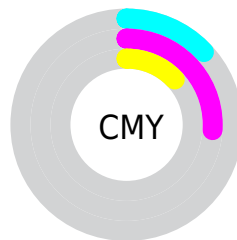
- Red (87%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (13%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 21.861,
325.270


 80, 21.861,
325.270


 100, 21.861,
325.270


 70, 21.861,
325.270

 60, 21.861,
325.270

 50, 21.861,
325.270

 40, 21.861,
325.270

 30, 21.861,
325.270

 20, 21.861,
325.270

 10, 21.861,

325.270

■ 0, 21.861, 325.270

■ 80, 21.861,
325.270

■ 80, 21.861,
325.270

■ 75, 36.165,
325.819

■ 85, 7.553, 324.697

■ 70, 50.191,
326.344

■ 91, 6.562, 144.232

■ 65, 63.549,
326.834

■ 97, 20.364,
143.673

■ 61, 75.750,
327.269

■ 97, 20.717,
143.659

■ 58, 86.244,
327.635

■ 97, 20.717,
143.659

■ 97, 20.717,
143.659

■ 56, 94.503,
327.916

■ 97, 20.717,
143.659

■ 54, 100.168,
328.105

■ 97, 20.716,
143.659

■ 53, 103.198,
328.205

■ 97, 20.716,
143.659

■ 53, 104.030,
328.233

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 21.861, 325.270



85, 21.837, 143.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 21.861, 325.270



80, 21.861, 15.270



80, 21.861, 145.270



80, 21.861, 195.270

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 21.859, 325.270



97, 7.944, 324.679



77, 18.269, 291.845



51, 5.422, 324.723



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 21.859, 325.270



89, 28.774, 325.426



80, 15.464, 344.945



44, 8.154, 324.940



42, 87.490, 328.233



8, 35.926, 328.229

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 21.859, 325.270



89, 28.774, 325.426



86, 15.166, 162.357



44, 8.154, 324.940



42, 87.490, 328.233



8, 35.926, 328.229

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

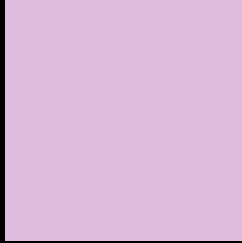
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

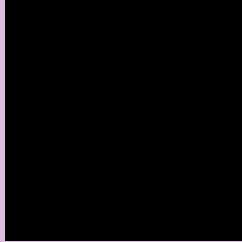
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 21.861, 325.270

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 21.861, 325.270.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 21.861, 325.270

Protanopia
80, 16.551, 286.919

Deuteranopia
80, 15.805, 309.637



Tritanopia
80, 13.334, 343.807

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 21.861, 325.270

Protanomaly
80, 17.414, 301.995

Deuteranomaly
80, 17.733, 316.296

Tritanomaly
80, 16.287, 334.838

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 21.861, 325.270

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 7.765, 324.721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 21.861, 325.270 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(222, 188, 222)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(222, 188, 222)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(222, 188, 222) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(222, 188, 222) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 21.861, 325.270 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(222, 188, 222) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(222, 188, 222) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(222, 188, 222)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(222, 188, 222); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 188, 222);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(222, 188,  
222) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 21.861, 325.270 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(222, 188, 222) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(222,  
188, 222) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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