

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 63.410, 163.094)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 63.410, 163.094)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 63.417, 162.915)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E1A2
RGB	0, 225, 162
RGB Percent	0%, 88%, 64%
CMY	1.0000, 0.1158, 0.3666
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.28, 0.12
HSL	163°, 100%, 44%
HSV	163°, 100%, 88%
XYZ	33.4963, 56.6813, 43.1331
YIQ	150.5430, -113.8770, -67.2930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

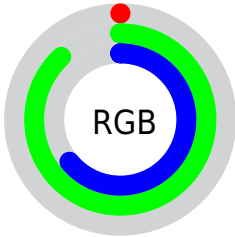
Format	Color
RYB	0, 131, 225
Decimal	57762
CIELab	80.00, -60.62, 18.63
CIELCh	80, 63.417, 162.915
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2513, 0.4252
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278247842 (0xFF00E1A2)
YUV	150.5430, 5.6483, -132.0262
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -52.3348, 18.7327

Details

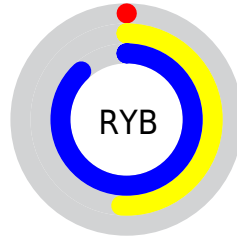
The CIELCh color **80, 63.417, 162.915** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as middle washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **48, 80.950, 23.383**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92, 48.720, 172.490**, and **61, 54.505, 158.620** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 63.343, 162.878**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 60.373, 164.992**.

Distribution



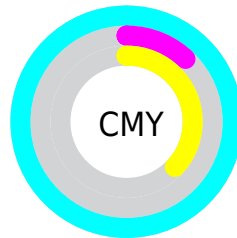
- Red (0%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (12%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 63.417,
162.915


 80, 63.417,
162.915


 100, 63.417,
162.915


 70, 63.417,
162.915

 60, 63.417,
162.915

 50, 63.417,
162.915

 40, 63.417,
162.915

 30, 63.417,
162.915

 20, 63.417,
162.915

 10, 63.417,

162.915

■ 0, 63.417, 162.915

■ 80, 63.417,
162.915

■ 80, 63.417,
162.915

■ 80, 63.343,
162.878

■ 80, 60.373,
164.992

■ 81, 56.681,
166.952

■ 81, 52.087,
168.714

■ 82, 46.577,
170.290

■ 83, 40.210,
171.704

■ 84, 33.096,
172.980

■ 85, 25.372,
174.144

■ 86, 17.189,
175.219

■ 88, 8.687, 176.237

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 63.417, 162.915



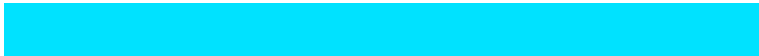
48, 80.950, 23.383

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 63.417, 162.915



80, 63.417, 212.915



80, 63.417, 342.915



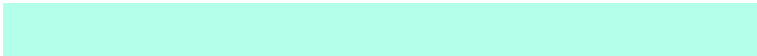
80, 63.417, 32.915

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 63.343, 162.878



95, 28.024, 174.121



79, 105.348, 133.313



50, 18.955, 173.639



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 63.343, 162.878



89, 69.688, 162.718



68, 40.088, 236.129



46, 4.916, 176.294



64, 52.316, 163.262



17, 20.264, 167.292

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 80.950, 23.383



54, 89.078, 23.814



49, 90.810, 43.193



44, 5.060, 357.944



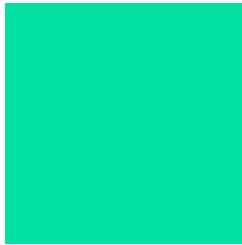
37, 66.839, 22.348



6, 25.332, 8.559

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

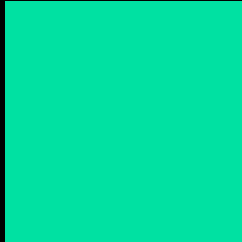
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

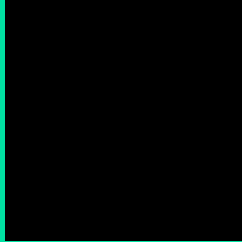
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

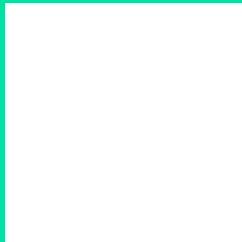
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 63.417, 162.915

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915.

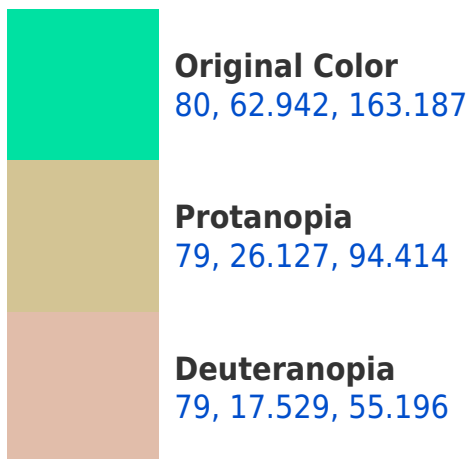


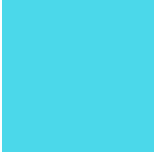
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 63.417, 162.915.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 37.409, 212.072

Trichromacy



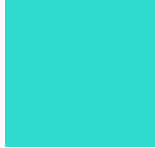
Original Color
80, 62.942, 163.187



Protanomaly
77, 39.392, 149.834



Deuteranomaly
77, 28.647, 156.425



Tritanomaly
80, 44.117, 188.649

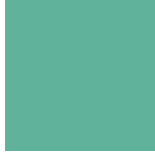
Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 62.942, 163.187



Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
67, 30.921, 172.544

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 63.417, 162.915 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 225, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 225, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 225, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 225, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 63.417, 162.915 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 225, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 225, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 225, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 225, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 225, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 225,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 63.417, 162.915 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 225, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 225,  
162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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