

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 64.750, 161.429)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 64.750, 161.429)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(80, 64.818, 161.451)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00E29E
RGB	0, 226, 158
RGB Percent	0%, 89%, 62%
CMY	0.9990, 0.1149, 0.3815
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.30, 0.11
HSL	162°, 100%, 44%
HSV	162°, 100%, 89%
XYZ	33.2600, 56.6813, 41.4051
YIQ	150.6740, -112.8680, -69.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

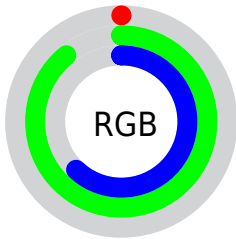
Format	Color
RYB	0, 133, 226
Decimal	58014
CIELab	80.00, -61.45, 20.62
CIELCh	80, 64.818, 161.451
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2532, 0.4315
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278248094 (0xFF00E29E)
YUV	150.6740, 3.6117, -132.1411
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -52.8951, 20.0935

Details

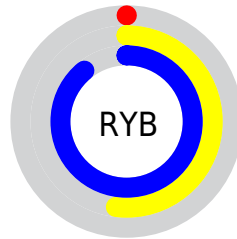
The CIELCh color **80, 64.818, 161.451** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **00CC99**. The color can be described as dark washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **48, 80.206, 21.731**, and the grayscale version is **62, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91, 49.909, 170.427**, and **61, 56.601, 156.706** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 64.851, 161.428**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **80, 61.663, 163.602**.

Distribution



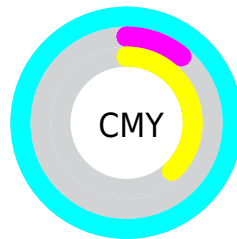
- Red (0%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (11%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 64.818,
161.451


 80, 64.818,
161.451


 100, 64.818,
161.451


 70, 64.818,
161.451

 60, 64.818,
161.451

 50, 64.818,
161.451

 40, 64.818,
161.451

 30, 64.818,
161.451

 20, 64.818,
161.451

 10, 64.818,

161.451

■ 0, 64.818, 161.451

■ 80, 64.818,
161.451

■ 80, 64.818,
161.451

■ 80, 64.851,
161.428

■ 80, 61.663,
163.602

■ 81, 57.783,
165.598

■ 81, 53.002,
167.392

■ 82, 47.310,
168.995

■ 83, 40.770,
170.429

■ 84, 33.494,
171.722

■ 85, 25.623,
172.897

■ 86, 17.308,
173.978

■ 88, 8.691, 174.999

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 64.818, 161.451



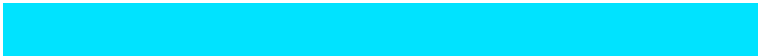
48, 80.206, 21.731

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 64.818, 161.451



80, 64.818, 211.451



80, 64.818, 341.451



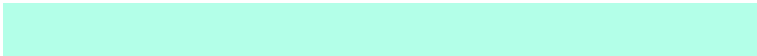
80, 64.818, 31.451

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 64.818, 161.451



95, 28.377, 172.862



79, 104.987, 132.998



50, 19.203, 172.375



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 64.818, 161.451



89, 71.306, 161.266



69, 39.828, 232.405



46, 4.967, 175.045



64, 53.507, 161.820



17, 20.654, 165.937

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 80.206, 21.731



54, 88.223, 22.216



49, 91.400, 42.714



44, 5.104, 356.695



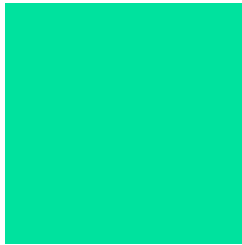
37, 66.258, 20.751



6, 25.361, 7.616

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

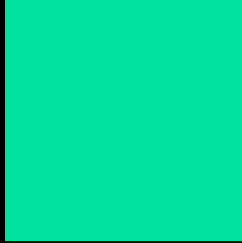
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

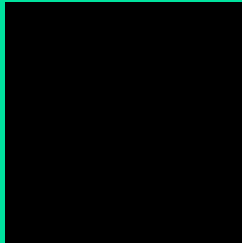
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 64.818, 161.451

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451.

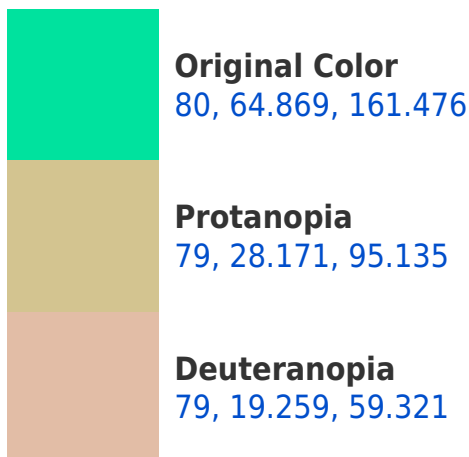


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 64.818, 161.451.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
80, 37.272, 212.136

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 64.869, 161.476



Protanomaly
77, 41.044, 147.918



Deuteranomaly
77, 29.955, 153.086



Tritanomaly
80, 44.906, 186.662

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 64.869, 161.476



Achromatopsia
62, 0.008, 296.813



Achromatomaly
67, 31.532, 170.794

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 64.818, 161.451 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 226, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 226, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 226, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 226, 158) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 64.818, 161.451 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 226, 158) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 226, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 226, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 226, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 226, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 226,  
158) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 64.818, 161.451 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 226, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 226,  
158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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