

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 1.529, 184.593)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 1.529, 184.593) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 1.551, 179.661)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6CAC9
RGB	198, 202, 201
RGB Percent	78%, 79%, 79%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2078, 0.2117
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.00, 0.21
HSL	165°, 4%, 78%
HSV	165°, 2%, 79%
XYZ	54.9588, 58.4711, 63.6546
YIQ	200.6900, -2.0630, -1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

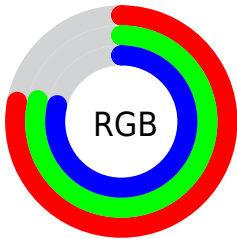
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 200, 202
Decimal	13028041
CIE Lab	81.00, -1.55, 0.01
CIE LCh	81, 1.551, 179.661
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3104, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291218121 (0xFFC6CAC9)
YUV	200.6900, 0.1528, -2.3591
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -5.5225, 4.1704

Details

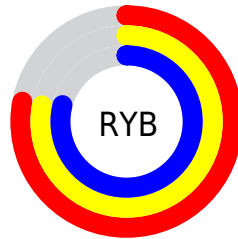
The CIELCh color $81, 1.551, 179.661$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $80, 1.571, 359.336$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.012, 296.813$, and $61, 1.644, 179.521$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79, 9.328, 178.426$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $83, 6.340, 0.089$.

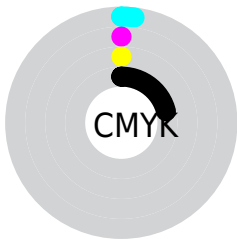
Distribution



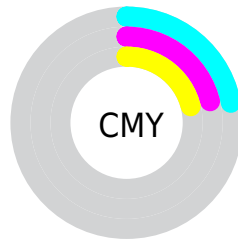
- Red (78%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (79%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (21%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 1.551, 179.661

■ 81, 1.551, 179.661

■ 100, 1.551,
179.661

■ 71, 1.551, 179.661

■ 61, 1.551, 179.661

■ 51, 1.551, 179.661

■ 41, 1.551, 179.661

■ 31, 1.551, 179.661

■ 21, 1.551, 179.661

■ 11, 1.551, 179.661

■ 1, 1.551, 179.661

■ 0, 1.551, 179.661

81, 1.551, 179.661

81, 1.551, 179.661

79, 9.328, 178.426

83, 6.340, 0.089

78, 16.882,
177.422

85, 14.268, 0.964

86, 20.888, 0.392

77, 24.099,
176.363

86, 21.810,
353.805

76, 30.849,
175.222

87, 23.011,
347.851

75, 37.001,
173.976

87, 24.448,
342.567

74, 42.437,
172.603

87, 26.082,
337.935

73, 47.068,
171.077

87, 27.877,
333.903

73, 50.853,
169.377

87, 29.803,

■ 73, 53.821,
167.489

330.405

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 1.551, 179.661



80, 1.571, 359.336

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 1.551, 179.661



81, 1.551, 229.661



81, 1.551, 359.661



81, 1.551, 49.661

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 1.553, 179.615



100, 0.945, 180.009



81, 2.383, 136.777



53, 0.537, 180.046



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 1.553, 179.615



100, 1.894, 179.603



81, 1.215, 223.925



43, 0.896, 179.641



60, 47.927, 166.203



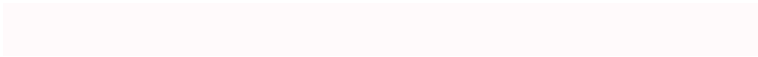
13, 16.707, 171.119

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 1.571, 359.336



99, 1.917, 359.348



80, 1.224, 42.899



43, 0.907, 359.310



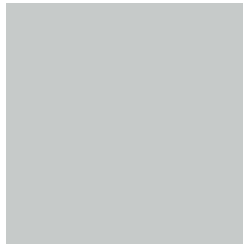
34, 64.992, 24.913



4, 18.368, 7.262

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

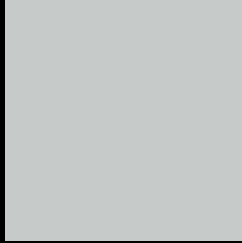
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

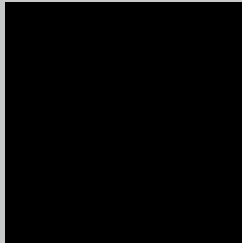
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

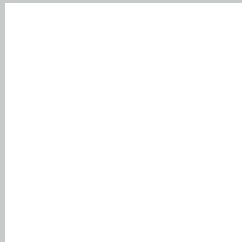
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 1.551, 179.661

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661.



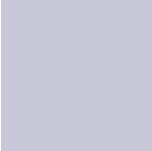
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 1.551, 179.661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 8.509, 290.936

Trichromacy



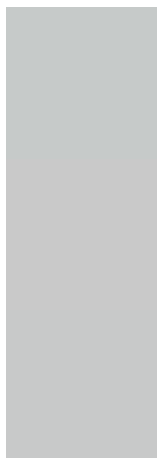
Original Color
81, 1.551, 179.661

Protanomaly
81, 0.633, 74.717

Deuteranomaly
81, 5.590, 357.486

Tritanomaly
81, 5.353, 283.003

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 1.551, 179.661

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 0.363, 200.903

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 1.551, 179.661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(198, 202, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(198, 202, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(198, 202, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(198, 202, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 1.551, 179.661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(198, 202, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(198, 202, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(198, 202, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(198, 202, 201); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 202, 201);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(198, 202,  
201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 1.551, 179.661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(198, 202, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(198,  
202, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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