

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 34.952, 164.188)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 34.952, 164.188)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 34.878, 164.645)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	82D7B4
RGB	130, 215, 180
RGB Percent	51%, 84%, 71%
CMY	0.4899, 0.1566, 0.2939
CMYK	0.40, 0.00, 0.16, 0.16
HSL	155°, 52%, 68%
HSV	155°, 40%, 84%
XYZ	41.7761, 56.6813, 51.9510
YIQ	185.5950, -39.4250, -28.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

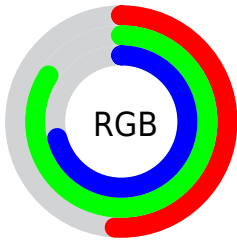
Format	Color
RYB	130, 184, 215
Decimal	8574900
CIELab	80.00, -33.63, 9.24
CIELCh	80, 34.878, 164.645
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2778, 0.3768
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286764980 (0xFF82D7B4)
YUV	185.5950, -2.7583, -48.7568
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -32.7040, 11.7885

Details

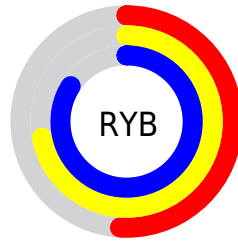
The CIELCh color **80, 34.878, 164.645** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CC99**. A complement of this color would be **64, 37.541, 353.056**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 25.271, 175.043**, and **60, 35.163, 164.389** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 42.833, 163.317**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 26.429, 165.832**.

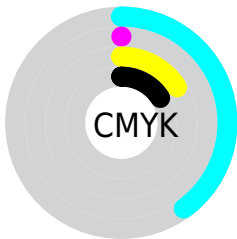
Distribution



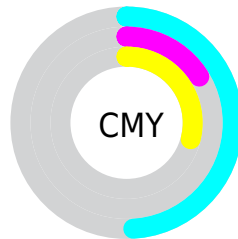
- Red (51%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (71%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (29%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 34.878,
164.645


 80, 34.878,
164.645


 100, 34.878,
164.645


 70, 34.878,
164.645

 60, 34.878,
164.645

 50, 34.878,
164.645

 40, 34.878,
164.645

 30, 34.878,
164.645

 20, 34.878,
164.645

 10, 34.878,

164.645

■ 0, 34.878, 164.645

■ 80, 34.878,
164.645

■ 80, 34.878,
164.645

■ 79, 42.833,
163.317

■ 81, 26.429,
165.832

■ 78, 50.142,
161.825

■ 83, 17.635,
166.906

■ 77, 56.678,
160.143

■ 84, 8.639, 167.900

■ 77, 62.359,
158.252

■ 86, 0.439, 347.679

■ 88, 9.498, 349.502

■ 76, 67.174,
156.150

■ 90, 17.196,
347.597

■ 76, 71.265,
153.895

■ 90, 19.962,
336.384

■ 76, 71.454,
153.791

■ 90, 23.329,
328.246

■ 90, 25.017,
325.296

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 34.878, 164.645



64, 37.541, 353.056

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 34.878, 164.645



80, 34.878, 214.645



80, 34.878, 344.645



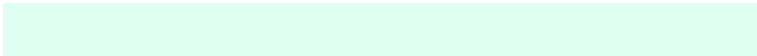
80, 34.878, 34.645

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 34.879, 164.644



98, 12.490, 167.647



81, 48.134, 130.089



52, 8.281, 167.517



0, 0.000, 0.000



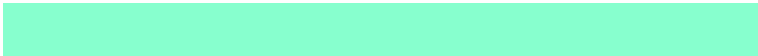
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 34.879, 164.644



92, 46.892, 163.604



79, 24.779, 206.569



44, 5.131, 167.911



62, 59.742, 154.187



15, 21.429, 159.205

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64, 37.541, 353.056



71, 51.104, 354.307



65, 33.187, 29.316



42, 5.225, 349.490



36, 62.679, 10.196



5, 22.805, 359.950

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

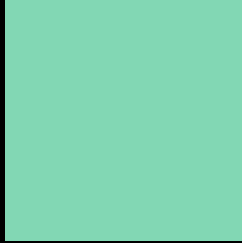
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

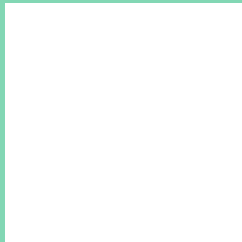
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 34.878, 164.645

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645.

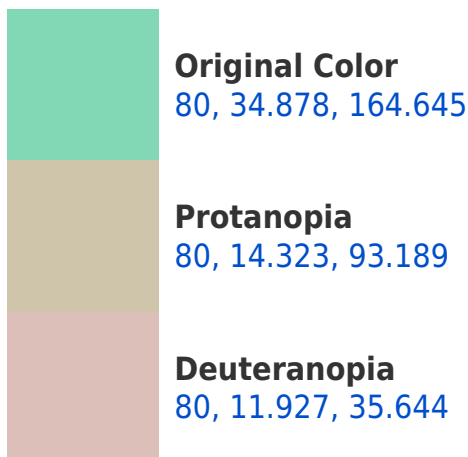


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 34.878, 164.645.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 22.907, 221.517

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 34.878, 164.645



Protanomaly
80, 18.549, 139.082



Deuteranomaly
79, 10.124, 135.575

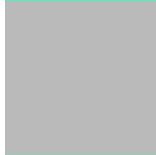


Tritanomaly
80, 24.174, 195.140

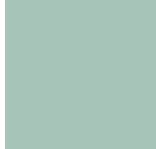
Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 34.878, 164.645



Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 13.335, 166.848

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 34.878, 164.645 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 215, 180)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 215, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 215, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 215, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.878, 164.645 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 215, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 215, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 215, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 215, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 215, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 215,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 34.878, 164.645 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 215, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
215, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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