

Converting Colors

CIELCh(81, 2.954, 256.105)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(81, 2.954, 256.105) contains.

CIELCh(81, 2.765, 249.829)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(81, 2.765, 249.829)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C5CACE
RGB	197, 202, 206
RGB Percent	77%, 79%, 81%
CMY	0.2280, 0.2084, 0.1927
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	207°, 8%, 79%
HSV	207°, 4%, 81%
XYZ	55.1957, 58.4711, 66.6754
YIQ	200.9610, -4.2640, 0.1840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

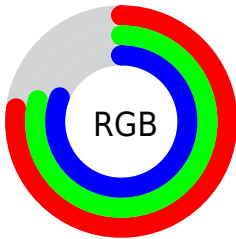
Format	Color
RYB	197, 200, 206
Decimal	12962510
CIELab	81.00, -0.95, -2.60
CIElCh	81, 2.765, 249.829
Yxy	58.4711, 0.3061, 0.3242
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291152590 (0xFFC5CACE)
YUV	200.9610, 2.4842, -3.4738
Hunter-Lab	76.4664, -4.9696, 1.8282

Details

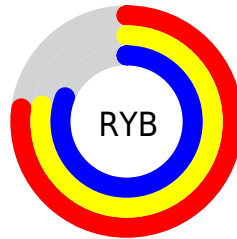
The CIELCh color $81, 2.765, 249.829$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81, 2.792, 68.491$, and the grayscale version is $81, 0.010, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100, 0.347, 201.292$, and $61, 2.920, 249.966$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77, 8.991, 251.002$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $85, 3.568, 68.409$.

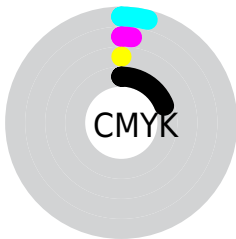
Distribution



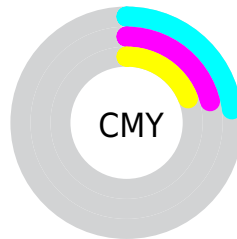
- Red (77%)
- Green (79%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (77%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (23%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 81, 2.765, 249.829

■ 81, 2.765, 249.829

■ 100, 2.765,
249.829

■ 71, 2.765, 249.829

■ 61, 2.765, 249.829

■ 51, 2.765, 249.829

■ 41, 2.765, 249.829

■ 31, 2.765, 249.829

■ 21, 2.765, 249.829

■ 11, 2.765, 249.829

■ 1, 2.765, 249.829

■ 0, 2.765, 249.829

81, 2.765, 249.829

81, 2.765, 249.829

77, 8.991, 251.002

85, 3.568, 68.409

73, 15.075,
252.569

89, 9.974, 67.551

70, 20.980,
254.469

93, 15.509, 70.501

95, 17.797, 88.329

66, 26.671,
256.764

97, 21.361,
101.027

62, 32.130,
259.521

99, 24.807,
108.296

59, 37.361,
262.800

55, 42.407,
266.630

52, 47.355,
270.981

■ 49, 52.331,
275.729

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



81, 2.765, 249.829



81, 2.792, 68.491

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



81, 2.765, 249.829



81, 2.765, 299.829



81, 2.765, 69.829



81, 2.765, 119.829

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



81, 2.764, 249.787



100, 0.760, 249.891



82, 4.265, 159.982



53, 0.432, 249.919



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

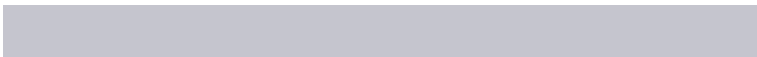
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



81, 2.764, 249.787



98, 3.758, 249.850



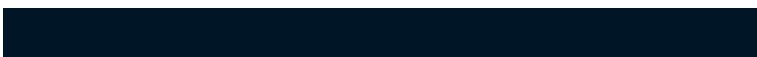
80, 4.484, 287.837



42, 2.133, 249.907



39, 46.353, 277.581



6, 14.115, 265.565

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80, 4.263, 341.003



97, 5.803, 341.069



82, 4.431, 106.905



41, 3.298, 341.123



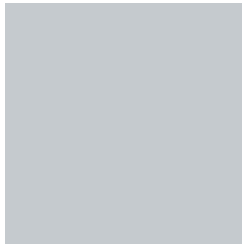
36, 62.307, 356.475



4, 20.539, 349.986

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

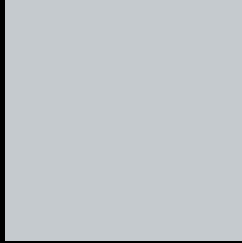
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

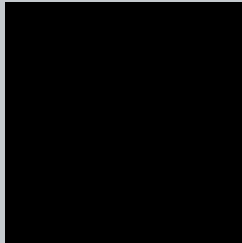
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

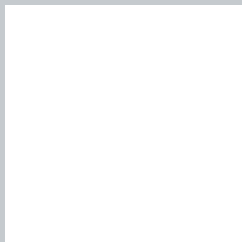
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 81, 2.765, 249.829

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 81, 2.765, 249.829.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

81, 2.765, 249.829

Protanopia

81, 2.892, 312.530

Deuteranopia

81, 10.595, 343.328



Tritanopia
81, 8.511, 288.561

Trichromacy



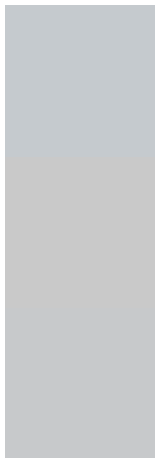
Original Color
81, 2.765, 249.829

Protanomaly
81, 2.132, 290.397

Deuteranomaly
81, 7.156, 331.974

Tritanomaly
81, 5.927, 280.340

Monochromacy



Original Color
81, 2.765, 249.829

Achromatopsia
81, 0.010, 296.813

Achromatomaly
81, 1.284, 255.946

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 81, 2.765, 249.829 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(197, 202, 206)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(197, 202, 206)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(197, 202, 206) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(197, 202, 206) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 81, 2.765, 249.829 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(197, 202, 206) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(197, 202, 206) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(197, 202, 206)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(197, 202, 206); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 202, 206);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(197, 202,  
206) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 81, 2.765, 249.829 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(197, 202, 206) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(197,  
202, 206) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor