

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 3.719, 269.077)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 3.719, 269.077) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 3.486, 266.129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C3C7CD
RGB	195, 199, 205
RGB Percent	76%, 78%, 80%
CMY	0.2364, 0.2207, 0.1972
CMYK	0.05, 0.03, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	216°, 9%, 78%
HSV	216°, 5%, 80%
XYZ	53.7820, 56.6813, 65.6892
YIQ	198.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

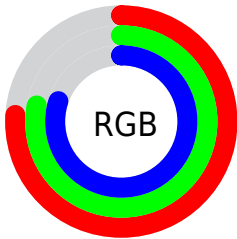
Format	Color
R _Y B	195, 198, 205
Decimal	12830669
CIE Lab	80.00, -0.24, -3.48
CIE LCh	80, 3.486, 266.129
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3053, 0.3218
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291020749 (0xFFC3C7CD)
YUV	198.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -4.2390, 0.9693

Details

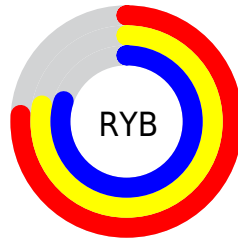
The CIELCh color `80, 3.486, 266.129` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `81, 3.487, 84.695`, and the grayscale version is `80, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `100, 1.042, 199.975`, and `60, 3.689, 266.324` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `75, 10.643, 267.487`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `85, 3.620, 84.695`.

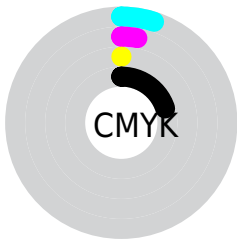
Distribution



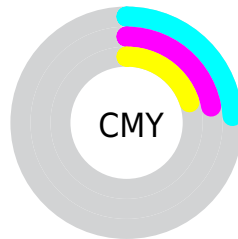
- Red (76%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (76%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 3.486, 266.129

■ 80, 3.486, 266.129

■ 100, 3.486,
266.129

■ 70, 3.486, 266.129

■ 60, 3.486, 266.129

■ 50, 3.486, 266.129

■ 40, 3.486, 266.129

■ 30, 3.486, 266.129

■ 20, 3.486, 266.129

■ 10, 3.486, 266.129

■ 0, 3.486, 266.129

■ 80, 3.486, 266.129

■ 80, 3.486, 266.129

75, 10.643,
267.487

85, 3.620, 84.695

71, 17.845,
269.167

89, 10.662, 83.679

66, 25.087,
271.149

94, 17.440, 84.047

61, 32.370,
273.478

97, 22.047,
101.468

57, 39.710,
276.199

99, 25.372,
108.253

52, 47.142,
279.335

48, 54.715,
282.870

44, 62.478,
286.724

40, 70.434,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



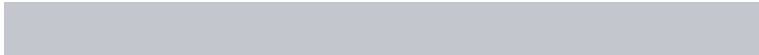
80, 3.486, 266.129



81, 3.487, 84.695

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 3.486, 266.129



80, 3.486, 316.129



80, 3.486, 86.129



80, 3.486, 136.129

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 3.485, 266.100



99, 0.860, 265.919



81, 4.269, 168.080



53, 0.489, 265.933



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 3.485, 266.100



97, 5.117, 266.244



79, 5.359, 293.877



41, 2.826, 266.307



31, 62.720, 292.053



4, 17.012, 278.508

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 4.273, 349.722



96, 6.286, 349.851



82, 5.286, 113.046



41, 3.473, 349.904



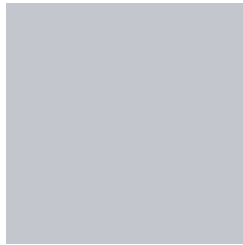
35, 61.379, 11.171



4, 19.092, 359.514

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

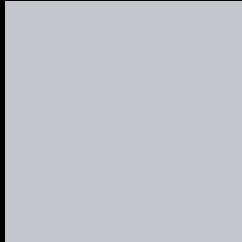
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

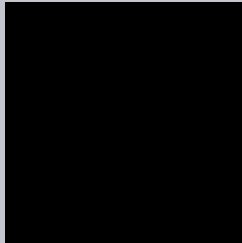
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

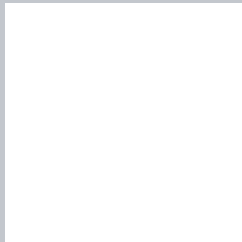
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 3.486, 266.129

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129.

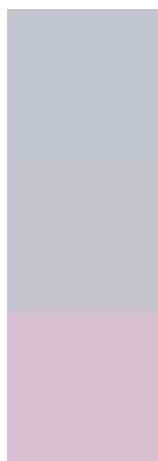


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 3.486, 266.129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

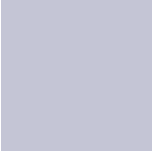
80, 3.486, 266.129

Protanopia

80, 3.907, 306.671

Deuteranopia

80, 11.009, 337.695



Tritanopia
80, 8.535, 288.572

Trichromacy



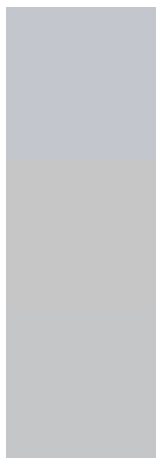
Original Color
80, 3.486, 266.129

Protanomaly
80, 3.203, 290.484

Deuteranomaly
80, 7.998, 326.904

Tritanomaly
80, 6.425, 284.396

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 3.486, 266.129

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 1.129, 271.521

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 3.486, 266.129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(195, 199, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(195, 199, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(195, 199, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(195, 199, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 3.486, 266.129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(195, 199, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(195, 199, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(195, 199, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(195, 199, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 199, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(195, 199,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 3.486, 266.129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(195, 199, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(195,  
199, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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