

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 6.656, 19.858)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 6.656, 19.858) contains.

<b>CIELCh(80, 6.725, 19.855)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# **Color**

**CIELCh(80, 6.725, 19.855)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D4C2C2
RGB	212, 194, 194
RGB Percent	83%, 76%, 76%
CMY	0.1673, 0.2379, 0.2380
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.08, 0.17
HSL	0°, 17%, 80%
HSV	0°, 8%, 83%
XYZ	56.3824, 56.6813, 59.1964
YIQ	199.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

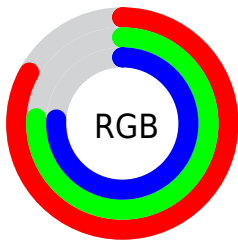
Format	Color
RYB	212, 194, 194
Decimal	13943490
CIELab	80.00, 6.33, 2.28
CIElCh	80, 6.725, 19.855
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3273, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292133570 (0xFFD4C2C2)
YUV	199.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 1.9263, 6.0825

# Details

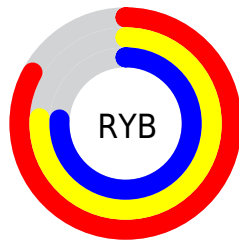
The CIELCh color **80, 6.725, 19.855** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **84, 6.375, 199.051**, and the grayscale version is **81, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99, 1.759, 19.148**, and **60, 6.771, 20.022** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **74, 15.240, 20.707**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86, 1.156, 199.845**.

# Distribution



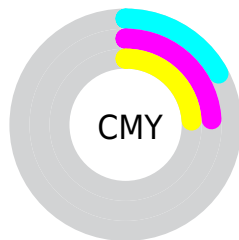
- Red (83%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (24%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80, 6.725, 19.855

80, 6.725, 19.855

100, 6.725, 19.855

70, 6.725, 19.855

60, 6.725, 19.855

50, 6.725, 19.855

40, 6.725, 19.855

30, 6.725, 19.855

20, 6.725, 19.855

10, 6.725, 19.855

0, 6.725, 19.855

80, 6.725, 19.855

80, 6.725, 19.855

74, 15.240, 20.707

86, 1.156, 199.845

69, 24.407, 21.743

92, 8.442, 198.934

63, 34.184, 23.087

97, 14.263,  
198.555

58, 44.454, 24.842

54, 55.001, 27.120

50, 65.503, 30.001

47, 75.510, 33.425

45, 84.221, 36.952

44, 90.222, 39.612

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 6.725, 19.855



84, 6.375, 199.051

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 6.725, 19.855



80, 6.725, 69.855



80, 6.725, 199.855



80, 6.725, 249.855

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 6.723, 19.872



98, 2.702, 19.360



80, 11.637, 324.883



52, 2.054, 19.462



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

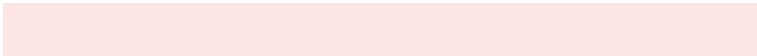


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 6.723, 19.872



93, 9.257, 20.000



82, 5.802, 74.324



42, 4.549, 19.947



35, 77.346, 39.901



5, 21.997, 19.777





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 6.375, 199.051



98, 8.685, 198.951



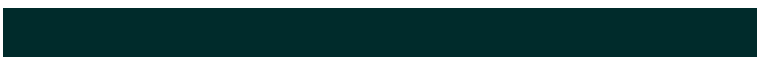
81, 5.692, 256.579



44, 4.286, 198.992



63, 37.111, 196.419



15, 14.555, 196.413



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

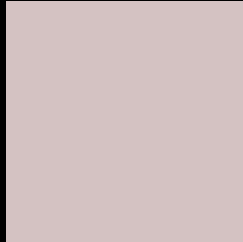
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

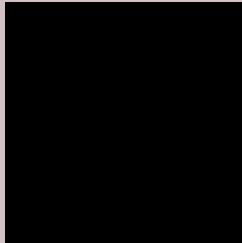
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 6.725, 19.855

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 6.725, 19.855.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80, 6.725, 19.855

### Protanopia

80, 1.912, 35.380

### Deuteranopia

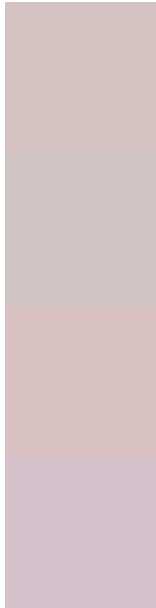
80, 10.247, 11.275



**Tritanopia**  
80, 11.371, 335.715



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 6.725, 19.855

**Protanomaly**  
80, 3.743, 27.694

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 9.049, 13.357

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 8.813, 347.207

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 6.725, 19.855

**Achromatopsia**  
81, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
80, 2.209, 19.328

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 6.725, 19.855 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(212, 194, 194)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(212, 194, 194)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(212, 194, 194) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(212, 194, 194) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 6.725, 19.855 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(212, 194, 194) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(212, 194, 194) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(212, 194, 194)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(212, 194, 194); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 194, 194);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(212, 194,  
194) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 6.725, 19.855 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(212, 194, 194) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(212,  
194, 194) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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