

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 29.729, 9.822)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 29.729, 9.822) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(80, 29.729, 9.822)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEB2BE
RGB	254, 178, 190
RGB Percent	100%, 70%, 75%
CMY	0.0036, 0.3016, 0.2546
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	351°, 98%, 85%
HSV	351°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	66.1445, 56.6813, 56.2154
YIQ	202.0920, 41.4440, 19.8440

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

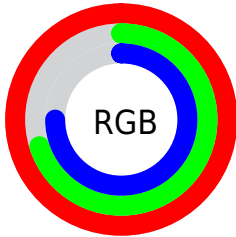
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	254, 178, 190
Decimal	16691902
CIE Lab	80.00, 29.29, 5.07
CIE LCh	80, 29.729, 9.822
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3694, 0.3166
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294881982 (0xFFFE2BE)
YUV	202.0920, -5.9614, 45.5233
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 25.0716, 8.4301

# Details

The CIELCh color **80, 29.729, 9.822** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **95, 25.771, 183.871**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 9.695, 340.592**, and **60, 29.579, 9.875** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 40.543, 11.466**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 19.276, 8.491**.

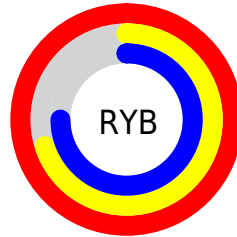
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (70%)

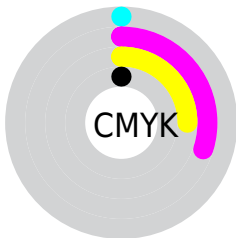
Blue (75%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (70%)

Blue (75%)

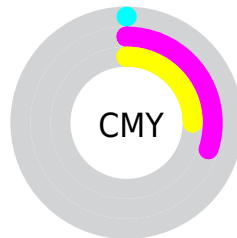


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (25%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80, 29.729, 9.822

80, 29.729, 9.822

100, 29.729, 9.822

70, 29.729, 9.822

60, 29.729, 9.822

50, 29.729, 9.822

40, 29.729, 9.822

30, 29.729, 9.822

20, 29.729, 9.822

10, 29.729, 9.822

0, 29.729, 9.822

80, 29.729, 9.822

80, 29.729, 9.822

74, 40.543, 11.466

86, 19.276, 8.491

68, 51.492, 13.522

93, 9.324, 7.365

63, 62.230, 16.132

100, 0.078,  
194.602

59, 72.347, 19.445

100, 0.317,  
201.479

56, 81.485, 23.565

54, 89.460, 28.421

53, 96.295, 33.458

53, 96.354, 33.498

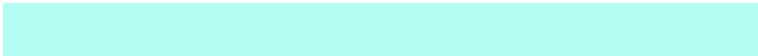
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 29.729, 9.822



95, 25.771, 183.871

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 29.729, 9.822



80, 29.729, 59.822



80, 29.729, 189.822



80, 29.729, 239.822

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 29.726, 9.826



94, 8.469, 7.268



81, 45.660, 321.166



49, 5.910, 7.423



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 29.726, 9.826



77, 36.387, 10.783



86, 24.201, 53.439



50, 5.358, 7.322



40, 77.077, 32.571



10, 32.233, 20.687





# Inverse Universe

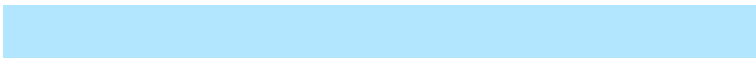
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 29.726, 9.826



77, 36.387, 10.783



88, 20.438, 239.165



50, 5.358, 7.322



40, 77.077, 32.571

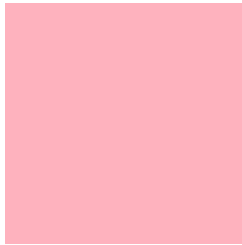


10, 32.233, 20.687



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

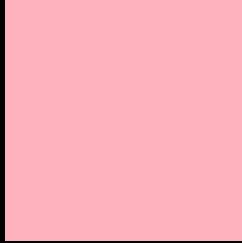
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 29.729, 9.822

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 29.729, 9.822.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80, 29.729, 9.822

### Protanopia

80, 1.955, 324.391

### Deuteranopia

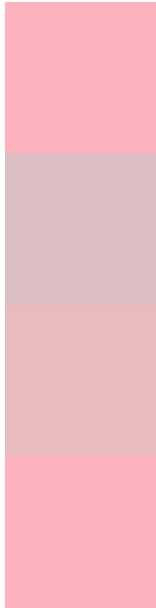
80, 11.625, 30.703



**Tritanopia**  
80, 29.783, 8.818



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 29.729, 9.822

**Protanomaly**  
80, 11.298, 3.957

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 18.000, 17.510

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 29.783, 8.818

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 29.729, 9.822

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 10.788, 6.052

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 29.729, 9.822 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 178, 190)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 178, 190)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 178, 190) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 178, 190) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 29.729, 9.822 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 178, 190) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 178, 190) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 178, 190)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 178, 190); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 178, 190);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 178,  
190) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 29.729, 9.822 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 178, 190) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
178, 190) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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