

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 35.994, 236.746)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 35.994, 236.746)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 36.193, 237.532)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | 64D3FE |
| RGB | 100, 211, 254 |
| RGB Percent | 39%, 83%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.6062, 0.1711, 0.0024 |
| CMYK | 0.61, 0.17, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 197°, 99%, 70% |
| HSV | 197°, 61%, 100% |
| XYZ | 46.6358, 56.6813, 102.5629 |
| YIQ | 182.7130, -79.9590, -10.1590 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

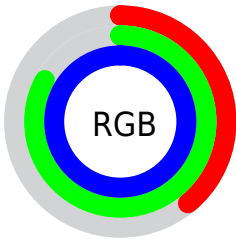
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| RYB | 100, 165, 254 |
| Decimal | 6607870 |
| CIELab | 80.00, -19.43, -30.54 |
| CIELCh | 80, 36.193, 237.532 |
| Yxy | 56.6813, 0.2265, 0.2753 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4284797950 (0xFF64D3FE) |
| YUV | 182.7130, 35.1445, -72.5393 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.2870, -21.1822, -28.0695 |

Details

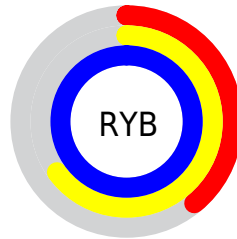
The CIELCh color **80, 36.193, 237.532** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66CCFF**. A complement of this color would be **71, 55.973, 47.072**, and the grayscale version is **74, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 28.614, 197.654**, and **60, 36.180, 237.784** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77, 39.977, 240.522**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **83, 31.686, 235.142**.

Distribution



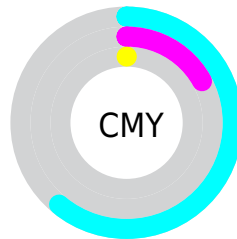
- Red (39%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (0%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 36.193,
237.532


 80, 36.193,
237.532


 100, 36.193,
237.532


 70, 36.193,
237.532

 60, 36.193,
237.532

 50, 36.193,
237.532

 40, 36.193,
237.532

 30, 36.193,
237.532

 20, 36.193,
237.532

 10, 36.193,

237.532

0, 36.193, 237.532

80, 36.193,
237.532

80, 36.193,
237.532

77, 39.977,
240.522

83, 31.686,
235.142

75, 43.080,
244.193

86, 26.488,
233.258

72, 45.626,
248.575

89, 20.668,
231.788

70, 47.768,
253.245

93, 14.315,
230.654

96, 7.524, 229.804

100, 0.383,

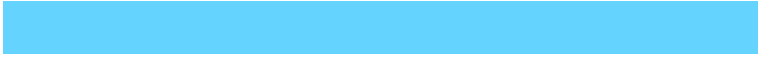
230.651

100, 0.305,
109.902

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 36.193, 237.532



71, 55.973, 47.072

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 36.193, 237.532



80, 36.193, 287.532



80, 36.193, 57.532



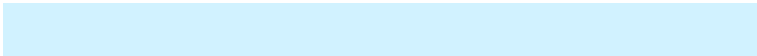
80, 36.193, 107.532

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 36.192, 237.531



94, 12.667, 230.414



90, 76.686, 146.769



49, 8.734, 230.693



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 36.192, 237.531



77, 40.886, 241.370



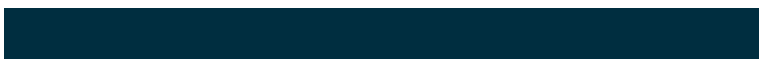
60, 66.617, 289.828



51, 4.084, 229.735



54, 38.280, 252.305



17, 16.886, 245.497

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66, 75.443, 338.296



61, 85.807, 339.669



88, 61.323, 90.691



50, 7.449, 334.077



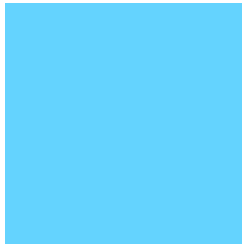
43, 75.320, 343.440



11, 35.458, 341.117

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

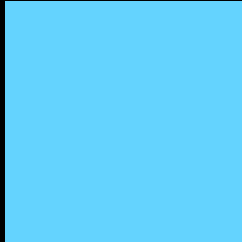
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

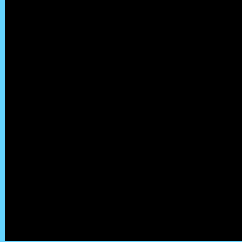
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

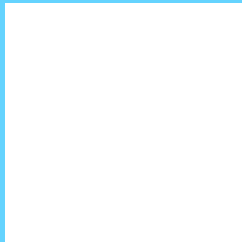
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 36.193, 237.532

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532.



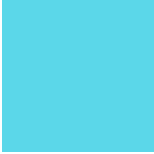
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 36.193, 237.532.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

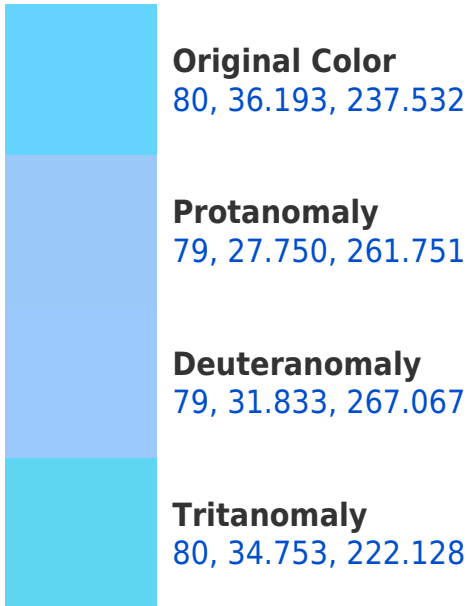
Dichromacy



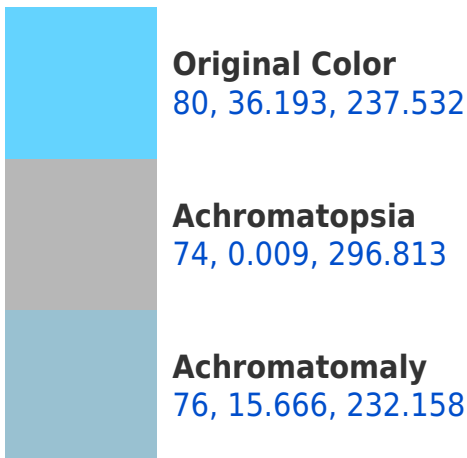


Tritanopia
80, 34.807, 213.386

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 36.193, 237.532 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(100, 211, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(100, 211, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(100, 211, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(100, 211, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 36.193, 237.532 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(100, 211, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(100, 211, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(100, 211, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(100, 211, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 211, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(100, 211,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 36.193, 237.532 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(100, 211, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(100,  
211, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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