

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 45.070, 196.483)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 45.070, 196.483)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 44.981, 196.386)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00DDDD
RGB	0, 221, 221
RGB Percent	0%, 87%, 87%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1349, 0.1349
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	180°, 100%, 43%
HSV	180°, 100%, 87%
XYZ	38.7153, 56.6813, 77.0269
YIQ	154.9210, -131.7160, -46.8520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

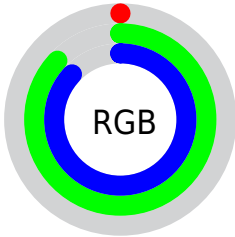
Format	Color
RYB	0, 111, 221
Decimal	56797
CIELab	80.00, -43.15, -12.69
CIELCh	80, 44.981, 196.386
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2245, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278246877 (0xFF00DDDD)
YUV	154.9210, 32.5769, -135.8657
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -39.9611, -7.9593

Details

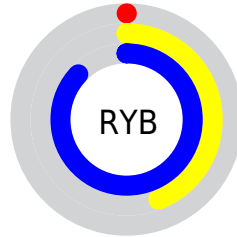
The CIELCh color **80, 44.981, 196.386** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CCCC**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **46, 93.734, 40.000**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 40.001, 196.972**, and **61, 36.031, 197.312** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 44.919, 196.389**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 44.261, 196.431**.

Distribution



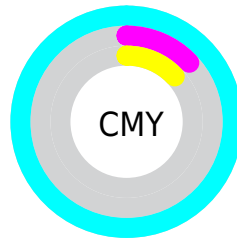
- Red (0%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 44.981,
196.386

 80, 44.981,
196.386

 100, 44.981,
196.386

 70, 44.981,
196.386

 60, 44.981,
196.386

 50, 44.981,
196.386

 40, 44.981,
196.386

 30, 44.981,
196.386

 20, 44.981,
196.386

 10, 44.981,

196.386

■ 0, 44.981, 196.386

■ 80, 44.981,
196.386

■ 80, 44.981,
196.386

■ 80, 44.919,
196.389

■ 80, 44.261,
196.431

■ 80, 42.869,
196.519

■ 81, 40.543,
196.669

■ 81, 37.231,
196.884

■ 82, 32.944,
197.166

■ 83, 27.742,
197.514

■ 84, 21.724,
197.925

■ 85, 15.009,
198.396

■ 86, 7.725, 198.939

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



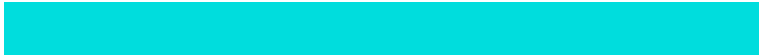
80, 44.981, 196.386



46, 93.734, 40.000

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 44.981, 196.386



80, 44.981, 246.386



80, 44.981, 16.386



80, 44.981, 66.386

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 44.919, 196.389



95, 24.410, 197.914



77, 107.361, 136.016



50, 16.365, 197.732



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 44.919, 196.389



91, 50.114, 196.389



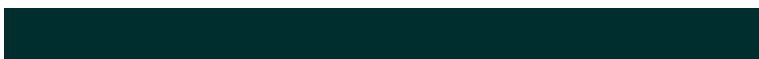
48, 65.488, 284.635



45, 4.371, 198.973



64, 37.531, 196.389



16, 15.073, 196.388

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 103.584, 328.233



60, 115.566, 328.233



59, 76.589, 60.118



43, 8.001, 324.939



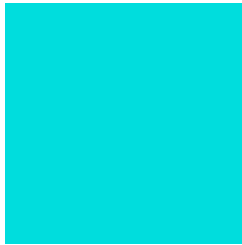
41, 86.548, 328.233



7, 34.556, 328.173

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

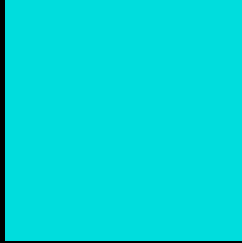
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

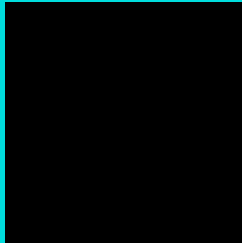
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

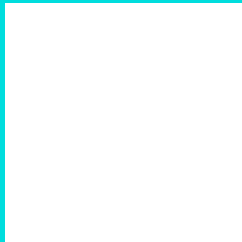
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 44.981, 196.386

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386.

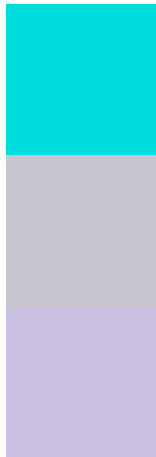


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 44.981, 196.386.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

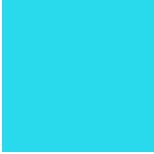
80, 44.981, 196.386

Protanopia

80, 4.872, 299.132

Deuteranopia

80, 19.084, 302.244

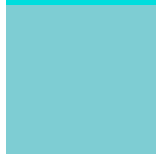


Tritanopia
80, 41.332, 210.372

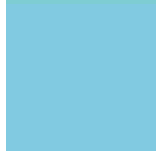
Trichromacy



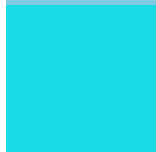
Original Color
80, 44.981, 196.386



Protanomaly
78, 25.071, 205.087



Deuteranomaly
77, 25.072, 227.741

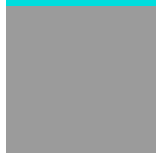


Tritanomaly
80, 42.687, 204.603

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 44.981, 196.386



Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
68, 25.637, 197.363

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 44.981, 196.386 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 221, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 221, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 221, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 221, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 44.981, 196.386 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 221, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 221, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 221, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 221, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 221, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 221,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 44.981, 196.386 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 221, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 221,  
221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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