

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 5.499, 350.850)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 5.499, 350.850) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 5.499, 350.850)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | D0C3C8 |
| RGB | 208, 195, 200 |
| RGB Percent | 82%, 76%, 78% |
| CMY | 0.1839, 0.2348, 0.2152 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.18 |
| HSL | 337°, 12%, 79% |
| HSV | 337°, 6%, 82% |
| XYZ | 56.0223, 56.6813, 62.6996 |
| YIQ | 199.4570, 6.1430, 4.3110 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

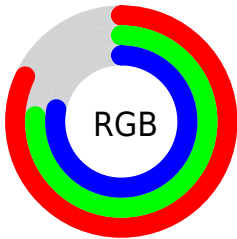
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| R _Y B | 208, 195, 200 |
| Decimal | 13681608 |
| CIE Lab | 80.00, 5.43, -0.87 |
| CIE LCh | 80, 5.499, 350.850 |
| Yxy | 56.6813, 0.3194, 0.3231 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4291871688 (0xFFD0C3C8) |
| YUV | 199.4570, 0.2677, 7.4922 |
| Hunter-Lab | 75.2870, 1.0726, 3.3237 |

Details

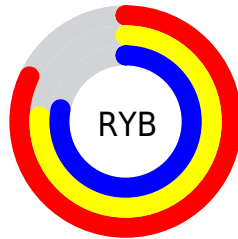
The CIELCh color **80, 5.499, 350.850** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **82, 5.418, 169.911**, and the grayscale version is **80, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 1.871, 324.342**, and **60, 5.833, 351.059** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 14.525, 351.902**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 3.233, 170.208**.

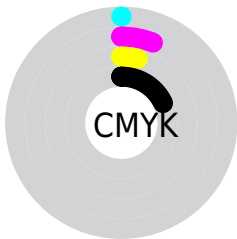
Distribution



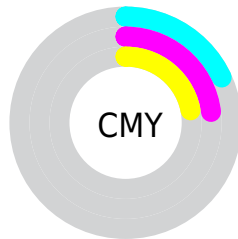
- Red (82%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

80, 5.499, 350.850

80, 5.499, 350.850

100, 5.499,
350.850

70, 5.499, 350.850

60, 5.499, 350.850

50, 5.499, 350.850

40, 5.499, 350.850

30, 5.499, 350.850

20, 5.499, 350.850

10, 5.499, 350.850

0, 5.499, 350.850

80, 5.499, 350.850

80, 5.499, 350.850

74, 14.525,
351.902

86, 3.233, 170.208

69, 23.769,
353.047

91, 11.628,
169.317

64, 33.075,
354.370

96, 18.282,
170.800

59, 42.202,
355.940

97, 15.854,
191.654

55, 50.802,
357.849

97, 15.592,
198.468

51, 58.438, 0.222

48, 64.668, 3.224

46, 69.198, 7.031

45, 72.106, 11.763

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 5.499, 350.850



82, 5.418, 169.911

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 5.499, 350.850



80, 5.499, 40.850



80, 5.499, 170.850



80, 5.499, 220.850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 5.497, 350.860



99, 2.065, 350.301



80, 7.521, 312.721



53, 1.174, 350.278



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 5.497, 350.860



95, 7.275, 350.948



80, 4.396, 28.629



42, 4.018, 350.995



35, 62.265, 12.768



5, 20.899, 1.016

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 5.497, 350.860



95, 7.275, 350.948



82, 4.225, 208.625



42, 4.018, 350.995



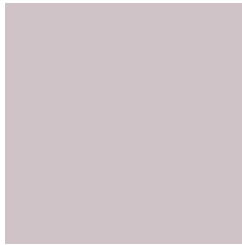
35, 62.265, 12.768



5, 20.899, 1.016

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

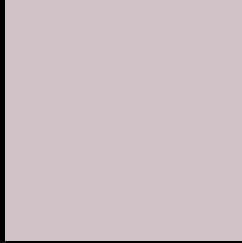
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

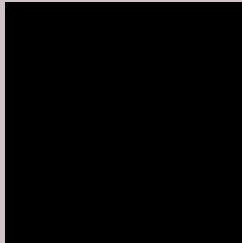
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

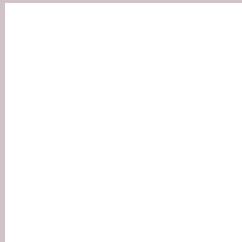
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 5.499, 350.850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 5.499, 350.850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


80, 5.499, 350.850

Protanopia

80, 2.605, 324.451

Deuteranopia

80, 10.104, 351.968



Tritanopia
80, 9.715, 324.807

Trichromacy



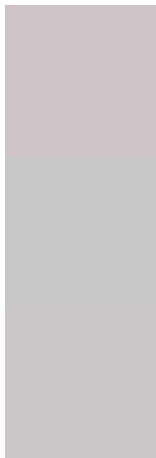
Original Color
80, 5.499, 350.850

Protanomaly
80, 3.985, 337.677

Deuteranomaly
80, 8.543, 350.214

Tritanomaly
80, 8.454, 330.934

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 5.499, 350.850

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 2.134, 349.421

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 5.499, 350.850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 195, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 195, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 195, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 195, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 5.499, 350.850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 195, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 195, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 195, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 195, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 195, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 195,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 5.499, 350.850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 195, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
195, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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