

Converting Colors

CIELCh(80, 9.964, 276.476)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(80, 9.964, 276.476) contains.

CIELCh(80, 10.367, 277.475)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(80, 10.367, 277.475)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BFC6D9
RGB	191, 198, 217
RGB Percent	75%, 78%, 85%
CMY	0.2497, 0.2222, 0.1477
CMYK	0.12, 0.09, 0.00, 0.15
HSL	224°, 26%, 80%
HSV	224°, 12%, 85%
XYZ	54.4024, 56.6813, 73.9432
YIQ	198.0730, -10.2710, 4.4250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

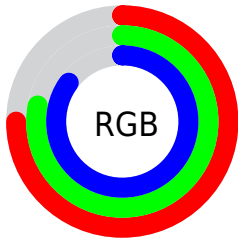
Format	Color
R_{YB}	191, 197, 217
Decimal	12568281
CIE Lab	80.00, 1.35, -10.28
CIE LCh	80, 10.367, 277.475
Yxy	56.6813, 0.2940, 0.3063
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290758361 (0xFFBFC6D9)
YUV	198.0730, 9.3310, -6.2030
Hunter-Lab	75.2870, -2.7681, -5.5308

Details

The CIELCh color $80, 10.367, 277.475$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84, 10.298, 94.457$, and the grayscale version is $80, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $99, 2.770, 199.469$, and $60, 10.432, 277.177$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $74, 19.243, 278.977$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $86, 1.692, 276.269$.

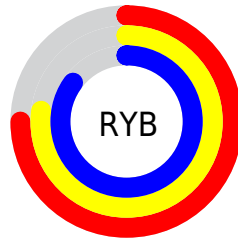
Distribution



Red (75%)

Green (78%)

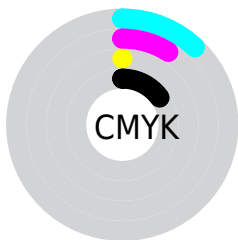
Blue (85%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (77%)

Blue (85%)

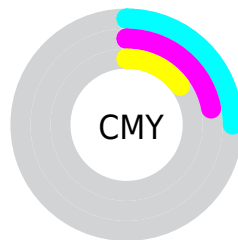


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (15%)



Cyan (25%)


Magenta (22%)


Yellow (15%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 80, 10.367,
277.475


 80, 10.367,
277.475


 100, 10.367,
277.475


 70, 10.367,
277.475


 60, 10.367,
277.475

 50, 10.367,
277.475

 40, 10.367,
277.475

 30, 10.367,
277.475

 20, 10.367,
277.475

 10, 10.367,

277.475

■ 0, 10.367, 277.475

■ 80, 10.367,
277.475

■ 80, 10.367,
277.475

■ 74, 19.243,
278.977

■ 86, 1.692, 276.269

■ 69, 28.338,
280.749

■ 91, 6.788, 94.991

■ 97, 14.945, 96.137

■ 63, 37.673,
282.821

■ 99, 19.044,
108.737

■ 57, 47.279,
285.227

■ 52, 57.186,
287.980

■ 47, 67.404,
291.052

■ 42, 77.858,
294.342

■ 37, 88.286,
297.663

■ 34, 96.301,
300.127

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



80, 10.367, 277.475



84, 10.298, 94.457

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



80, 10.367, 277.475



80, 10.367, 327.475



80, 10.367, 97.475



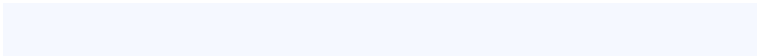
80, 10.367, 147.475

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



80, 10.366, 277.468



97, 3.917, 276.459



85, 10.070, 176.064



52, 2.785, 276.545



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



80, 10.366, 277.468



91, 13.839, 277.773



79, 14.100, 299.477



43, 4.941, 277.125



27, 80.151, 299.639



4, 24.128, 287.999

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 10.376, 359.237



91, 13.886, 359.477



86, 13.748, 117.848



43, 4.931, 358.961



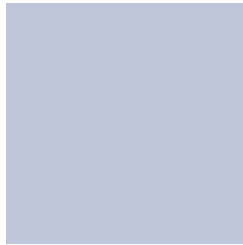
36, 66.595, 23.536



5, 23.831, 8.493

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

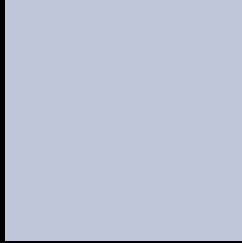
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

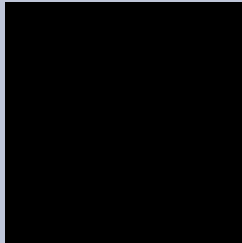
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 80, 10.367, 277.475

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475.

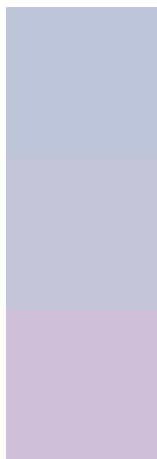


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 80, 10.367, 277.475.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

80, 10.367, 277.475

Protanopia

80, 10.132, 289.099

Deuteranopia

80, 14.430, 312.957



Tritanopia
80, 8.916, 272.631

Trichromacy



Original Color
80, 10.367, 277.475

Protanomaly
80, 10.168, 285.152

Deuteranomaly
80, 12.558, 302.588

Tritanomaly
80, 9.420, 273.729

Monochromacy



Original Color
80, 10.367, 277.475

Achromatopsia
80, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
80, 3.793, 279.592

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 80, 10.367, 277.475 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(191, 198, 217)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(191, 198, 217)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(191, 198, 217) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(191, 198, 217) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 80, 10.367, 277.475 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(191, 198, 217) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(191, 198, 217) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(191, 198, 217)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(191, 198, 217); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 198, 217);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(191, 198,  
217) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 80, 10.367, 277.475 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(191, 198, 217) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(191,  
198, 217) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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