

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 26.890, 358.055)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 26.890, 358.055)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(80, 27.010, 357.603)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6B4C9
RGB	246, 180, 201
RGB Percent	96%, 71%, 79%
CMY	0.0338, 0.2927, 0.2104
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.18, 0.03
HSL	341°, 79%, 84%
HSV	341°, 27%, 97%
XYZ	65.1167, 56.6813, 62.9886
YIQ	202.1280, 32.5950, 20.5230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

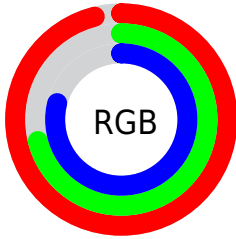
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	246, 180, 201
Decimal	16168137
CIE Lab	80.00, 26.99, -1.13
CIE LCh	80, 27.010, 357.603
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3524, 0.3067
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294358217 (0xFFFF6B4C9)
YUV	202.1280, -0.5561, 38.4757
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 22.6348, 3.0961

# Details

The CIELCh color **80, 27.010, 357.603** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 25.074, 172.086**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 11.855, 324.828**, and **60, 26.890, 358.055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 37.503, 359.055**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 16.656, 356.374**.

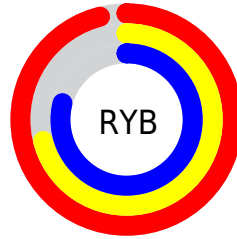
# Distribution



Red (96%)

Green (71%)

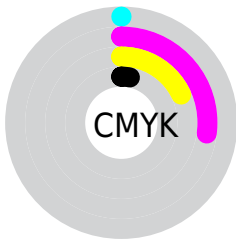
Blue (79%)



Red (96%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (79%)

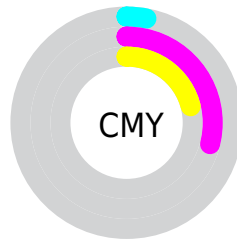


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (3%)

Magenta (29%)


Yellow (21%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 80, 27.010,  
357.603


 80, 27.010,  
357.603


 100, 27.010,  
357.603


 70, 27.010,  
357.603

 60, 27.010,  
357.603

 50, 27.010,  
357.603

 40, 27.010,  
357.603


 30, 27.010,  
357.603


 20, 27.010,  
357.603


 10, 27.010,


357.603

 0, 27.010, 357.603

 80, 27.010,  
357.603

 80, 27.010,  
357.603

 74, 37.503,  
359.055

 86, 16.656,  
356.374

 69, 47.877, 0.805

 93, 6.611, 355.274

 64, 57.740, 2.968

 99, 3.042, 174.621

 59, 66.613, 5.691

 99, 2.984, 199.438

 56, 74.030, 9.153

 54, 79.740, 13.516

 52, 83.931, 18.813



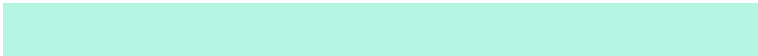
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 27.010, 357.603



92, 25.074, 172.086

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 27.010, 357.603



80, 27.010, 47.603



80, 27.010, 177.603



80, 27.010, 227.603

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 27.007, 357.606



95, 8.022, 355.408



79, 38.388, 315.825



50, 5.718, 355.570



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 27.007, 357.606



79, 33.386, 358.337



82, 22.411, 35.855



48, 5.530, 355.566



39, 68.663, 19.494



9, 29.645, 10.037



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 27.007, 357.606



79, 33.386, 358.337



90, 18.570, 216.386



48, 5.530, 355.566



39, 68.663, 19.494



9, 29.645, 10.037



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

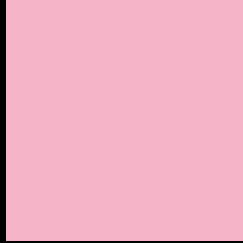
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 80, 27.010, 357.603**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603.

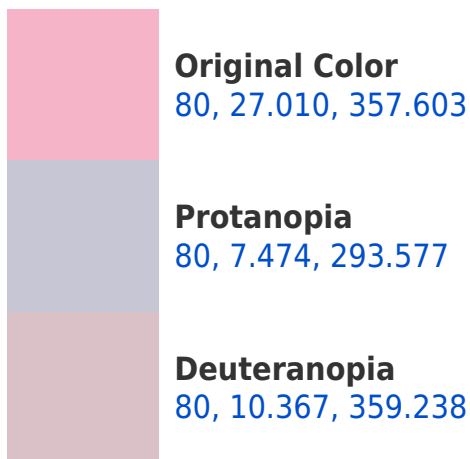


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.010, 357.603.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
80, 25.660, 4.967

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 27.010, 357.603

**Protanomaly**  
80, 12.258, 336.424

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 16.221, 357.703

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 25.887, 2.690

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 27.010, 357.603

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 9.855, 354.691

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 27.010, 357.603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(246, 180, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 180, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 180, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 180, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.010, 357.603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 180, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 180, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 180, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 180, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 180, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 180,  
201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.010, 357.603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 180, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
180, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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