

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 3.757, 330.798)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 3.757, 330.798) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 3.474, 329.481)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBC5CA
RGB	203, 197, 202
RGB Percent	80%, 77%, 79%
CMY	0.2052, 0.2287, 0.2091
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	310°, 5%, 78%
HSV	310°, 3%, 79%
XYZ	55.0513, 56.6813, 63.7108
YIQ	199.3640, 1.9710, 2.8270

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

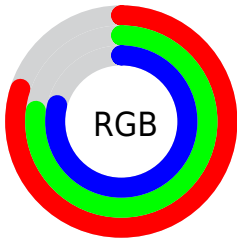
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 197, 202
Decimal	13354442
CIE Lab	80.00, 2.99, -1.76
CIE LCh	80, 3.474, 329.481
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3138, 0.3231
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291544522 (0xFFCBC5CA)
YUV	199.3640, 1.2995, 3.1888
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -1.2297, 2.5273

Details

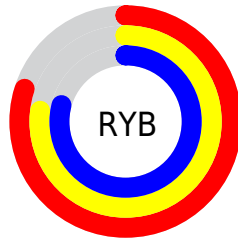
The CIELCh color $80, 3.474, 329.481$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81, 3.454, 149.303$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.630, 323.973$, and $60, 3.679, 329.561$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 15.296, 330.159$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 8.150, 149.023$.

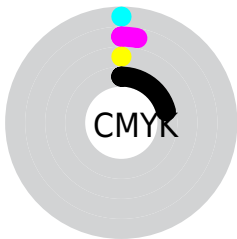
Distribution



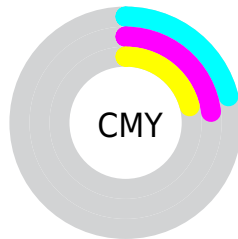
- Red (80%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 3.474, 329.481

■ 80, 3.474, 329.481

■ 100, 3.474,
329.481

■ 70, 3.474, 329.481

■ 60, 3.474, 329.481

■ 50, 3.474, 329.481

■ 40, 3.474, 329.481

■ 30, 3.474, 329.481

■ 20, 3.474, 329.481

■ 10, 3.474, 329.481

■ 0, 3.474, 329.481

■ 80, 3.474, 329.481

■ 80, 3.474, 329.481

75, 15.296,
330.159

85, 8.150, 149.023

70, 27.187,
330.794

91, 19.492,
148.440

65, 38.939,
331.438

96, 29.018,
148.223

61, 50.251,
332.093

96, 27.675,
150.442

56, 60.718,
332.757

96, 26.369,
152.874

53, 69.850,
333.432

96, 25.109,
155.544

50, 77.128,
334.127

96, 23.900,
158.478

48, 82.118,
334.860

96, 22.753,
161.705

47, 84.632,

96, 21.677,
165.252

335.656

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 3.474, 329.481



81, 3.454, 149.303

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 3.474, 329.481



80, 3.474, 19.481



80, 3.474, 149.481



80, 3.474, 199.481

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 3.472, 329.484



99, 1.418, 329.202



80, 3.230, 296.918



53, 0.806, 329.185



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 3.472, 329.484



97, 5.658, 329.573



80, 2.460, 353.769



42, 3.349, 329.620



38, 73.575, 336.123



5, 25.346, 333.824

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 3.472, 329.484



97, 5.658, 329.573



81, 2.432, 173.620



42, 3.349, 329.620



38, 73.575, 336.123



5, 25.346, 333.824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

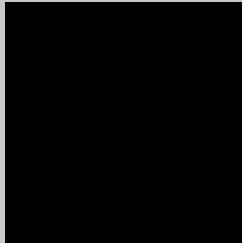
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

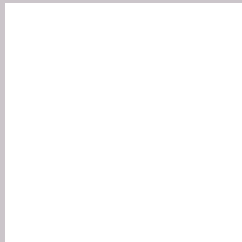
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 3.474, 329.481

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481.

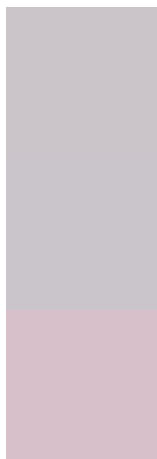


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 3.474, 329.481.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


80, 3.474, 329.481

Protanopia

80, 3.059, 318.851

Deuteranopia

80, 10.629, 346.891



Tritanopia
80, 9.168, 311.526

Trichromacy



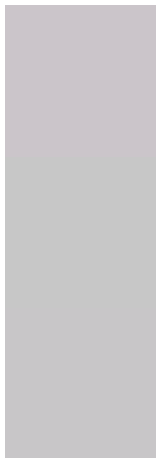
Original Color
80, 3.474, 329.481

Protanomaly
80, 3.252, 324.497

Deuteranomaly
80, 7.898, 342.698

Tritanomaly
80, 7.056, 314.881

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 3.474, 329.481

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 1.307, 324.299

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 3.474, 329.481 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 197, 202)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 197, 202)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 197, 202) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 197, 202) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 3.474, 329.481 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 197, 202) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 197, 202) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 197, 202)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 197, 202); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 197, 202);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 197,  
202) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 3.474, 329.481 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 197, 202) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
197, 202) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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