

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 17.303, 195.177)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 17.303, 195.177)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(81, 17.397, 194.651)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A0D3D1
RGB	160, 211, 209
RGB Percent	63%, 83%, 82%
CMY	0.3737, 0.1737, 0.1816
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.01, 0.17
HSL	178°, 37%, 73%
HSV	178°, 24%, 83%
XYZ	49.1298, 58.4711, 68.8237
YIQ	195.5230, -29.7540, -11.4340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

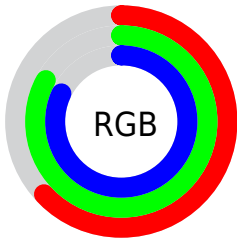
Format	Color
RYB	160, 186, 211
Decimal	10539985
CIELab	81.00, -16.83, -4.40
CIELCh	81, 17.397, 194.651
Yxy	58.4711, 0.2785, 0.3314
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288730065 (0xFFA0D3D1)
YUV	195.5230, 6.6442, -31.1537
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -19.1295, 0.1624

Details

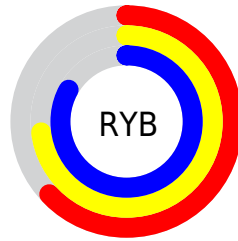
The CIELCh color **81, 17.397, 194.651** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **70, 20.206, 18.205**, and the grayscale version is **79, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 13.092, 198.632**, and **61, 17.191, 195.990** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80, 23.721, 194.042**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82, 10.510, 195.286**.

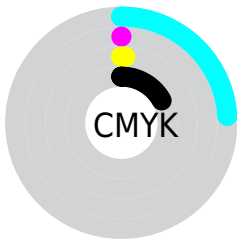
Distribution



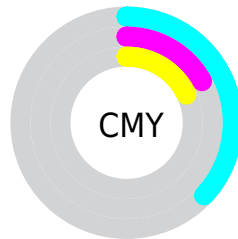
- Red (63%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (17%)





- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 81, 17.397,
194.651


 81, 17.397,
194.651


 100, 17.397,
194.651


 71, 17.397,
194.651

 61, 17.397,
194.651

 51, 17.397,
194.651

 41, 17.397,
194.651

 31, 17.397,
194.651

 21, 17.397,
194.651

 11, 17.397,

194.651

■ 1, 17.397, 194.651

■ 0, 17.397, 194.651

■ 81, 17.397,
194.651

■ 81, 17.397,
194.651

■ 80, 23.721,
194.042

■ 82, 10.510,
195.286

■ 79, 29.355,
193.466

■ 84, 3.181, 196.047

■ 85, 4.475, 16.395

■ 78, 34.186,
192.913

■ 87, 12.355, 17.140

■ 78, 38.125,
192.380

■ 88, 16.533, 16.796

■ 77, 41.123,

■ 88, 16.541, 15.318

191.858

88, 16.562, 13.842

77, 43.184,
191.337

88, 16.593, 12.372

77, 44.379,
190.805

88, 16.636, 10.908

77, 44.809,
190.492

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 17.397, 194.651



70, 20.206, 18.205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 17.397, 194.651



81, 17.397, 244.651



81, 17.397, 14.651



81, 17.397, 64.651

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 17.398, 194.646



99, 6.151, 195.790



80, 32.605, 141.605



53, 3.991, 195.743



0, 0.000, 0.000



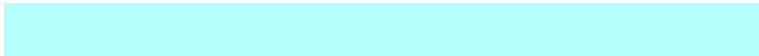
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 17.398, 194.646



95, 23.918, 194.334



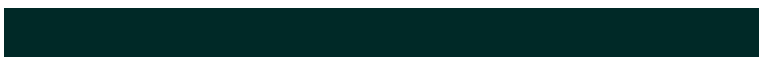
75, 15.327, 253.259



43, 4.222, 195.616



62, 37.886, 190.580



14, 14.391, 191.677

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



70, 20.206, 18.205



81, 28.776, 18.825



76, 16.703, 67.029



41, 4.461, 16.749



35, 74.831, 38.252



4, 20.019, 17.636

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

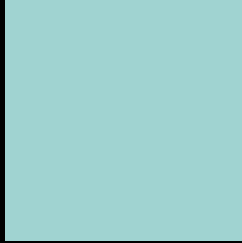
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

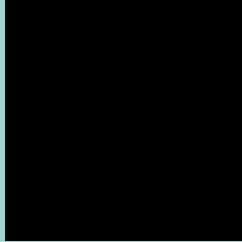
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

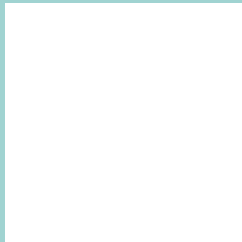
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 17.397, 194.651

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651.

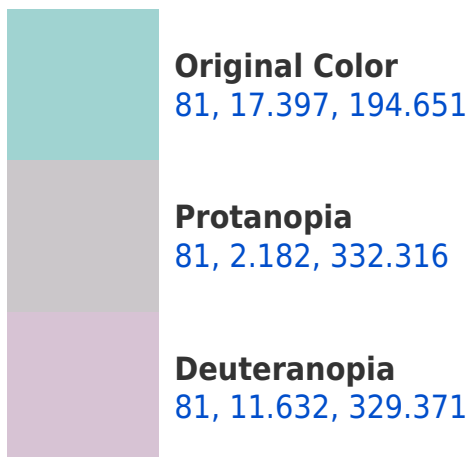


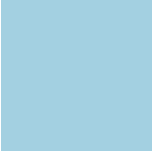
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 17.397, 194.651.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

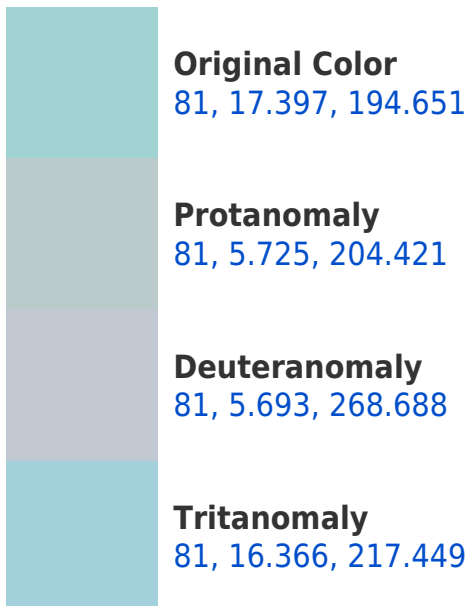
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
81, 17.066, 230.686

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 17.397, 194.651 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(160, 211, 209)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(160, 211, 209)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(160, 211, 209) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(160, 211, 209) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 17.397, 194.651 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(160, 211, 209) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(160, 211, 209) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(160, 211, 209)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(160, 211, 209); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 211, 209);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(160, 211,  
209) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 17.397, 194.651 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(160, 211, 209) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(160,  
211, 209) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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