

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 41.065, 227.174)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 41.065, 227.174)  
contains.

<b>CIELCh(80, 40.974, 227.228)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	21
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(80, 40.974, 227.228)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	37D7FD
RGB	55, 215, 253
RGB Percent	22%, 84%, 99%
CMY	0.7858, 0.1556, 0.0065
CMYK	0.78, 0.15, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	191°, 98%, 60%
HSV	191°, 78%, 99%
XYZ	43.7203, 56.6813, 101.8454
YIQ	171.4920, -107.5580, -22.1020

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

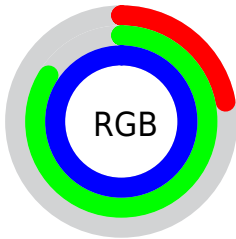
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	55, 143, 253
Decimal	3659773
CIE Lab	80.00, -27.82, -30.08
CIE LCh	80, 40.974, 227.228
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2162, 0.2803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281849853 (0xFF37D7FD)
YUV	171.4920, 40.1834, -102.1635
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -28.0944, -27.5044

# Details

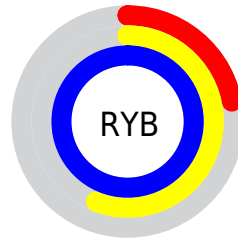
The CIELCh color **80, 40.974, 227.228** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **61, 79.644, 41.802**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 36.016, 197.208**, and **61, 35.824, 232.161** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 42.572, 230.248**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 38.509, 224.812**.

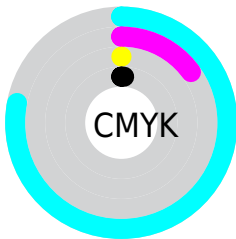
# Distribution



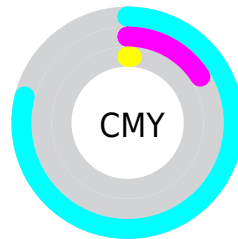
- Red (22%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (79%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 80, 40.974,  
227.228

 80, 40.974,  
227.228

 100, 40.974,  
227.228


 70, 40.974,  
227.228

 60, 40.974,  
227.228

 50, 40.974,  
227.228

 40, 40.974,  
227.228

 30, 40.974,  
227.228

 20, 40.974,  
227.228

 10, 40.974,

227.228

0, 40.974, 227.228

80, 40.974,  
227.228

80, 40.974,  
227.228

78, 42.572,  
230.248

82, 38.509,  
224.812

77, 43.492,  
233.882

84, 35.115,  
222.926

77, 43.618,  
234.472

86, 30.808,  
221.486

89, 25.659,  
220.412

91, 19.770,  
219.632

■ 94, 13.259,  
219.093

■ 97, 6.241, 218.774

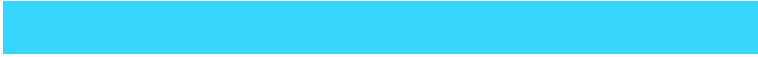
■ 100, 0.487, 69.215

■ 100, 0.832,  
110.023

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 40.974, 227.228



61, 79.644, 41.802

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 40.974, 227.228



80, 40.974, 277.228



80, 40.974, 47.228



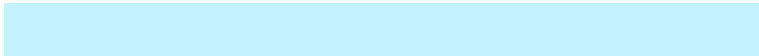
80, 40.974, 97.228

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 40.973, 227.228



93, 17.038, 219.366



88, 99.581, 141.256



49, 11.559, 219.576



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 40.973, 227.228



78, 43.361, 232.215



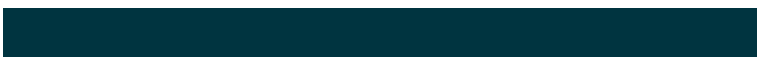
53, 78.247, 290.579



52, 4.214, 218.795



59, 35.260, 233.758



19, 16.136, 228.717



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 93.832, 335.753



58, 99.099, 337.218



81, 72.880, 81.348



50, 7.932, 330.789



43, 80.201, 337.656

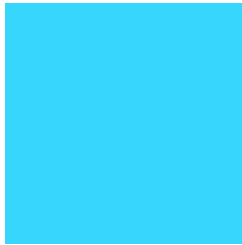


11, 37.544, 336.309



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

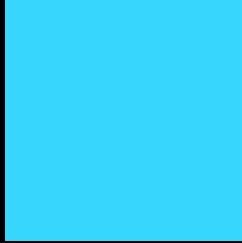
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 80, 40.974, 227.228**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 40.974, 227.228.

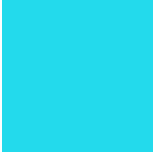
# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
80, 41.660, 210.244

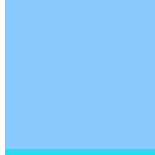
# Trichromacy



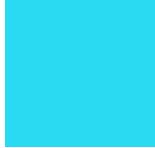
**Original Color**  
80, 40.893, 227.298



**Protanomaly**  
79, 28.573, 250.838



**Deuteranomaly**  
79, 32.857, 257.021

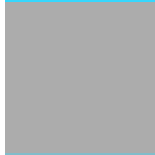


**Tritanomaly**  
80, 41.085, 216.080

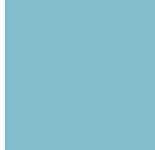
# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 40.893, 227.298



**Achromatopsia**  
70, 0.009, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
73, 20.309, 220.238

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 40.974, 227.228 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 215, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 215, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 215, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 215, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 40.974, 227.228 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 215, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 215, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(55, 215, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 215, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 215, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 215,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 40.974, 227.228 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 215, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 215,  
253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor