

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 22.778, 210.928)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 22.778, 210.928)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(80, 22.721, 210.174)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8CD2DB
RGB	140, 210, 219
RGB Percent	55%, 82%, 86%
CMY	0.4516, 0.1771, 0.1418
CMYK	0.36, 0.04, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	187°, 52%, 70%
HSV	187°, 36%, 86%
XYZ	46.5603, 56.6813, 75.3927
YIQ	190.0960, -44.6090, -12.0410

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

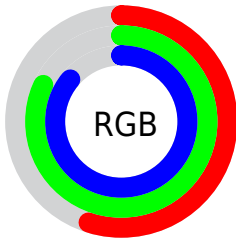
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">140, 177, 219</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">9229019</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">80.00, -19.64, -11.42</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">80, 22.721, 210.174</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">56.6813, 0.2606, 0.3173</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4287419099 (0xFF8CD2DB)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">190.0960, 14.2497, -43.9342</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">75.2870, -21.3612, -6.6724</a>

# Details

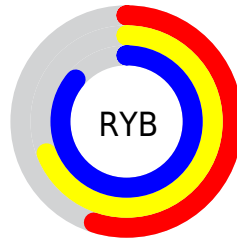
The CIELCh color `80, 22.721, 210.174` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `99CCCC`. A complement of this color would be `68, 29.605, 31.503`, and the grayscale version is `77, 0.009, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `96, 19.314, 198.231`, and `60, 22.702, 210.596` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `78, 27.639, 210.538`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `82, 17.107, 209.981`.

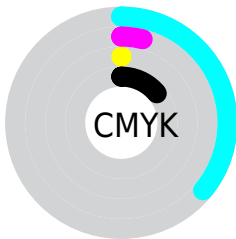
# Distribution



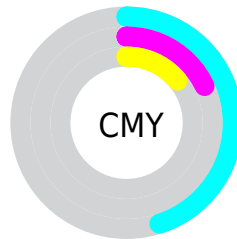
- Red (55%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (36%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80, 22.721,  
210.174


 80, 22.721,  
210.174


 100, 22.721,  
210.174


 70, 22.721,  
210.174

 60, 22.721,  
210.174

 50, 22.721,  
210.174

 40, 22.721,  
210.174

 30, 22.721,  
210.174

 20, 22.721,  
210.174

 10, 22.721,

210.174

0, 22.721, 210.174

80, 22.721,  
210.174

80, 22.721,  
210.174

78, 27.639,  
210.538

82, 17.107,  
209.981

77, 31.754,  
211.120

84, 10.912,  
209.943

75, 34.985,  
211.961

86, 4.248, 210.082

74, 37.287,  
213.106

88, 2.780, 29.868

73, 38.678,  
214.603

91, 10.081, 30.230

92, 11.579, 35.420

■ 72, 39.252,  
216.485

■ 92, 11.131, 42.923

■ 72, 39.360,  
217.284

■ 93, 10.890, 50.897

■ 94, 10.871, 59.053

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 22.721, 210.174



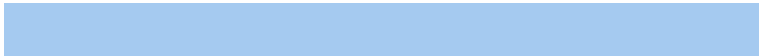
68, 29.605, 31.503

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 22.721, 210.174



80, 22.721, 260.174



80, 22.721, 30.174



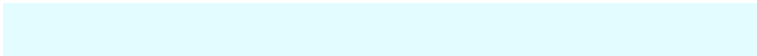
80, 22.721, 80.174

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 22.721, 210.171



97, 8.564, 209.981



81, 47.402, 144.517



52, 5.733, 209.966



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 22.721, 210.171



90, 29.602, 210.418



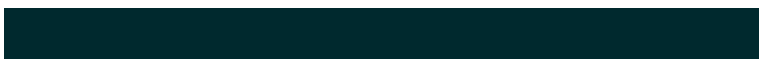
69, 27.426, 271.474



45, 3.928, 210.005



58, 33.121, 216.915



14, 13.490, 212.965



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 46.948, 329.833



75, 62.757, 330.267



78, 28.582, 80.647



43, 7.399, 328.222



40, 79.188, 333.330

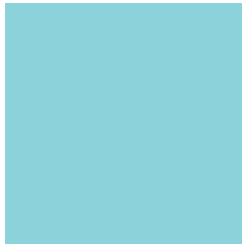


7, 31.906, 332.289



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

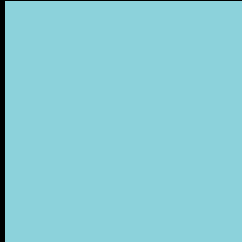
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 22.721, 210.174

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174.

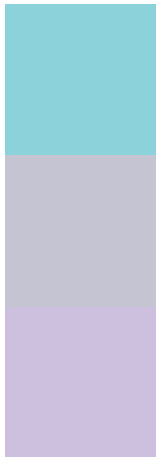


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 22.721, 210.174.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

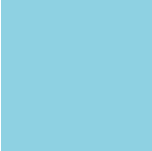


**Original Color**  
80, 22.721, 210.174

**Protanopia**  
80, 7.489, 293.582

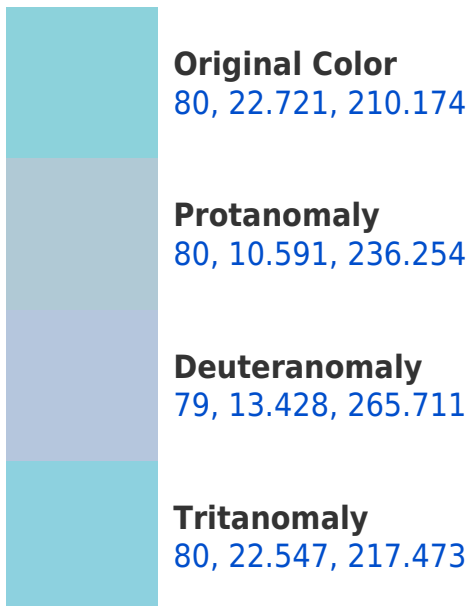
**Deuteranopia**  
80, 17.245, 306.901





**Tritanopia**  
80, 22.659, 221.804

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 22.721, 210.174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 210, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 210, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 210, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 210, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 22.721, 210.174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 210, 219) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 210, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 210, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(140, 210, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 210, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 210,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 22.721, 210.174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 210, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
210, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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