

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 33.581, 333.115)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 33.581, 333.115)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 33.657, 333.142)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1B3E3
RGB	241, 179, 227
RGB Percent	95%, 70%, 89%
CMY	0.0536, 0.2968, 0.1086
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.06, 0.05
HSL	314°, 69%, 82%
HSV	314°, 26%, 95%
XYZ	66.4733, 56.6813, 80.3358
YIQ	203.0100, 21.5440, 28.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

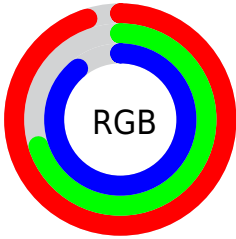
Format	Color
R_{YB}	241, 179, 227
Decimal	15840227
CIE _{Lab}	80.00, 30.03, -15.21
CIE _{LCh}	80, 33.657, 333.142
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3267, 0.2785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294030307 (0xFFFF1B3E3)
YUV	203.0100, 11.8271, 33.3172
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 25.8513, -10.5652

Details

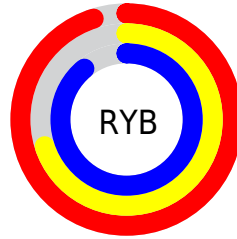
The CIELCh color $80, 33.657, 333.142$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `FFCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $90, 33.471, 149.518$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 12.482, 324.851$, and $60, 33.516, 332.796$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 46.571, 333.862$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 20.509, 332.450$.

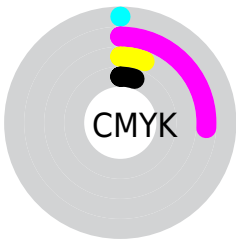
Distribution



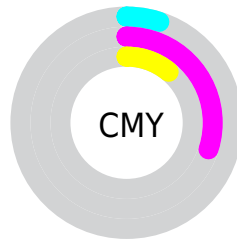
- Red (95%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (5%)





- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (11%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 33.657,
333.142


 80, 33.657,
333.142


 100, 33.657,
333.142


 70, 33.657,
333.142

 60, 33.657,
333.142

 50, 33.657,
333.142

 40, 33.657,
333.142

 30, 33.657,
333.142

 20, 33.657,
333.142

 10, 33.657,

333.142

0, 33.657, 333.142

80, 33.657,
333.142

80, 33.657,
333.142

75, 46.571,
333.862

86, 20.509,
332.450

69, 58.879,
334.612

92, 7.397, 331.762

65, 70.077,
335.403

98, 5.512, 151.252

99, 5.657, 167.221

61, 79.568,
336.250

99, 4.726, 196.571

58, 86.750,
337.178

99, 4.714, 199.247

■ 56, 91.179,
338.228

■ 55, 92.768,
339.448

■ 54, 92.878,
340.019

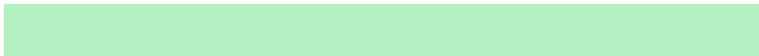
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 33.657, 333.142



90, 33.471, 149.518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 33.657, 333.142



80, 33.657, 23.142



80, 33.657, 153.142



80, 33.657, 203.142

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 33.654, 333.143



95, 10.878, 331.927



76, 33.841, 300.653



50, 7.739, 332.030



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 33.654, 333.143



81, 42.405, 333.527



79, 25.074, 359.900



47, 7.356, 332.026



41, 75.876, 339.768



9, 33.895, 337.818

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 33.654, 333.143



81, 42.405, 333.527



91, 23.131, 174.629



47, 7.356, 332.026



41, 75.876, 339.768



9, 33.895, 337.818

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

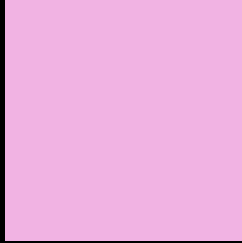
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

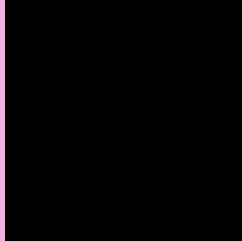
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 33.657, 333.142

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 33.657, 333.142.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 33.657, 333.142

Protanopia
80, 22.441, 286.223

Deuteranopia
80, 17.122, 305.757



Tritanopia
80, 21.728, 359.903

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 33.657, 333.142



Protanomaly
80, 24.380, 306.819



Deuteranomaly
80, 22.470, 319.858

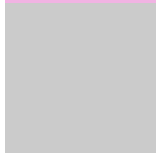


Tritanomaly
80, 25.352, 347.304

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 33.657, 333.142



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 12.742, 331.788

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 33.657, 333.142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 179, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 179, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 179, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 179, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 33.657, 333.142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 179, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 179, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 179, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 179, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 179, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 179,  
227) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 33.657, 333.142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 179, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
179, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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