

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 43.214, 17.358)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 43.214, 17.358) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(78, 34.282, 15.514)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFA9B1
RGB	255, 169, 177
RGB Percent	100%, 66%, 69%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3360, 0.3047
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 0.30, 0.00
HSL	354°, 100%, 83%
HSV	354°, 34%, 100%
XYZ	63.9825, 53.2120, 48.6505
YIQ	195.6260, 48.6880, 20.7200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

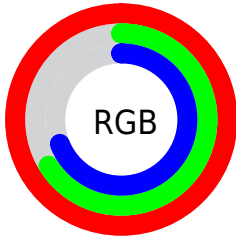
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 169, 177
Decimal	16755121
CIE Lab	78.00, 33.03, 9.17
CIE LCh	78, 34.282, 15.514
Yxy	53.2120, 0.3858, 0.3209
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294945201 (0xFFFFA9B1)
YUV	195.6260, -9.1826, 52.0710
Hunter-Lab	72.9466, 28.9086, 11.5201

# Details

The CIELCh color **78, 34.282, 15.514** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9999**. A complement of this color would be **95, 27.802, 189.126**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 11.599, 359.416**, and **58, 33.614, 14.970** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **72, 44.887, 17.081**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **84, 22.975, 13.961**.

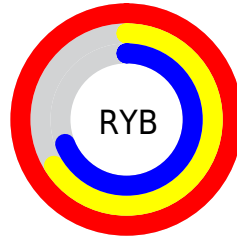
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (66%)

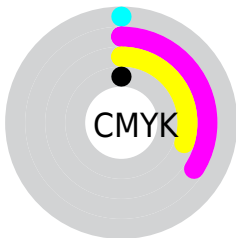
Blue (69%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (69%)

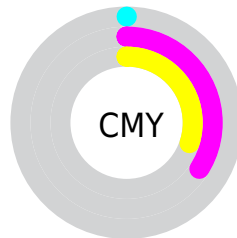


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (30%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 78, 34.282, 15.514

 78, 34.282, 15.514

 100, 34.282,  
15.514

 68, 34.282, 15.514

 98, 34.282, 15.514

 58, 34.282, 15.514

 48, 34.282, 15.514

 38, 34.282, 15.514

 28, 34.282, 15.514

 18, 34.282, 15.514

 8, 34.282, 15.514

 0, 34.282, 15.514

 78, 34.282, 15.514

 78, 34.282, 15.514

72, 44.887, 17.081

84, 22.975, 13.961

66, 56.258, 19.301

91, 12.814, 12.839

62, 67.479, 22.138

98, 3.281, 11.796

58, 78.150, 25.697

100, 0.012,  
296.813

55, 87.898, 29.944

54, 96.268, 34.485

53, 100.579,  
37.022

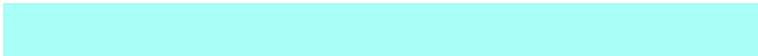
# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



78, 34.282, 15.514



95, 27.802, 189.126

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



78, 34.282, 15.514



78, 34.282, 65.514



78, 34.282, 195.514



78, 34.282, 245.514

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



78, 33.711, 15.341



93, 9.308, 12.477



79, 52.224, 323.340



49, 6.381, 12.616



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



78, 33.711, 15.341



74, 40.825, 16.406



86, 27.581, 60.502



50, 5.283, 12.427



40, 80.299, 36.294



10, 32.648, 23.399





# Inverse Universe

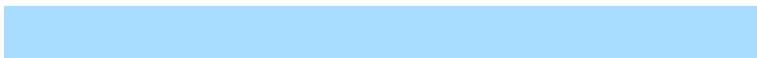
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 33.711, 15.341



74, 40.825, 16.406



86, 23.590, 248.797



50, 5.283, 12.427



40, 80.299, 36.294



10, 32.648, 23.399



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

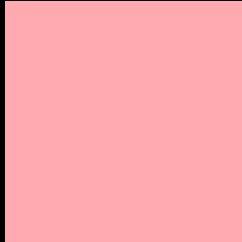
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 78, 34.282, 15.514

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 78, 34.282, 15.514.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

78, 33.849, 15.371

### Protanopia

78, 2.130, 49.342

### Deuteranopia

78, 14.070, 47.155



**Tritanopia**  
78, 33.898, 10.919



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 33.849, 15.371



**Protanomaly**  
78, 12.979, 18.098



**Deuteranomaly**  
78, 20.197, 28.528



**Tritanomaly**  
78, 33.851, 12.698

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
78, 33.849, 15.371



**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813



**Achromatomaly**  
78, 11.835, 12.610

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 78, 34.282, 15.514 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 169, 177)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 169, 177)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 169, 177) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 169, 177) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 78, 34.282, 15.514 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 169, 177) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 169, 177) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 169, 177)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 169, 177); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 169, 177);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 169,  
177) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 78, 34.282, 15.514 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 169, 177) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
169, 177) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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