

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 43.609, 196.471)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 43.609, 196.471)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 43.585, 196.466)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	21DCDC
RGB	33, 220, 220
RGB Percent	13%, 86%, 86%
CMY	0.8704, 0.1372, 0.1372
CMYK	0.85, 0.00, 0.00, 0.14
HSL	180°, 74%, 50%
HSV	180°, 85%, 86%
XYZ	39.1419, 56.6813, 76.5927
YIQ	164.0870, -111.4520, -39.6440

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

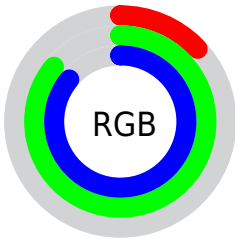
Format	Color
RYB	33, 127, 220
Decimal	2219228
CIELab	80.00, -41.80, -12.35
CIELCh	80, 43.585, 196.466
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2270, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280409308 (0xFF21DCDC)
YUV	164.0870, 27.5651, -114.9633
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -38.9496, -7.6174

Details

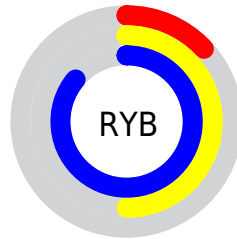
The CIELCh color **80, 43.585, 196.466** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **48, 83.773, 35.821**, and the grayscale version is **67, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 38.681, 197.050**, and **61, 35.869, 197.317** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 44.553, 196.403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 41.738, 196.584**.

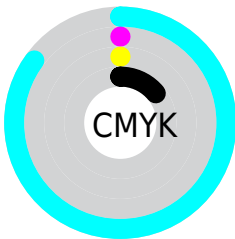
Distribution



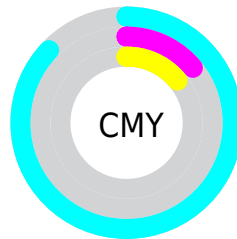
- Red (13%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (86%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (86%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (14%)




- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (14%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 43.585,
196.466


 80, 43.585,
196.466


 100, 43.585,
196.466


 70, 43.585,
196.466

 60, 43.585,
196.466

 50, 43.585,
196.466

 40, 43.585,
196.466

 30, 43.585,
196.466

 20, 43.585,
196.466

 10, 43.585,

196.466

■ 0, 43.585, 196.466

■ 80, 43.585,
196.466

■ 80, 43.585,
196.466

■ 80, 44.553,
196.403

■ 80, 41.738,
196.584

■ 80, 44.829,
196.385

■ 81, 38.925,
196.766

■ 81, 35.126,
197.015

■ 82, 30.379,
197.330

■ 83, 24.765,
197.710

■ 84, 18.395,
198.151

■ 85, 11.394,
198.654

■ 87, 3.889, 199.281

■ 89, 3.998, 19.542

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 43.585, 196.466



48, 83.773, 35.821

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 43.585, 196.466



80, 43.585, 246.466



80, 43.585, 16.466



80, 43.585, 66.466

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 43.584, 196.465



96, 20.731, 198.141



77, 102.142, 136.570



51, 13.959, 197.978



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 43.584, 196.465



91, 50.116, 196.385



53, 53.938, 276.044



45, 4.371, 198.971



64, 37.532, 196.385



16, 15.074, 196.385

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 83.773, 35.821



53, 104.575, 40.000



61, 68.437, 62.462



43, 4.639, 19.931



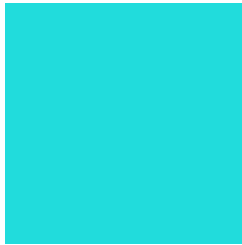
36, 78.235, 39.928



5, 23.840, 20.268

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

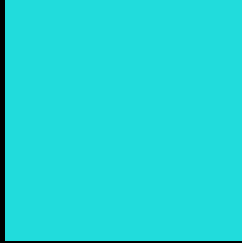
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 43.585, 196.466

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466.

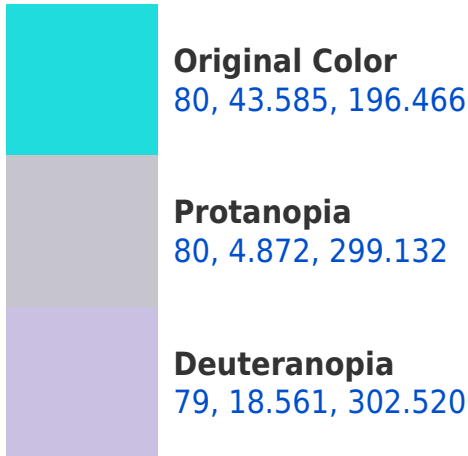


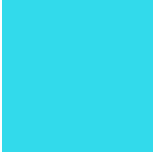
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 43.585, 196.466.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



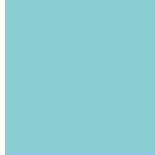


Tritanopia
80, 40.560, 209.884

Trichromacy



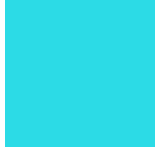
Original Color
80, 43.585, 196.466



Protanomaly
78, 21.868, 204.958



Deuteranomaly
78, 22.148, 230.619



Tritanomaly
80, 41.489, 204.908

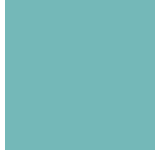
Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 43.585, 196.466



Achromatopsia
67, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
70, 22.471, 197.648

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 43.585, 196.466 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 220, 220)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 220, 220)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 220, 220) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 220, 220) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 43.585, 196.466 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 220, 220) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 220, 220) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 220, 220)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 220, 220); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 220, 220);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 220,  
220) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 43.585, 196.466 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 220, 220) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 220,  
220) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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