

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 50.515, 180.156)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 50.515, 180.156)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 50.652, 179.981)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	04DFC5
RGB	4, 223, 197
RGB Percent	2%, 87%, 77%
CMY	0.9862, 0.1265, 0.2284
CMYK	0.98, 0.00, 0.12, 0.13
HSL	173°, 97%, 44%
HSV	173°, 98%, 87%
XYZ	36.4128, 56.6813, 61.6975
YIQ	154.5550, -122.1780, -54.5140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

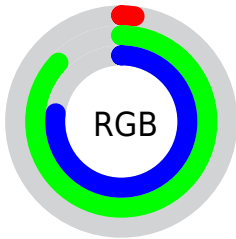
Format	Color
RYB	4, 120, 223
Decimal	319429
CIELab	80.00, -50.65, 0.02
CIELCh	80, 50.652, 179.981
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2352, 0.3662
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278509509 (0xFF04DFC5)
YUV	154.5550, 20.9254, -132.0367
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -45.4200, 4.1129

Details

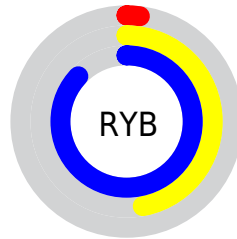
The CIELCh color **80, 50.652, 179.981** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **47, 88.139, 34.809**, and the grayscale version is **64, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 40.477, 196.200**, and **61, 42.151, 177.072** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 50.855, 179.771**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 49.181, 181.298**.

Distribution



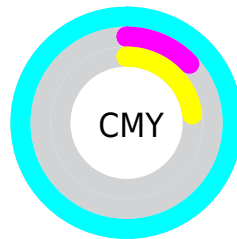
- Red (2%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (77%)



- Red (2%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (98%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Black (13%)





- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (23%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 50.652,
179.981


 80, 50.652,
179.981


 100, 50.652,
179.981


 70, 50.652,
179.981

 60, 50.652,
179.981

 50, 50.652,
179.981

 40, 50.652,
179.981

 30, 50.652,
179.981

 20, 50.652,
179.981

 10, 50.652,

179.981

■ 0, 50.652, 179.981

■ 80, 50.652,
179.981

■ 80, 50.652,
179.981

■ 80, 50.855,
179.771

■ 80, 49.181,
181.298

■ 80, 46.898,
182.505

■ 81, 43.666,
183.608

■ 82, 39.465,
184.625

■ 82, 34.336,
185.576

■ 83, 28.372,
186.479

■ 84, 21.694,
187.348

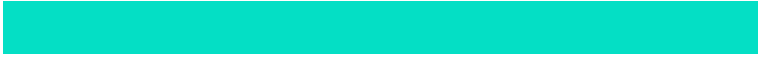
■ 86, 14.437,
188.197

■ 87, 6.735, 189.058

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



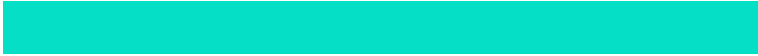
80, 50.652, 179.981



47, 88.139, 34.809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 50.652, 179.981



80, 50.652, 229.981



80, 50.652, 359.981



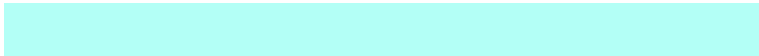
80, 50.652, 49.981

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 50.652, 179.980



95, 25.413, 187.193



78, 106.808, 135.389



50, 17.102, 186.826



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 50.652, 179.980



90, 56.385, 179.660



57, 49.621, 267.381



46, 4.560, 188.966



64, 42.548, 179.999



17, 17.098, 182.410

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 88.139, 34.809



53, 99.103, 35.789



54, 81.631, 50.829



44, 4.777, 10.393



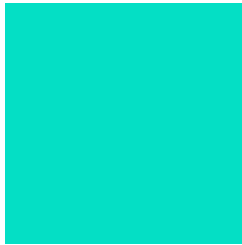
37, 74.077, 34.671



6, 25.325, 15.936

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

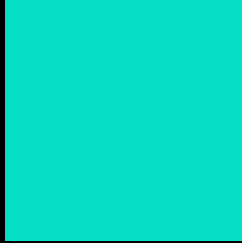
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

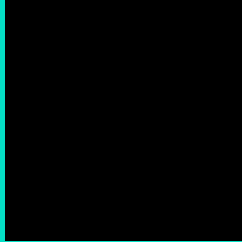
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

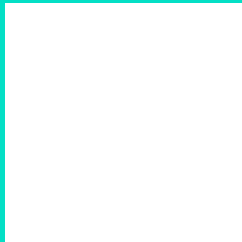
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 50.652, 179.981

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981.

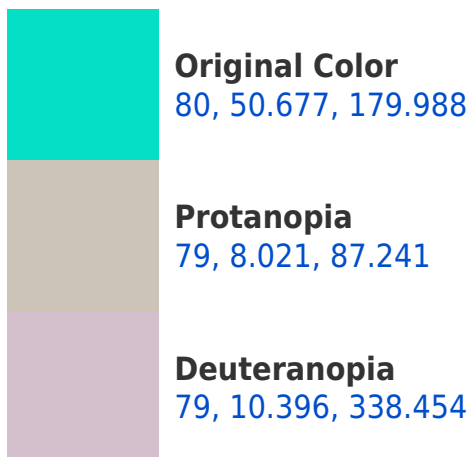


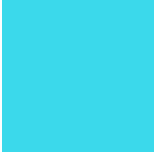
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 50.652, 179.981.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

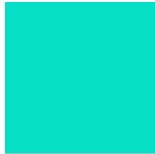
Dichromacy



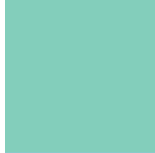


Tritanopia
80, 39.509, 211.125

Trichromacy



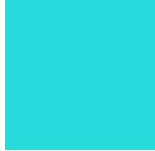
Original Color
80, 50.677, 179.988



Protanomaly
78, 27.637, 175.660



Deuteranomaly
77, 22.255, 194.992

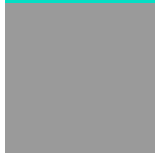


Tritanomaly
80, 42.744, 197.970

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 50.677, 179.988



Achromatopsia
64, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
68, 26.935, 186.527

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 50.652, 179.981 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 223, 197)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(4, 223, 197)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 223, 197) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 223, 197) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 50.652, 179.981 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 223, 197) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 223, 197) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 223, 197)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 223, 197); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 223, 197);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 223,  
197) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 50.652, 179.981 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 223, 197) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 223,  
197) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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