

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 9.540, 232.893)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(80, 9.540, 232.893) contains.

<b>CIELCh(80, 9.480, 233.273)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	21
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	27

# Color

**CIELCh(80, 9.480, 233.273)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3CAD4
RGB	179, 202, 212
RGB Percent	70%, 79%, 83%
CMY	0.2974, 0.2072, 0.1680
CMYK	0.16, 0.05, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	198°, 28%, 77%
HSV	198°, 16%, 83%
XYZ	51.6898, 56.6813, 70.6118
YIQ	196.2630, -16.9180, -1.7660

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

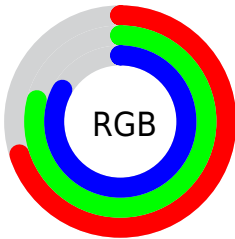
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	179, 193, 212
Decimal	11782868
CIELab	80.00, -5.67, -7.60
CIELCh	80, 9.480, 233.273
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2888, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289972948 (0xFFB3CAD4)
YUV	196.2630, 7.7583, -15.1397
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -9.1994, -2.9073

# Details

The CIELCh color `80, 9.480, 233.273` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `78, 10.338, 50.867`, and the grayscale version is `79, 0.010, 296.813`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `99, 6.851, 199.068`, and `60, 9.332, 231.966` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `77, 15.188, 234.360`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `83, 3.459, 232.478`.

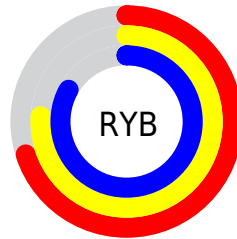
# Distribution



Red (70%)

Green (79%)

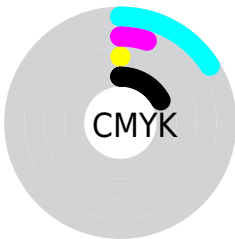
Blue (83%)



Red (70%)

Yellow (76%)

Blue (83%)

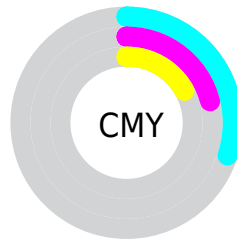


Cyan (16%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (17%)



Cyan (30%)

Magenta (21%)

Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 80, 9.480, 233.273

■ 80, 9.480, 233.273

■ 100, 9.480,  
233.273

■ 70, 9.480, 233.273

■ 60, 9.480, 233.273

■ 50, 9.480, 233.273

■ 40, 9.480, 233.273

■ 30, 9.480, 233.273

■ 20, 9.480, 233.273

■ 10, 9.480, 233.273

■ 0, 9.480, 233.273

■ 80, 9.480, 233.273

■ 80, 9.480, 233.273

77, 15.188,  
234.360

83, 3.459, 232.478

74, 20.512,  
235.769

86, 2.806, 51.445

71, 25.379,  
237.558

90, 9.258, 51.030

68, 29.725,  
239.811

92, 12.987, 58.267

66, 33.515,  
242.619

94, 13.747, 75.080

63, 36.754,  
246.065

95, 15.529, 88.994

61, 39.514,  
250.198

97, 18.020, 99.477

59, 41.944,  
254.985

99, 20.955,  
107.148

58, 43.018,

99, 21.642,  
108.538



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 9.480, 233.273



78, 10.338, 50.867

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 9.480, 233.273



80, 9.480, 283.273



80, 9.480, 53.273



80, 9.480, 103.273

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 9.480, 233.262



98, 3.618, 232.454



82, 17.253, 153.167



52, 2.465, 232.489



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



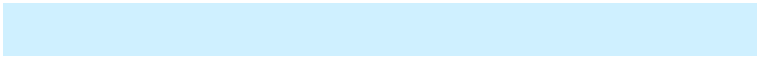


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 9.480, 233.262



93, 13.326, 233.629



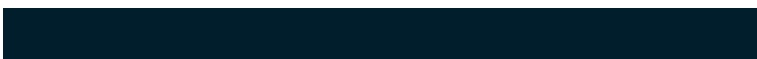
76, 14.366, 282.365



43, 3.533, 232.732



47, 36.343, 256.344



10, 13.237, 245.471



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 17.334, 335.469



88, 24.625, 335.741



82, 14.122, 98.615



42, 6.346, 335.017



38, 68.325, 344.975

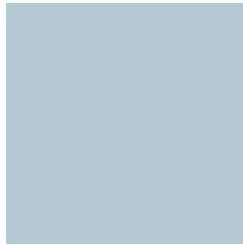


6, 26.411, 341.263



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

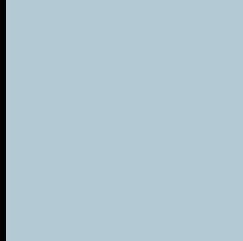
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

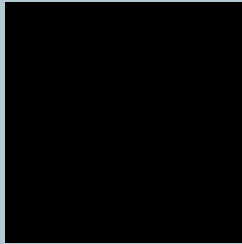
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

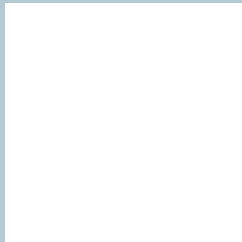
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 80, 9.480, 233.273

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 9.480, 233.273.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

80, 9.480, 233.273

**Protanopia**

80, 6.417, 293.953

**Deuteranopia**

80, 13.462, 319.796





**Tritanopia**  
80, 11.016, 249.997

# Trichromacy



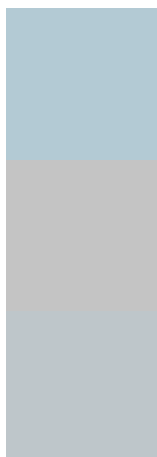
**Original Color**  
80, 9.480, 233.273

**Protanomaly**  
80, 6.460, 264.710

**Deuteranomaly**  
80, 9.151, 297.673

**Tritanomaly**  
80, 10.261, 245.881

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
80, 9.480, 233.273

**Achromatopsia**  
79, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
79, 3.553, 236.339

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 9.480, 233.273 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 202, 212)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 202, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 202, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 202, 212) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 9.480, 233.273 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 202, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 202, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 202, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 202, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 202, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 202,  
212) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 9.480, 233.273 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 202, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
202, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor