

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 100.564, 40.015)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 100.564, 40.015)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(67, 64.895, 44.851)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF7E53
RGB	255, 126, 83
RGB Percent	100%, 49%, 33%
CMY	0.0016, 0.5072, 0.6758
CMYK	0.00, 0.51, 0.68, 0.00
HSL	15°, 100%, 66%
HSV	15°, 68%, 100%
XYZ	50.0514, 36.6320, 12.5511
YIQ	159.6690, 90.6870, 13.9750

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

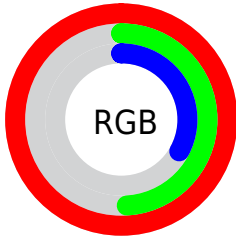
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	255, 140, 83
Decimal	16744019
CIE Lab	67.00, 46.01, 45.77
CIE LCh	67, 64.895, 44.851
Yxy	36.6320, 0.5044, 0.3691
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294934099 (0xFFFF7E53)
YUV	159.6690, -37.7978, 83.6053
Hunter-Lab	60.5244, 41.6952, 30.0720

# Details

The CIELCh color **67, 64.895, 44.851** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF9966**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **80, 38.484, 234.587**, and the grayscale version is **66, 0.008, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **80, 40.780, 58.036**, and **47, 64.817, 44.898** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **63, 76.546, 45.281**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **71, 53.386, 44.496**.

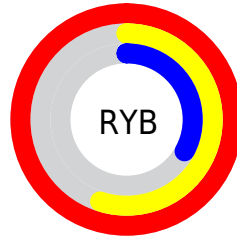
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (49%)

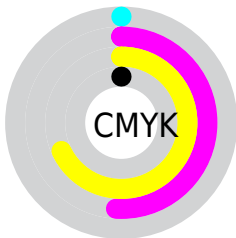
Blue (33%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (33%)

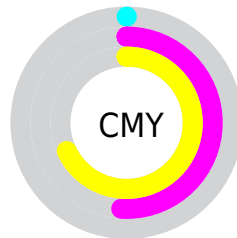


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (68%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (68%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



67, 64.895, 44.851

67, 64.895, 44.851

100, 64.895,  
44.851

57, 64.895, 44.851

87, 64.895, 44.851

47, 64.895, 44.851

97, 64.895, 44.851

37, 64.895, 44.851

27, 64.895, 44.851

17, 64.895, 44.851

7, 64.895, 44.851

0, 64.895, 44.851

67, 64.895, 44.851

67, 64.895, 44.851

63, 76.546, 45.281

71, 53.386, 44.496

60, 87.431, 45.483

76, 42.422, 44.303

57, 95.809, 44.855

80, 32.156, 44.285

57, 97.572, 44.688

85, 22.631, 44.421

91, 13.829, 44.675

96, 5.702, 44.981

100, 0.145,  
203.984

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



67, 64.895, 44.851



80, 38.484, 234.587

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



67, 64.895, 44.851



67, 64.895, 94.851



67, 64.895, 224.851



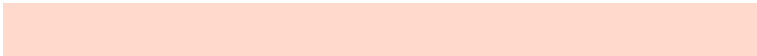
67, 64.895, 274.851

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



67, 64.893, 44.854



89, 15.965, 44.604



63, 83.254, 337.577



46, 11.018, 44.529



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



67, 64.893, 44.854



62, 80.595, 45.402



86, 66.939, 88.479



50, 4.349, 44.925



43, 78.200, 45.179



12, 29.249, 40.265





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 38.484, 234.587



77, 42.393, 238.991



56, 73.495, 290.960



51, 4.111, 226.012



56, 36.875, 246.370



18, 16.490, 240.004



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 67, 64.895, 44.851

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 67, 64.895, 44.851.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
67, 55.521, 21.520



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 64.895, 44.851

**Protanomaly**  
66, 41.696, 69.682

**Deuteranomaly**  
67, 51.736, 64.207

**Tritanomaly**  
67, 57.700, 31.274

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
67, 64.895, 44.851

**Achromatopsia**  
65, 0.008, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
65, 21.773, 44.759

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 67, 64.895, 44.851 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 126, 83)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 126, 83)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 126, 83) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 126, 83) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 67, 64.895, 44.851 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 126, 83) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 126, 83) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 126, 83)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 126, 83); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 126, 83);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 126,  
83) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 67, 64.895, 44.851 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 126, 83) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
126, 83) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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