

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 61.708, 125.431)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 61.708, 125.431)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 61.577, 125.368)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A1D664
RGB	161, 214, 100
RGB Percent	63%, 84%, 39%
CMY	0.3681, 0.1602, 0.6073
CMYK	0.25, 0.00, 0.53, 0.16
HSL	88°, 58%, 62%
HSV	88°, 53%, 84%
XYZ	41.1172, 56.6813, 20.8644
YIQ	185.1570, 5.0060, -46.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

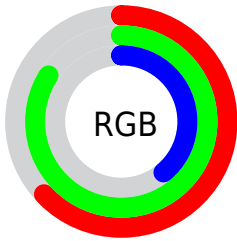
Format	Color
RYB	100, 214, 153
Decimal	10606180
CIELab	80.00, -35.64, 50.21
CIElCh	80, 61.577, 125.368
Yxy	56.6813, 0.3465, 0.4777
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288796260 (0xFFA1D664)
YUV	185.1570, -41.9824, -21.1857
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -34.2663, 36.2698

Details

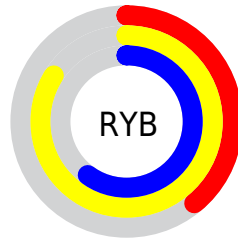
The CIELCh color **80, 61.577, 125.368** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **53, 67.174, 310.717**, and the grayscale version is **75, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 52.399, 122.166**, and **60, 61.791, 125.354** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79, 71.671, 125.103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **81, 50.660, 125.774**.

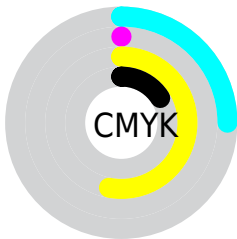
Distribution



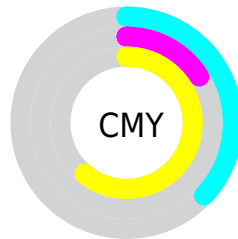
- Red (63%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (39%)



- Red (39%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (25%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (16%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (61%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 61.577,
125.368


 80, 61.577,
125.368


 100, 61.577,
125.368


 70, 61.577,
125.368

 60, 61.577,
125.368

 50, 61.577,
125.368

 40, 61.577,
125.368

 30, 61.577,
125.368

 20, 61.577,
125.368

 10, 61.577,

125.368

■ 0, 61.577, 125.368

■ 80, 61.577,
125.368

■ 80, 61.577,
125.368

■ 79, 71.671,
125.103

■ 81, 50.660,
125.774

■ 79, 80.503,
125.078

■ 82, 39.238,
126.246

■ 78, 87.558,
125.418

■ 83, 27.531,
126.740

■ 77, 92.421,
126.236

■ 84, 15.692,
127.230

■ 77, 94.676,
126.997

■ 85, 3.826, 127.718

■ 87, 7.993, 308.109

■ 88, 19.713,
308.517

■ 89, 23.294,
314.876

■ 90, 24.824,
322.371

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 61.577, 125.368



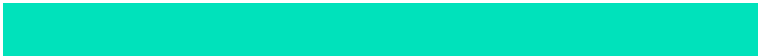
53, 67.174, 310.717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 61.577, 125.368



80, 61.577, 175.368



80, 61.577, 305.368



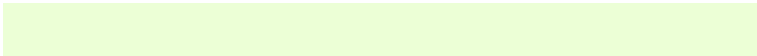
80, 61.577, 355.368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 61.578, 125.369



98, 21.854, 127.089



68, 40.374, 63.765



52, 14.754, 126.987



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 61.578, 125.369



93, 83.272, 125.083



77, 70.821, 139.028



45, 6.724, 127.414



63, 79.818, 126.740



15, 27.434, 127.674

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 67.174, 310.717



55, 92.791, 311.288



59, 70.699, 325.656



42, 6.823, 308.261



26, 93.070, 311.193



3, 28.758, 307.052

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 61.577, 125.368

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 61.577, 125.368.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
80, 61.577, 125.368

Protanopia
80, 53.663, 95.612

Deuteranopia
80, 49.075, 77.791



Tritanopia
80, 11.885, 245.001

Trichromacy



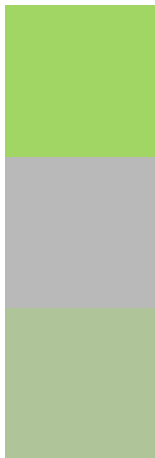
Original Color
80, 61.577, 125.368

Protanomaly
80, 54.525, 107.907

Deuteranomaly
79, 48.547, 98.182

Tritanomaly
80, 21.078, 146.612

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 61.577, 125.368

Achromatopsia
75, 0.009, 296.813

Achromatomaly
77, 23.693, 127.244

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 61.577, 125.368 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(161, 214, 100)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(161, 214, 100)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(161, 214, 100) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(161, 214, 100) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 61.577, 125.368 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(161, 214, 100) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(161, 214, 100) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(161, 214, 100)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(161, 214, 100); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 214, 100);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(161, 214,  
100) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 61.577, 125.368 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(161, 214, 100) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(161,  
214, 100) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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