

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 28.036, 26.258)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 28.036, 26.258) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(80, 27.797, 27.054)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBB5B0
RGB	251, 181, 176
RGB Percent	98%, 71%, 69%
CMY	0.0158, 0.2902, 0.3099
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.30, 0.02
HSL	4°, 90%, 84%
HSV	4°, 30%, 98%
XYZ	64.1330, 56.6813, 48.6266
YIQ	201.3600, 43.3250, 13.2850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

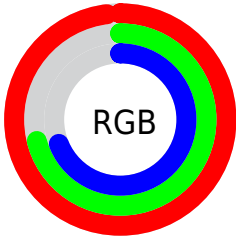
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	251, 181, 176
Decimal	16496048
CIE Lab	80.00, 24.76, 12.64
CIE LCh	80, 27.797, 27.054
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3785, 0.3345
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294686128 (0xFFFBB5B0)
YUV	201.3600, -12.5025, 43.5343
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 20.3024, 14.4065

# Details

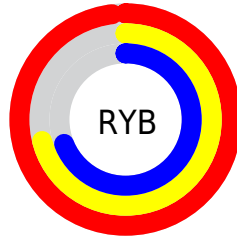
The CIELCh color **80, 27.797, 27.054** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **93, 22.459, 204.690**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 6.985, 41.174**, and **60, 27.645, 26.896** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 38.578, 28.115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 17.753, 26.275**.

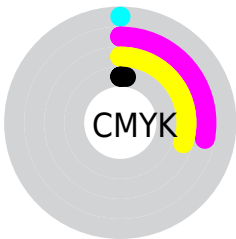
# Distribution



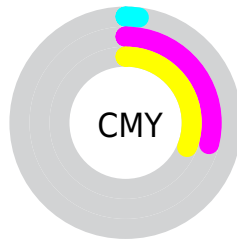
- Red (98%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (71%)
- Blue (69%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80, 27.797, 27.054

80, 27.797, 27.054

100, 27.797,  
27.054

70, 27.797, 27.054

60, 27.797, 27.054

50, 27.797, 27.054

40, 27.797, 27.054

30, 27.797, 27.054

20, 27.797, 27.054

10, 27.797, 27.054

0, 27.797, 27.054

80, 27.797, 27.054

80, 27.797, 27.054

74, 38.578, 28.115

86, 17.753, 26.275

69, 50.020, 29.523

92, 8.467, 25.675

64, 61.935, 31.365

99, 0.098, 212.106

60, 74.003, 33.676

100, 1.395,  
199.792

56, 85.667, 36.346

54, 95.769, 38.884

53, 102.396,  
40.495

53, 102.463,  
40.517

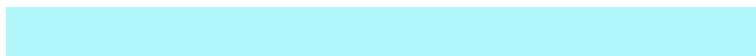
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 27.797, 27.054



93, 22.459, 204.690

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 27.797, 27.054



80, 27.797, 77.054



80, 27.797, 207.054



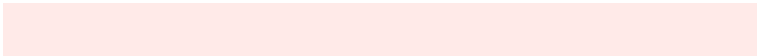
80, 27.797, 257.054

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 27.795, 27.059



94, 7.783, 25.627



81, 45.030, 327.992



49, 5.441, 25.707



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 27.795, 27.059



78, 34.757, 27.671



89, 25.609, 78.345



49, 4.846, 25.654



40, 82.463, 40.695



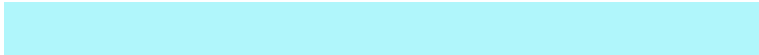
10, 30.851, 29.542





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



93, 22.459, 204.690



93, 26.698, 204.647



83, 24.368, 267.099



51, 4.555, 205.144



66, 36.690, 207.756



21, 16.754, 206.202



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

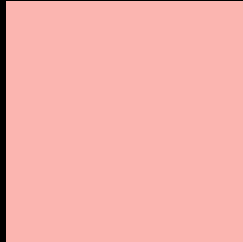
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

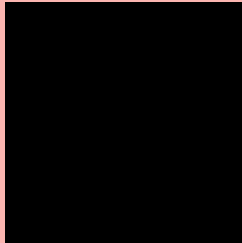
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 27.797, 27.054

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054.

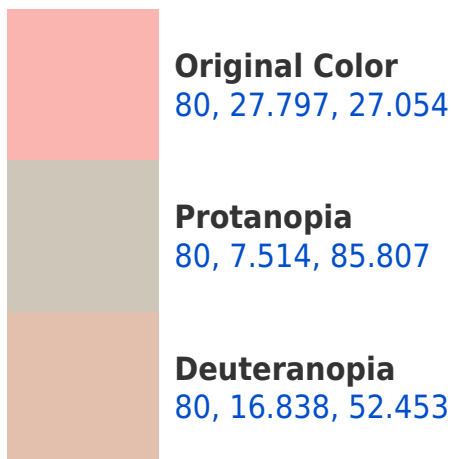



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 27.797, 27.054.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

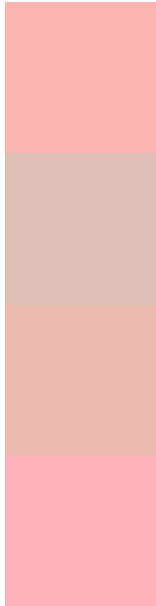




**Tritanopia**  
80, 28.997, 8.367



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 27.797, 27.054

**Protanomaly**  
80, 12.743, 44.665

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 20.391, 38.845

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 27.974, 15.366

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 27.797, 27.054

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
80, 9.487, 26.471

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 27.797, 27.054 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 181, 176)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 181, 176)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 181, 176) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 181, 176) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.797, 27.054 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 181, 176) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 181, 176) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 181, 176)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 181, 176); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 181, 176);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 181,  
176) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 27.797, 27.054 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 181, 176) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
181, 176) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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