

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 38.915, 149.639)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 38.915, 149.639)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 38.539, 150.127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8ED6A1
RGB	142, 214, 161
RGB Percent	56%, 84%, 63%
CMY	0.4415, 0.1591, 0.3671
CMYK	0.34, 0.00, 0.25, 0.16
HSL	136°, 47%, 70%
HSV	136°, 34%, 84%
XYZ	41.8469, 56.6813, 42.6380
YIQ	186.4300, -25.8990, -31.7470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

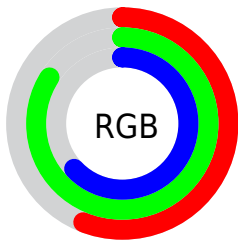
Format	Color
RYB	142, 199, 214
Decimal	9361057
CIELab	80.00, -33.42, 19.20
CIElCh	80, 38.539, 150.127
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2964, 0.4015
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287551137 (0xFF8ED6A1)
YUV	186.4300, -12.5370, -38.9651
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -32.5362, 19.1226

Details

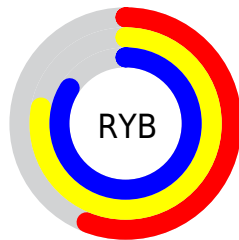
The CIELCh color $80, 38.539, 150.127$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $99CC99$. A complement of this color would be $68, 38.854, 335.210$, and the grayscale version is $76, 0.009, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $95, 28.463, 153.185$, and $60, 38.644, 149.882$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79, 49.615, 149.018$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $81, 27.139, 151.088$.

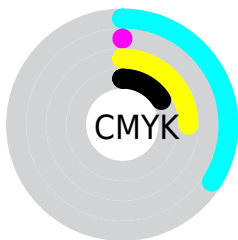
Distribution



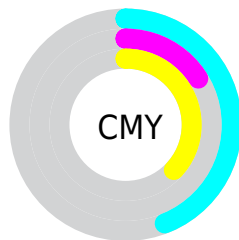
- Red (56%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (84%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 38.539,
150.127


 80, 38.539,
150.127


 100, 38.539,
150.127


 70, 38.539,
150.127

 60, 38.539,
150.127

 50, 38.539,
150.127

 40, 38.539,
150.127

 30, 38.539,
150.127

 20, 38.539,
150.127

 10, 38.539,

150.127

■ 0, 38.539, 150.127

■ 80, 38.539,
150.127

■ 80, 38.539,
150.127

■ 79, 49.615,
149.018

■ 81, 27.139,
151.088

■ 78, 60.144,
147.743

■ 83, 15.604,
151.927

■ 77, 69.894,
146.290

■ 85, 4.092, 152.709

■ 76, 78.643,
144.662

■ 87, 7.277, 333.206

■ 76, 86.200,
142.890

■ 89, 18.416,
333.787

■ 90, 25.420,
325.310

■ 75, 92.429,
141.038

■ 75, 95.760,
139.908

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 38.539, 150.127



68, 38.854, 335.210

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 38.539, 150.127



80, 38.539, 200.127



80, 38.539, 330.127



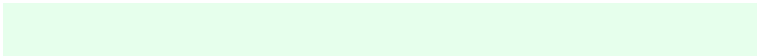
80, 38.539, 20.127

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 38.540, 150.127



98, 13.196, 152.197



83, 37.990, 117.797



52, 9.010, 152.088



0, 0.000, 0.000



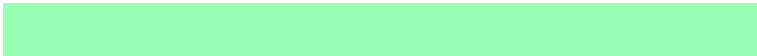
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 38.540, 150.127



92, 52.573, 149.389



81, 26.451, 176.218



44, 6.499, 152.249



61, 80.264, 140.217



14, 28.015, 145.920

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68, 38.854, 335.210



76, 52.964, 335.746



67, 29.821, 3.416



42, 6.527, 333.449



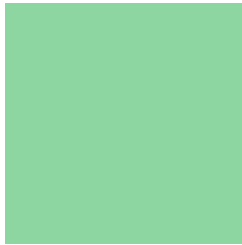
38, 70.109, 342.191



6, 27.154, 339.086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

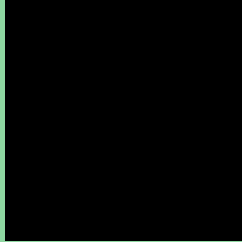
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 38.539, 150.127

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127.

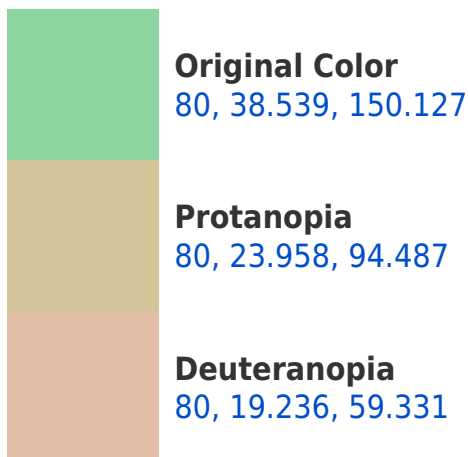


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 38.539, 150.127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 18.621, 227.691

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 38.539, 150.127



Protanomaly
79, 25.685, 122.880



Deuteranomaly
79, 18.047, 112.234



Tritanomaly
80, 20.640, 185.922

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 38.539, 150.127



Achromatopsia
76, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
77, 14.088, 152.171

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 38.539, 150.127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 214, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 214, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 214, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 214, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 38.539, 150.127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 214, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 214, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 214, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 214, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 214, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 214,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 38.539, 150.127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 214, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
214, 161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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