

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 51.907, 326.217)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 51.907, 326.217)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 51.952, 326.227)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 51.952, 326.227)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FDAAFD
RGB	253, 170, 253
RGB Percent	99%, 67%, 99%
CMY	0.0081, 0.3336, 0.0081
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	300°, 95%, 83%
HSV	300°, 33%, 99%
XYZ	72.5629, 56.6813, 99.9868
YIQ	204.2790, 22.8250, 43.4090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

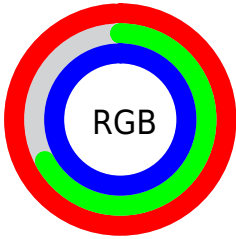
Format	Color
R _Y B	253, 170, 253
Decimal	16624381
CIE Lab	80.00, 43.18, -28.88
CIE LCh	80, 51.952, 326.227
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3165, 0.2473
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294814461 (0xFFFDAAFD)
YUV	204.2790, 24.0195, 42.7283
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 40.2891, -26.0407

Details

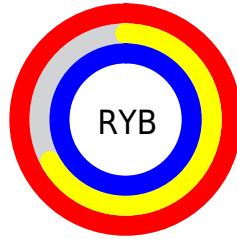
The CIELCh color $80, 51.952, 326.227$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FF99FF . A complement of this color would be $92, 51.982, 142.062$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 18.134, 325.054$, and $60, 51.996, 326.237$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 67.015, 326.730$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 36.245, 325.691$.

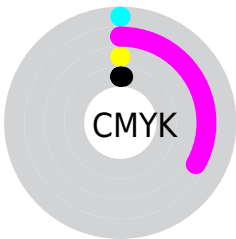
Distribution



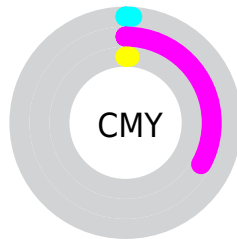
- Red (99%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 51.952,
326.227


 80, 51.952,
326.227


 100, 51.952,
326.227


 70, 51.952,
326.227

 60, 51.952,
326.227

 50, 51.952,
326.227

 40, 51.952,
326.227


 30, 51.952,
326.227


 20, 51.952,
326.227


 10, 51.952,


326.227


 0, 51.952, 326.227


 80, 51.952,
326.227


 80, 51.952,
326.227

 75, 67.015,
326.730


 86, 36.245,
325.691

 70, 80.913,
327.182


 91, 20.309,
325.135

 66, 93.030,
327.566

 98, 4.435, 324.527

 63, 102.756,
327.867

100, 1.272,
144.635

 61, 109.633,
328.076

100, 1.272,
144.629

100, 1.272,

■ 60, 113.531,
328.192

144.622

■ 60, 114.856,
328.232

100, 1.272,
144.616

100, 1.272,
144.609

100, 1.271,
144.602

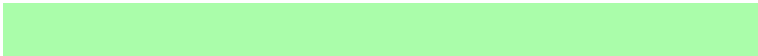
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 51.952, 326.227



92, 51.982, 142.062

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 51.952, 326.227



80, 51.952, 16.227



80, 51.952, 146.227



80, 51.952, 196.227

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 51.949, 326.227



94, 15.934, 324.975



73, 44.364, 293.748



49, 10.879, 325.055



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 51.949, 326.227



77, 61.783, 326.544



79, 37.618, 345.849



50, 9.057, 324.946



45, 93.083, 328.232



12, 42.823, 328.232

Inverse Universe

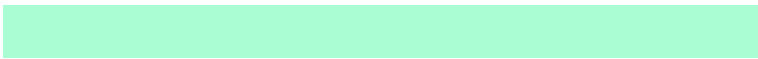
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78, 32.977, 22.308



74, 40.330, 23.215



93, 36.250, 159.658



49, 5.254, 19.942



40, 84.229, 39.999



10, 33.367, 27.175

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

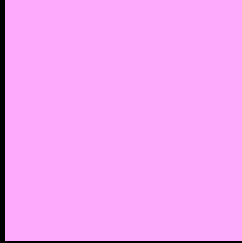
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

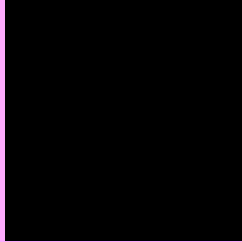
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 51.952, 326.227

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227.

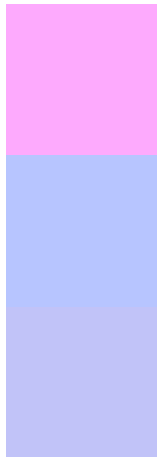


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 51.952, 326.227.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 51.952, 326.227

Protanopia
80, 31.067, 284.705

Deuteranopia
80, 28.249, 291.331



Tritanopia
80, 25.290, 4.674

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 51.952, 326.227



Protanomaly
80, 36.586, 304.035



Deuteranomaly
80, 35.653, 308.731

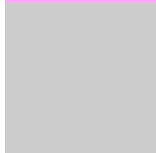


Tritanomaly
80, 32.941, 343.603

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 51.952, 326.227



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 19.276, 325.169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 51.952, 326.227 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 170, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 170, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 170, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 170, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 51.952, 326.227 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 170, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 170, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 170, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 170, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 170, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 170,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 51.952, 326.227 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 170, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
170, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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