

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 38.874, 336.126)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 38.874, 336.126)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 38.569, 336.192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FAAFE4 |
| RGB | 250, 175, 228 |
| RGB Percent | 98%, 69%, 89% |
| CMY | 0.0190, 0.3131, 0.1053 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.30, 0.09, 0.02 |
| HSL | 318°, 89%, 83% |
| HSV | 318°, 30%, 98% |
| XYZ | 68.8652, 56.6813, 80.8218 |
| YIQ | 203.4670, 27.6870, 32.3830 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

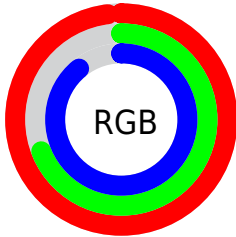
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 250, 175, 228 |
| Decimal | 16429028 |
| CIE Lab | 80.00, 35.29, -15.57 |
| CIE LCh | 80, 38.569, 336.192 |
| Yxy | 56.6813, 0.3337, 0.2747 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294619108 (0xFFFAAFE4) |
| YUV | 203.4670, 12.0948, 40.8094 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.2870, 31.5221, -10.9479 |

Details

The CIELCh color **80, 38.569, 336.192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **92, 38.175, 151.576**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94, 14.992, 324.942**, and **60, 39.151, 336.073** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 51.103, 337.024**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 25.681, 335.414**.

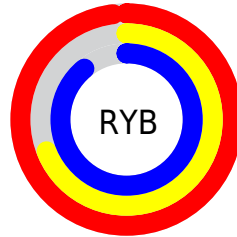
Distribution



Red (98%)

Green (69%)

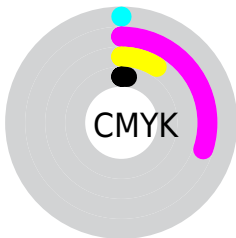
Blue (89%)



Red (98%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (89%)

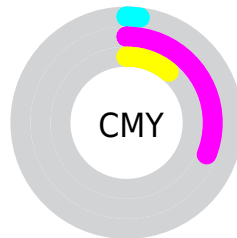


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (2%)



Cyan (2%)


Magenta (31%)


Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 38.569,
336.192


 80, 38.569,
336.192


 100, 38.569,
336.192


 70, 38.569,
336.192


 60, 38.569,
336.192

 50, 38.569,
336.192

 40, 38.569,
336.192

 30, 38.569,
336.192

 20, 38.569,
336.192

 10, 38.569,

336.192

0, 38.569, 336.192

80, 38.569,
336.192

80, 38.569,
336.192

74, 51.103,
337.024

86, 25.681,
335.414

69, 62.858,
337.924

92, 12.754,
334.673

65, 73.271,
338.918

98, 0.014, 182.880

61, 81.711,
340.042

100, 1.680,
199.693

58, 87.595,
341.352

■ 57, 90.592,
342.922

■ 56, 91.042,
344.800

■ 56, 91.042,
344.803

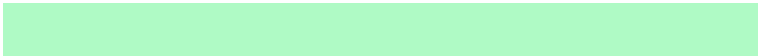
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 38.569, 336.192



92, 38.175, 151.576

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 38.569, 336.192



80, 38.569, 26.192



80, 38.569, 156.192



80, 38.569, 206.192

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 38.566, 336.193



94, 11.670, 334.601



76, 41.207, 303.305



49, 8.118, 334.709



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 38.566, 336.193



78, 46.898, 336.689



79, 29.742, 5.383



49, 7.254, 334.637



42, 73.903, 344.431



10, 34.276, 341.819

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 38.566, 336.193



78, 46.898, 336.689



93, 26.388, 179.127



49, 7.254, 334.637



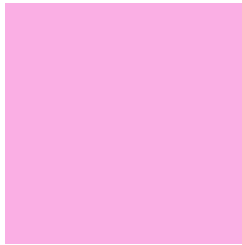
42, 73.903, 344.431



10, 34.276, 341.819

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

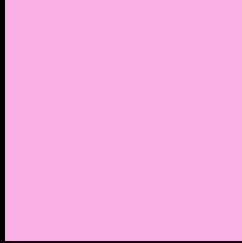
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 38.569, 336.192

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 38.569, 336.192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 25.660, 4.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 38.569, 336.192



Protanomaly
80, 27.336, 308.302



Deuteranomaly
80, 24.271, 322.471

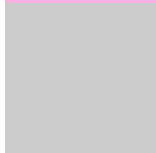


Tritanomaly
80, 29.424, 351.903

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 38.569, 336.192



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 14.109, 334.950

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 38.569, 336.192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(250, 175, 228)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(250, 175, 228)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(250, 175, 228) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(250, 175, 228) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 38.569, 336.192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(250, 175, 228) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(250, 175, 228) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(250, 175, 228)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(250, 175, 228); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 175, 228);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(250, 175,  
228) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 38.569, 336.192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(250, 175, 228) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(250,  
175, 228) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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