

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 19.790, 20.076)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(81, 19.790, 20.076) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(81, 19.582, 20.967)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0BDBD
RGB	240, 189, 189
RGB Percent	94%, 74%, 74%
CMY	0.0596, 0.2595, 0.2596
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.21, 0.06
HSL	0°, 63%, 84%
HSV	0°, 21%, 94%
XYZ	63.1901, 58.4711, 55.9934
YIQ	204.2490, 30.3960, 10.8120

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

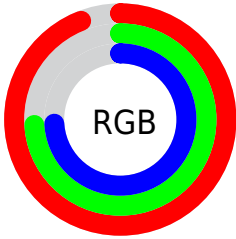
Format	Color
RYB	240, 189, 189
Decimal	15777213
CIELab	81.00, 18.29, 7.01
CIELCh	81, 19.582, 20.967
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3557, 0.3291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293967293 (0xFFFF0BDBD)
YUV	204.2490, -7.5178, 31.3536
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, 13.6923, 10.1107

# Details

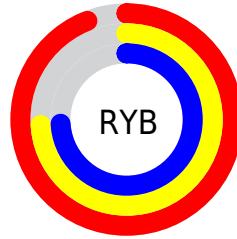
The CIELCh color **81, 19.582, 20.967** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **91, 16.997, 198.333**, and the grayscale version is **82, 0.010, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97, 3.545, 19.458**, and **61, 19.683, 19.837** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75, 29.907, 22.100**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87, 9.969, 20.088**.

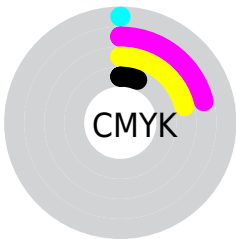
# Distribution



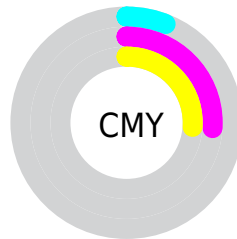
- Red (94%)
- Green (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (74%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (26%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



81, 19.582, 20.967

81, 19.582, 20.967

100, 19.582,  
20.967

71, 19.582, 20.967

61, 19.582, 20.967

51, 19.582, 20.967

41, 19.582, 20.967

31, 19.582, 20.967

21, 19.582, 20.967

11, 19.582, 20.967

1, 19.582, 20.967

0, 19.582, 20.967

81, 19.582, 20.967

81, 19.582, 20.967

75, 29.907, 22.100

87, 9.969, 20.088

69, 40.884, 23.569

94, 1.075, 18.901

64, 52.347, 25.489

99, 5.230, 199.201

59, 64.017, 27.973

55, 75.495, 31.073

52, 86.197, 34.636

51, 94.950, 38.001

50, 99.821, 40.001

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 19.582, 20.967



91, 16.997, 198.333

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 19.582, 20.967



81, 19.582, 70.967



81, 19.582, 200.967



81, 19.582, 250.967

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 19.580, 20.974



96, 5.467, 19.663



82, 32.353, 325.603



51, 3.636, 19.718



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 19.580, 20.974



82, 25.640, 21.481



87, 16.557, 72.761



47, 4.992, 19.944



38, 81.702, 39.996



8, 29.835, 23.810





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91, 16.997, 198.333



96, 21.480, 198.101



85, 15.641, 258.540



49, 4.701, 198.973



68, 39.153, 196.398

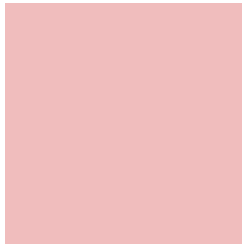


21, 17.092, 196.396



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

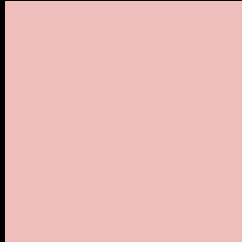
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 81, 19.582, 20.967

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967.

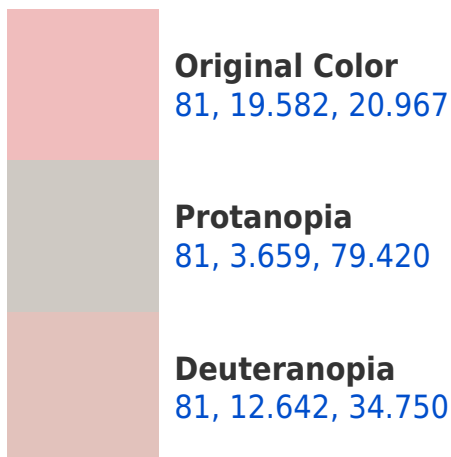


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 19.582, 20.967.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

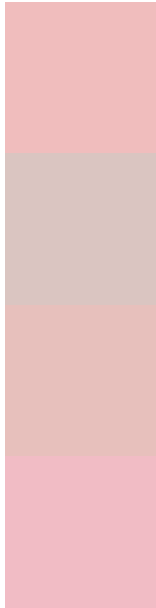




**Tritanopia**  
81, 21.516, 1.201



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 19.582, 20.967

**Protanomaly**  
81, 8.175, 34.885

**Deuteranomaly**  
81, 15.103, 28.534

**Tritanomaly**  
81, 20.559, 7.821

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
81, 19.582, 20.967

**Achromatopsia**  
82, 0.010, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
81, 7.075, 19.877

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 19.582, 20.967 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 189, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 189, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 189, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 189, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 19.582, 20.967 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 189, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 189, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 189, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 189, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 189, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 189,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 19.582, 20.967 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 189, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
189, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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