

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 34.478, 45.554)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 34.478, 45.554) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(80, 34.021, 46.012)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB59A
RGB	255, 181, 154
RGB Percent	100%, 71%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2899, 0.3958
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	16°, 100%, 80%
HSV	16°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	63.6396, 56.6813, 38.1851
YIQ	200.0480, 52.7710, 7.2910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

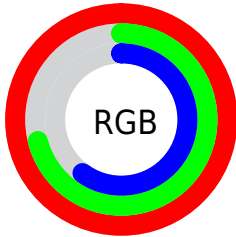
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 191, 154
Decimal	16758170
CIE Lab	80.00, 23.63, 24.48
CIE LCh	80, 34.021, 46.012
Yxy	56.6813, 0.4015, 0.3576
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294948250 (0xFFFFB59A)
YUV	200.0480, -22.7017, 48.1929
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 19.1326, 22.6294

# Details

The CIELCh color **80, 34.021, 46.012** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **87, 26.004, 231.391**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 15.855, 83.851**, and **60, 33.853, 46.088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 44.325, 45.962**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **85, 24.390, 46.254**.

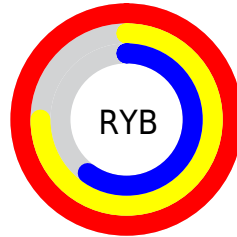
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (71%)

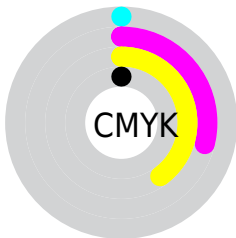
Blue (60%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (60%)

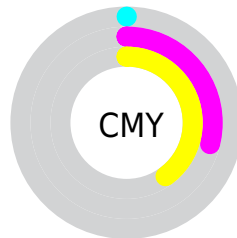


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80, 34.021, 46.012

 80, 34.021, 46.012

 100, 34.021,  
46.012

 70, 34.021, 46.012

 60, 34.021, 46.012

 50, 34.021, 46.012

 40, 34.021, 46.012

 30, 34.021, 46.012

 20, 34.021, 46.012

 10, 34.021, 46.012

 0, 34.021, 46.012

 80, 34.021, 46.012

 80, 34.021, 46.012

75, 44.325, 45.962

85, 24.390, 46.254

71, 55.328, 46.045

90, 15.503, 46.587

67, 66.814, 46.259

95, 7.290, 46.984

63, 78.311, 46.477

100, 0.012,  
296.813

60, 88.755, 46.348

58, 96.560, 45.399

57, 96.860, 45.369

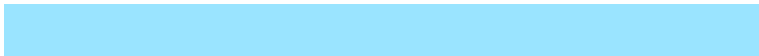
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 34.021, 46.012



87, 26.004, 231.391

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 34.021, 46.012



80, 34.021, 96.012



80, 34.021, 226.012



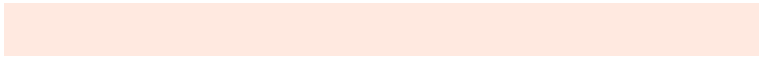
80, 34.021, 276.012

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 33.994, 46.036



94, 9.216, 46.888



76, 52.333, 335.836



49, 6.145, 46.835



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 33.994, 46.036



77, 41.588, 45.966



92, 40.642, 93.454



50, 4.323, 46.987



43, 77.521, 45.890



13, 28.999, 41.462





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 26.004, 231.391



85, 29.942, 232.648



73, 42.247, 284.631



51, 4.093, 228.230



55, 37.668, 249.955



17, 16.710, 243.306



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

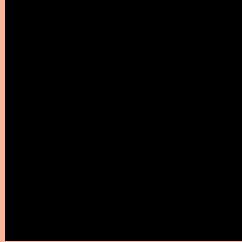
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 34.021, 46.012

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.021, 46.012.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80, 34.021, 46.012

### Protanopia

80, 19.640, 94.473

### Deuteranopia

80, 27.110, 69.143



**Tritanopia**  
80, 30.110, 10.020



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 34.021, 46.012

**Protanomaly**  
80, 22.364, 70.941

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 28.882, 58.761

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 29.979, 23.908

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 34.021, 46.012

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
80, 11.664, 47.010

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 34.021, 46.012 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 181, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 181, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 181, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 181, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.021, 46.012 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 181, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 181, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 181, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 181, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 181,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.021, 46.012 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 181, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
181, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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