

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 27.492, 358.953)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 27.492, 358.953)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 27.543, 359.371)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 27.543, 359.371)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F8B4C8
RGB	248, 180, 200
RGB Percent	97%, 71%, 78%
CMY	0.0280, 0.2946, 0.2162
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 0.19, 0.03
HSL	342°, 83%, 84%
HSV	342°, 27%, 97%
XYZ	65.3630, 56.6813, 62.0551
YIQ	202.6120, 34.1080, 20.6360

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

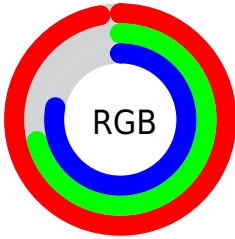
Format	Color
R _Y B	248, 180, 200
Decimal	16299208
CIE Lab	80.00, 27.54, -0.30
CIE LCh	80, 27.543, 359.371
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3550, 0.3079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294489288 (0xFFF8B4C8)
YUV	202.6120, -1.2877, 39.8053
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 23.2187, 3.8312

Details

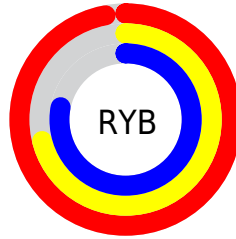
The CIELCh color $80, 27.543, 359.371$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $93, 25.339, 173.674$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 11.855, 324.828$, and $60, 27.462, 359.972$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74, 38.051, 0.869$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 17.197, 358.112$.

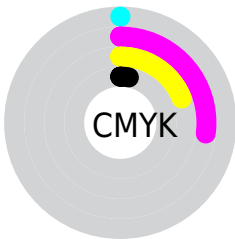
Distribution



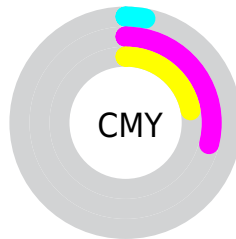
- Red (97%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (3%)





- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (22%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 27.543,
359.371


 80, 27.543,
359.371


 100, 27.543,
359.371


 70, 27.543,
359.371

 60, 27.543,
359.371

 50, 27.543,
359.371

 40, 27.543,
359.371

 30, 27.543,
359.371

 20, 27.543,
359.371

 10, 27.543,

359.371

0, 27.543, 359.371

80, 27.543,
359.371

80, 27.543,
359.371

74, 38.051, 0.869

86, 17.197,
358.112

69, 48.463, 2.685

93, 7.183, 356.997

64, 58.393, 4.940

99, 2.422, 176.378

59, 67.368, 7.790

99, 2.476, 199.516

56, 74.944, 11.411

54, 80.905, 15.947

53, 85.486, 21.369

■ 52, 86.633, 22.791

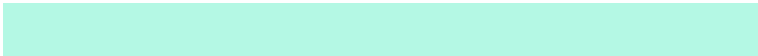
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 27.543, 359.371



93, 25.339, 173.674

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 27.543, 359.371



80, 27.543, 49.371



80, 27.543, 179.371



80, 27.543, 229.371

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 27.540, 359.374



95, 7.924, 357.061



79, 39.784, 316.916



50, 5.649, 357.226



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 27.540, 359.374



79, 34.169, 0.180



83, 22.630, 39.195



49, 5.556, 357.224



40, 70.161, 21.736



9, 30.591, 12.421

Inverse Universe

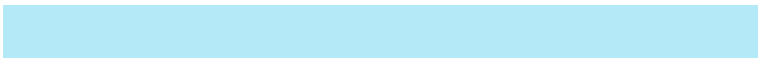
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 27.540, 359.374



79, 34.169, 0.180



90, 18.726, 220.705



49, 5.556, 357.224



40, 70.161, 21.736



9, 30.591, 12.421

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

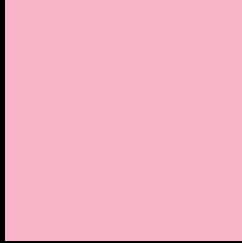
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 27.543, 359.371

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.543, 359.371.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 27.543, 359.371

Protanopia
80, 6.411, 293.951

Deuteranopia
80, 10.203, 2.037



Tritanopia
80, 26.029, 5.253

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 27.543, 359.371

Protanomaly
80, 12.467, 340.634

Deuteranomaly
80, 16.400, 359.990

Tritanomaly
80, 26.250, 3.006

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 27.543, 359.371

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 9.997, 358.416

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 27.543, 359.371 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(248, 180, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(248, 180, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(248, 180, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(248, 180, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.543, 359.371 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(248, 180, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(248, 180, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(248, 180, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(248, 180, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 180, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(248, 180,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.543, 359.371 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(248, 180, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(248,  
180, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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