

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 52.403, 165.597)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 52.403, 165.597)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 52.557, 165.444)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	49DEAC
RGB	73, 222, 172
RGB Percent	29%, 87%, 67%
CMY	0.7134, 0.1291, 0.3252
CMYK	0.67, 0.00, 0.23, 0.13
HSL	160°, 69%, 58%
HSV	160°, 67%, 87%
XYZ	36.3473, 56.6813, 48.0884
YIQ	171.7490, -72.7540, -47.1380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

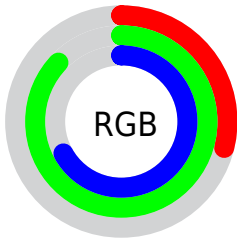
Format	Color
RYB	73, 163, 222
Decimal	4841132
CIELab	80.00, -50.87, 13.21
CIELCh	80, 52.557, 165.444
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2576, 0.4017
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283031212 (0xFF49DEAC)
YUV	171.7490, 0.1237, -86.6029
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -45.5754, 14.8303

Details

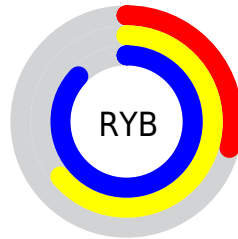
The CIELCh color **80, 52.557, 165.444** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **33CC99**. The color can be described as light muted spring green. A complement of this color would be **54, 61.629, 4.285**, and the grayscale version is **70, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **93, 39.835, 175.545**, and **60, 49.621, 163.910** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 57.865, 163.659**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 46.373, 167.034**.

Distribution



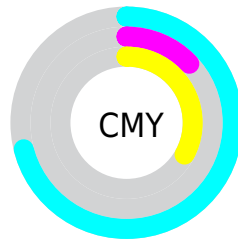
- Red (29%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (67%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Black (13%)




- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 80, 52.557,
165.444

 80, 52.557,
165.444

 100, 52.557,
165.444

 70, 52.557,
165.444

 60, 52.557,
165.444

 50, 52.557,
165.444

 40, 52.557,
165.444

 30, 52.557,
165.444

 20, 52.557,
165.444

 10, 52.557,

165.444

■ 0, 52.557, 165.444

■ 80, 52.557,
165.444

■ 80, 52.557,
165.444

■ 79, 57.865,
163.659

■ 81, 46.373,
167.034

■ 79, 62.278,
161.668

■ 82, 39.395,
168.456

■ 79, 65.877,
159.483

■ 83, 31.750,
169.733

■ 79, 66.854,
158.847

■ 84, 23.586,
170.891

■ 86, 15.050,
171.955

■ 87, 6.282, 172.971

■ 89, 2.599, 353.598

■ 91, 11.494,
354.591

■ 92, 14.735,
343.712

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 52.557, 165.444



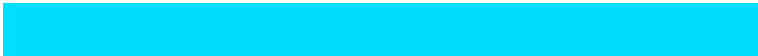
54, 61.629, 4.285

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 52.557, 165.444



80, 52.557, 215.444



80, 52.557, 345.444



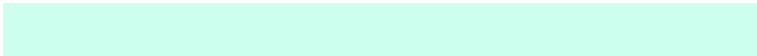
80, 52.557, 35.444

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 52.558, 165.443



96, 19.649, 171.637



80, 81.733, 131.063



51, 13.363, 171.337



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 52.558, 165.443



90, 66.580, 162.781



75, 34.870, 217.684



46, 5.071, 172.729



64, 55.825, 159.226



17, 21.419, 163.479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 61.629, 4.285



57, 78.634, 9.437



56, 60.796, 37.752



44, 5.195, 354.371



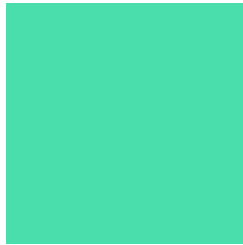
37, 65.314, 17.608



6, 25.440, 5.706

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

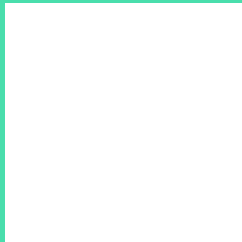
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 52.557, 165.444

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444.

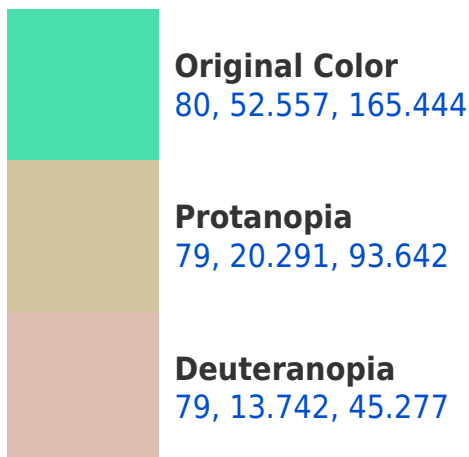



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 52.557, 165.444.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 33.364, 213.220

Trichromacy



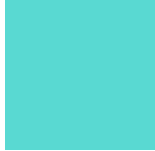
Original Color
80, 52.557, 165.444



Protanomaly
78, 27.647, 145.471



Deuteranomaly
78, 18.826, 150.628

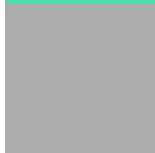


Tritanomaly
80, 37.351, 191.019

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 52.557, 165.444



Achromatopsia
70, 0.009, 296.813



Achromatomaly
73, 21.732, 170.928

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 52.557, 165.444 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(73, 222, 172)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(73, 222, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(73, 222, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(73, 222, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 52.557, 165.444 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

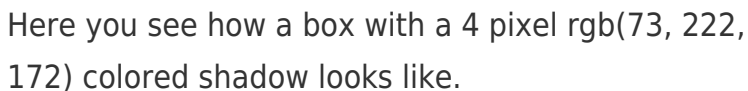
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(73, 222, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(73, 222, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(73, 222, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(73, 222, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 222, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(73, 222,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 52.557, 165.444 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(73, 222, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(73, 222,  
172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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