

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 77.193, 85.421)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 77.193, 85.421) contains.

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# **Color**

**CIELCh(80, 77.058, 85.449)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4BF22
RGB	244, 191, 34
RGB Percent	96%, 75%, 13%
CMY	0.0426, 0.2505, 0.8660
CMYK	0.00, 0.22, 0.86, 0.04
HSL	45°, 91%, 55%
HSV	45°, 86%, 96%
XYZ	56.2975, 56.6813, 9.4989
YIQ	188.9490, 81.9850, -37.5910

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

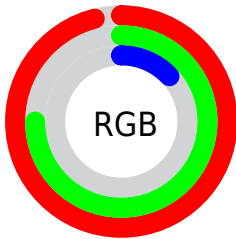
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	105, 244, 34
Decimal	16039714
CIE Lab	80.00, 6.11, 76.82
CIE LCh	80, 77.058, 85.449
Yxy	56.6813, 0.4597, 0.4628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294229794 (0xFFFF4BF22)
YUV	188.9490, -76.3899, 48.2797
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, 1.7250, 45.2203

# Details

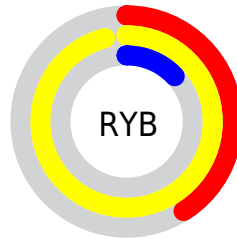
The CIELCh color **80, 77.058, 85.449** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC33**. The color can be described as light washed orange. A complement of this color would be **44, 92.491, 296.738**, and the grayscale version is **77, 0.009, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95, 72.229, 101.897**, and **60, 65.433, 83.803** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78, 80.226, 83.588**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 71.162, 87.061**.

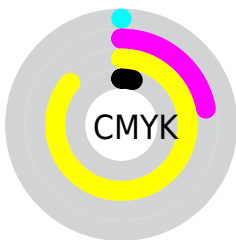
# Distribution



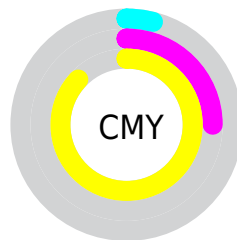
- Red (96%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (41%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (87%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



80, 77.058, 85.449

80, 77.058, 85.449

100, 77.058,  
85.449

70, 77.058, 85.449

60, 77.058, 85.449

50, 77.058, 85.449

40, 77.058, 85.449

30, 77.058, 85.449

20, 77.058, 85.449

10, 77.058, 85.449

0, 77.058, 85.449

80, 77.058, 85.449

80, 77.058, 85.449

78, 80.226, 83.588

82, 71.162, 87.061

78, 80.943, 82.786

83, 63.341, 88.529

85, 54.386, 89.923

87, 44.849, 91.274

89, 35.068, 92.592

91, 25.231, 93.879

93, 15.440, 95.128

95, 5.749, 96.319

97, 3.819, 277.585

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 77.058, 85.449



44, 92.491, 296.738

# Rectangle

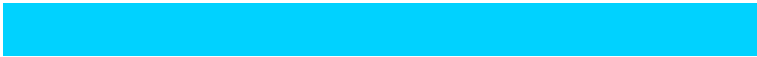
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 77.058, 85.449



80, 77.058, 135.449



80, 77.058, 265.449



80, 77.058, 315.449

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 77.057, 85.452



94, 26.135, 93.872



53, 79.829, 17.567



50, 17.744, 93.429



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 77.057, 85.452



81, 83.645, 82.731



90, 92.616, 115.659



50, 5.471, 95.915



61, 66.125, 83.177



19, 27.091, 85.810





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44, 92.491, 296.738



39, 112.032, 301.096



37, 117.907, 307.285



48, 5.512, 278.277



28, 86.837, 300.521



6, 32.603, 294.338



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 80, 77.058, 85.449**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 77.058, 85.449.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

80, 77.058, 85.449

### Protanopia

80, 75.933, 94.954

### Deuteranopia

80, 77.191, 82.348



**Tritanopia**  
80, 29.783, 8.818



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 77.058, 85.449

**Protanomaly**  
80, 76.071, 91.531

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 77.199, 83.392

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 39.101, 61.639

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 77.058, 85.449

**Achromatopsia**  
77, 0.009, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
77, 31.292, 92.763

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 77.058, 85.449 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(244, 191, 34)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 191, 34)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 191, 34) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 191, 34) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 77.058, 85.449 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 191, 34) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 191, 34) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 191, 34)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 191, 34); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 191, 34);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 191,  
34) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 77.058, 85.449 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 191, 34) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
191, 34) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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