

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 34.105, 295.289)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 34.105, 295.289)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 33.684, 295.287)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 33.684, 295.287)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C4C0FF
RGB	196, 192, 255
RGB Percent	77%, 75%, 100%
CMY	0.2312, 0.2469, 0.0000
CMYK	0.23, 0.25, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	244°, 100%, 88%
HSV	244°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	59.6914, 56.6813, 102.4384
YIQ	200.3780, -17.8390, 20.4410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

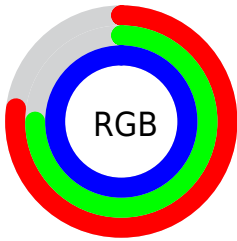
Format	Color
RYB	196, 192, 255
Decimal	12894463
CIELab	80.00, 14.39, -30.46
CIElCh	80, 33.684, 295.287
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2728, 0.2590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291084543 (0xFFC4C0FF)
YUV	200.3780, 26.9286, -3.8395
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 9.7717, -27.9714

Details

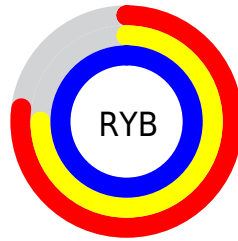
The CIELCh color `80, 33.684, 295.287` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be `98, 31.742, 110.511`, and the grayscale version is `81, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `98, 4.002, 316.244`, and `60, 33.390, 294.928` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `72, 48.302, 296.664`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `88, 19.616, 294.106`.

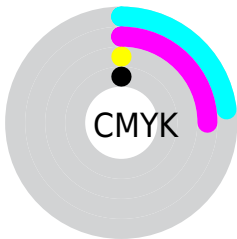
Distribution



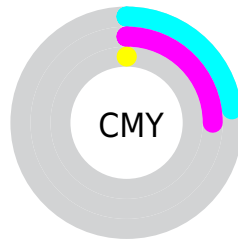
- Red (77%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 80, 33.684,
295.287

■ 80, 33.684,
295.287

■ 100, 33.684,
295.287

■ 70, 33.684,
295.287

■ 60, 33.684,
295.287

■ 50, 33.684,
295.287

■ 40, 33.684,
295.287

■ 30, 33.684,
295.287

■ 20, 33.684,
295.287

■ 10, 33.684,

295.287

0, 33.684, 295.287

80, 33.684,
295.287

80, 33.684,
295.287

72, 48.302,
296.664

88, 19.616,
294.106

64, 63.539,
298.250

96, 6.143, 293.105

56, 79.260,
300.027

100, 0.012,
296.813

49, 95.109,
301.921

42, 110.215,
303.766

■ 37, 122.919,
305.286

■ 34, 131.075,
306.174

■ 33, 133.522,
306.421

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 33.684, 295.287



98, 31.742, 110.511

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 33.684, 295.287



80, 33.684, 345.287



80, 33.684, 115.287



80, 33.684, 165.287

Sweetspot

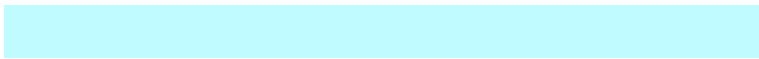
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 33.659, 295.286



94, 9.209, 293.320



95, 19.481, 203.019



50, 5.990, 293.378



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 33.659, 295.286



76, 41.361, 295.992



82, 35.475, 311.925



49, 7.515, 293.565



23, 107.462, 306.469



4, 44.279, 303.026

Inverse Universe

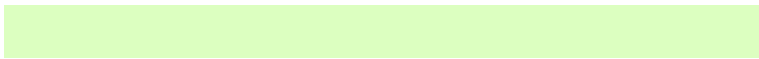
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85, 37.821, 327.601



82, 45.889, 327.905



96, 34.413, 129.673



50, 8.673, 326.714



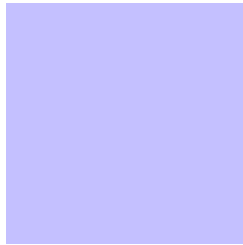
45, 88.547, 330.940



12, 40.982, 330.594

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

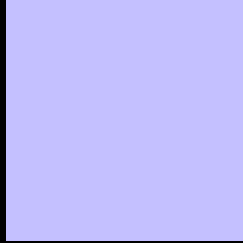
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

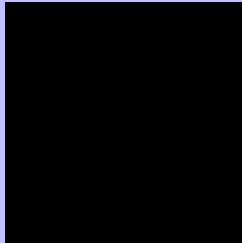
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 33.684, 295.287

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287.

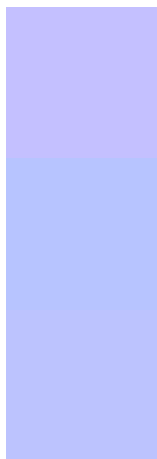


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 33.684, 295.287.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 33.684, 295.287

Protanopia

80, 31.585, 285.477

Deuteranopia

80, 31.472, 288.869



Tritanopia
80, 9.271, 266.492

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 33.684, 295.287

Protanomaly
80, 32.000, 288.989

Deuteranomaly
80, 31.992, 291.256

Tritanomaly
80, 18.180, 286.452

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 33.684, 295.287

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 12.291, 294.529

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 33.684, 295.287 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(196, 192, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(196, 192, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(196, 192, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(196, 192, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 33.684, 295.287 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(196, 192, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(196, 192, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(196, 192, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(196, 192, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(196, 192,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 33.684, 295.287 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(196, 192, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(196,  
192, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor