

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 52.512, 326.296)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 52.512, 326.296)
contains.

CIELCh(80, 52.113, 326.572)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 52.113, 326.572)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEAAFD
RGB	254, 170, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 67%, 99%
CMY	0.0054, 0.3347, 0.0093
CMYK	0.00, 0.33, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	301°, 97%, 83%
HSV	301°, 33%, 99%
XYZ	72.7094, 56.6813, 99.7218
YIQ	204.5780, 23.4210, 43.6210

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

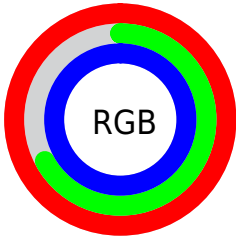
Format	Color
RYB	254, 170, 253
Decimal	16689917
CIELab	80.00, 43.49, -28.71
CIElCh	80, 52.113, 326.572
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3174, 0.2474
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294879997 (0xFFFEAAFD)
YUV	204.5780, 23.8720, 43.3431
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 40.6366, -25.8320

Details

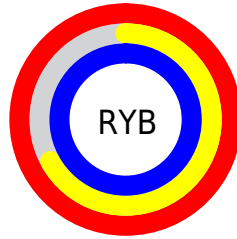
The CIELCh color $80, 52.113, 326.572$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FF99FF . A complement of this color would be $93, 52.144, 142.342$, and the grayscale version is $82, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $93, 18.134, 325.054$, and $60, 52.143, 326.603$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $75, 67.066, 327.082$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 36.506, 326.031$.

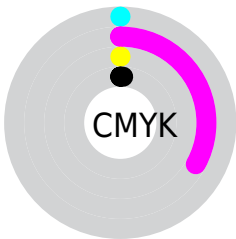
Distribution



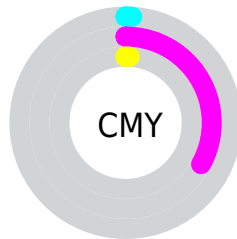
- Red (100%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)





- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (1%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 52.113,
326.572


 80, 52.113,
326.572


 100, 52.113,
326.572


 70, 52.113,
326.572

 60, 52.113,
326.572

 50, 52.113,
326.572

 40, 52.113,
326.572

 30, 52.113,
326.572

 20, 52.113,
326.572

 10, 52.113,

326.572

■ 0, 52.113, 326.572

■ 80, 52.113,
326.572

■ 80, 52.113,
326.572

■ 75, 67.066,
327.082

■ 86, 36.506,
326.031

■ 70, 80.843,
327.545

■ 91, 20.663,
325.470

■ 66, 92.824,
327.943

■ 98, 4.875, 324.865

■ 63, 102.398,
328.264

100, 0.763,
149.257

■ 61, 109.106,
328.499

100, 0.652,
157.722

100, 0.560,

■ 60, 112.828,
328.650

169.279

■ 60, 114.011,
328.717

100, 0.500,
184.435

100, 0.481,
200.754

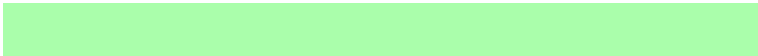
Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 52.113, 326.572



93, 52.144, 142.342

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



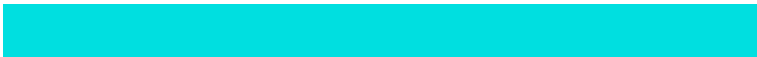
80, 52.113, 326.572



80, 52.113, 16.572



80, 52.113, 146.572



80, 52.113, 196.572

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 52.110, 326.572



94, 15.807, 325.293



72, 45.710, 294.423



49, 10.793, 325.373



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 52.110, 326.572



77, 62.791, 326.928



79, 37.668, 346.834



50, 8.985, 325.264



45, 92.224, 328.708



12, 42.475, 328.650

Inverse Universe

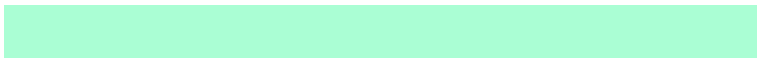
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 52.110, 326.572



77, 62.791, 326.928



93, 36.162, 160.478



50, 8.985, 325.264



45, 92.224, 328.708



12, 42.475, 328.650

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

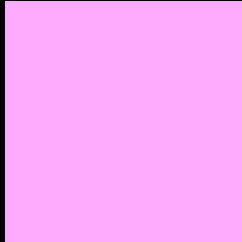
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 52.113, 326.572

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 52.113, 326.572.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 52.113, 326.572

Protanopia

80, 31.067, 284.705

Deuteranopia

80, 28.249, 291.331



Tritanopia
80, 25.660, 4.967

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 52.113, 326.572



Protanomaly
80, 36.646, 304.545



Deuteranomaly
80, 35.653, 308.731

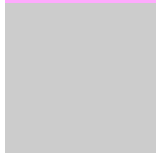


Tritanomaly
80, 33.222, 344.042

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 52.113, 326.572



Achromatopsia
82, 0.010, 296.813



Achromatomaly
81, 19.276, 325.169

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 52.113, 326.572 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 170, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 170, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 170, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 170, 253) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 52.113, 326.572 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 170, 253) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 170, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 170, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 170, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 170, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 170,  
253) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 52.113, 326.572 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 170, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
170, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor